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THE TIMES

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THE TIMES

Tomorrow

Fashion forecast
A bright outlook for winter, with practical coats cut big and loose

Star wars
As science fiction becomes fact, can the arms race be halted?

Vietnam replayed
Were the casualty figures fiddled?

Talking Turkey
Stuart Jones reports from Istanbul on England's World Cup preparations

Portfolio

The Times Portfolio competition weekly £20,000 prize was shared by four winners yesterday. Mr Ernest Wragg, of Downend, Bristol; Mrs Barbara Page-Phillips, of Bungay, Suffolk; Mrs Nancy Butler, of Bowchalke, Salisbury; and Mrs Mary Howard, of Sevenoaks. Each receive £5,000. The daily £2,000 prize was won by Mr William Mann, of Cheam.

Portfolio list, page 16; rules and how to play, information service, back page.

Cenotaph wreaths checked

Security at the Remembrance Day service at the Cenotaph in Whitehall was the most stringent ever, with even the wreaths checked for explosives, and everyone allowed within a hundred yards of the Royal Family being searched. Armed police scanned the crowd through binoculars Back Page

MPs press for Ethiopia aid

Three British MPs intend to press the Government for long-term substantial aid for Ethiopia where they have just visited some of the worst-affected famine areas Page 8

Ustinov fears

Speculation that Marshal Ustinov, the Defence Minister, had died, fuelled by the unexplained playing of solemn music on the radio, subsided when normality apparently returned to Moscow Page 5

Merger intent

The Alliance and Leicester building societies will today announce plans to merge by the middle of next year, creating Britain's fourth largest building society Page 17

Synod meeting

The Church of England's General Synod starts its autumn meeting tomorrow. Clifford Longley, Religious Affairs Correspondent, looks at how it works and what it will discuss Pages 4, 12

Poland's title

The World Bridge Olympiad in Seattle ended with Poland winning the final against France, the 1980 champions. In the women's final, Britain lost to the US Page 8

Day prisoners

The proposed day imprisonment sentence would be suitable for some drink-driving offenders and mothers, the Magistrates' Association says Page 3

Hateley blow

Mark Hateley, the England footballer, injured his knee in an Italian league game and will be out of action for six weeks. He thus misses England's World Cup tie against Turkey on Wednesday Page 22

Lawson to offer tax cuts and optimism to MPs

By David Smith, Economics Correspondent

The Chancellor's autumn economic statement, to be presented to the Commons this afternoon, will be optimistic in tone.

Mr Nigel Lawson is also expected to announce room for tax cuts in the Budget – but they will be smaller than originally planned.

The Chancellor will argue that public expenditure is still firmly under control; that the economy will grow strongly next year and that the rate of inflation is still heading downwards.

But the Treasury has been forced to concede a higher public expenditure total, £132b against £131.6b reserve for contingencies.

The target for 1985/86 planned in February *1983* was £132.3b.

The main increases over other plans will be social security and local authority spending. External financing *limits for nationalized industries* will be reassessed in the light of the miners' strike, and the changes in corporation tax and capital allowances announced in the last Budget.

For consumers, the statement's main impact will be on fuel prices, prescription charges and water rates. Gas and electricity prices are set to increase by just under 5 per cent next year, prescription charges 20p, to £1.80, and water rates by an average of 12 per cent.

National Insurance contributions, however, are unlikely to be raised. Although unemployment has risen faster than the Government assumed, which would normally argue for an increase in employees' national insurance contributions, the growth in wages has also exceeded official forecasts.

The national insurance *remains in balance, and the only* action from the Chancellor will be to raise earnings limits in line with inflation from £34 per week at the lower end and £250 at the upper.

The "implied fiscal adjustment", or tax cuts figure for March, is likely to be reduced to £1bn to £1.5bn, from the £2bn contained in current plans.

The main element of the Treasury's public expenditure targets new economic forecast, which will accompany the *statement, will be a significant* rebound in economic activity from the effects of the miners' strike.

In common with private forecasters, the Treasury will assume that the strike is over by the end of 1984. The economy will be forecast to grow by about 3 per cent in 1985, compared with about 2.5 per cent in 1984.

Inflation is likely to be forecast at about 4.5 per cent in 1985, compared with a probable average of 4.8 per cent this year. That should reach 4 per cent by the fourth quarter of 1985.

However, Mr Lawson will give a warning that the rise in wages remains too high.

The balance of payments, again affected by the miners' strike, will be forecast to bounce back from a deficit of about £1bn this year, to a surplus of £1bn in 1985.

The public sector borrowing *requirement will be set at £7bn* for next year, as in existing plans, from £8.5bn in 1984/85.

Autumn statements, second only to the Budget in the economic calendar, are gradually taking on the appearance of a "green" Budget. This year, in view of the likely announcement of a further shift from income to expenditure taxes in the Budget, the Treasury may provide simulations of the *effects of extending value-added-tax.*

Julian Haviland writes: MPs *are unlikely to be told what cuts* there will be in overseas aid programme and other parts of the Foreign Office budget.

Total provision in cash terms for 1985-86 on overseas aid and services is to be unchanged, at £2,500m, from the figure projected in last February's public expenditure White Paper. But some cuts in programmes are inevitable because of the high rate of inflation in the cost of goods and services overseas and the reduced buying power of sterling.

Last night no decisions had been made by the Foreign and

Continued on back page, col 4

Bus fleets wait to take miners back

By David Felton, Labour Correspondent

The National Coal Board is *mounting a concerted effort* today to accelerate the return to work, with area managements *laying on fleets of buses to take* miners through picket lines.

The board is anxious to maintain last week's momentum, when a record 2,200 strikers went back, although there is considerable scepticism on both sides of the industry and in Whitehall over claims that the strike is crumbling.

Senior TUC figures and coal board officials are pessimistic about the prospects for any new initiative for a re-opening of negotiation and appear reconciled to the strike, which today enters its 36th week, going on well into the New Year.

Although NCB officials are dampening expectations of a much larger return to work this week, it is clear that pit managers and area directors last week set in train a major propaganda campaign which they are hoping will now bear fruit.

Mr Peter Walker, Secretary of State for Energy, said yesterday that the future of the coal industry depended on a quick return to work.

In Yorkshire, area officials claim that around 1,000 striking miners have told the board they want to get back to work, while buses are being laid on to take miners into all of the 28 south *Wales collieries. In Scotland,* local managers are hoping to increase the number of miners working, now 470 out of a total of 12,000.

Overall, last week's drift back appeared to be faltering, with *the exception of the north* Derbyshire coalfield, where numbers returning were fairly consistent. According to coal board figures 50,062 miners, or 28.4 per cent of the country's 176,000 miners were at work at the end of the week. NUM officials dispute this and said that only 10 per cent of the union's membership was working.

All parties are waiting to see the scale of the return to work by Monday next, which is the deadline for returning miners to be able to earn up to £1,200 gross in wages, allowances and bonus payments before Christmas.

Meanwhile the NUM leadership continues its tour of the country addressing packed rallies in major centres, with the latest meeting in Newcastle last night.

The High Court in London will be the scene today for attempts by working miners from several parts of the country to seek injunctions preventing union officials from spending union funds on unlawful picketing.

Austin says jobs and pay at risk

By David Felton
Labour Correspondent

Austin Rover management has given a warning in a letter due to arrive today at the home of more than 20,000 strikers that unless there is a return the company will consider cutting the pay offer, and in the closing plants with consequent job losses.

The hard-line letter from the company's four operations managers at the Cowley and Longbridge plants will drop through letterboxes at the start of the second week of the strike during which Austin Rover will return to the High Court to seek contempt of court proceedings against six unions which are defying injunctions ordering them to hold ballots.

The management will also decide today whether to appeal against the private High Court ruling on Thursday that the disowning of the strike by the Amalgamated Union of Engineering workers was sufficient to remove responsibility from the union nationally.

The letter to more than 20,000 of the 28,000 workforce, which Austin Rover reports are still on strike, says: "This strike will not force the company to improve its offer and you should be in no doubt that if the strike continues we shall be forced to face up to a painful decision which would lead to a

Continued on back page, col 2



Igor Rykhov followed by Oleg Khlan on their way to the Aeroflot flight to Leningrad yesterday.

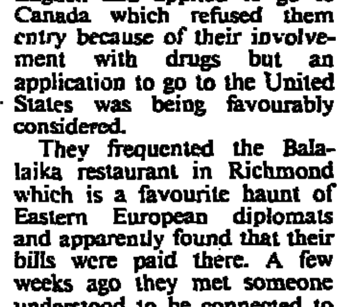
Russian deserters fly back to an uncertain future

By Richard Dowden

The two Russian soldiers who deserted in Afghanistan and were brought to Britain earlier this year, returned to the Soviet Union yesterday leaving their sponsors and the Russian exile community fearing for their safety and mystified about their motives.

In an extraordinarily open and confident move the Soviet Embassy allowed British officials to interview the men before they left, though, at the soldier's request, the Russian consul was present.

The two men, Mr Igor Rykhov, aged 22, and Mr Oleg Khlan, aged 21, left just after 2



Lord Bethell: Sponsored the two men

pm for Leningrad on a flight which had been delayed for an hour for them. They were escorted to the plane by Soviet officials but the Embassy said none accompanied them on the flight.

Earlier the Foreign Office *arranged for the men to be* interviewed by British officials and the Home Office issued a statement saying that it was satisfied the two men were returning to the Soviet Union of their own free will, although in theory they face the death penalty for desertion.

But Lord Bethell, Conservative Member of the European Parliament for London North-West, who sponsored the two men to come to Britain, said that they were "victims of moral blackmail".

He said that the Soviet authorities had played on their homesickness by arranging for letters and photographs to be sent from their families.

Russian exiles who knew Mr Rykhov and Mr Khlan in London said that they had *never settled here. They had* arrived in June, having been captured by Afghan guerrillas after deserting from the Russian army the previous July. Mr Khlan was already a drug addict and both men were given opium by their captors.

After a week in the Charter private drug clinic in Chelsea, they moved to the Oxfordshire home of a Russian exile. Then they came back to London to the Acton home of Ukrainian couple, Mr and Mrs Bondarenko. But, although cured of drug addiction, the men drank heavily, as much as a bottle of vodka a day, according to a close friend, and were receiving regular psychiatric treatment.

They got odd jobs decorating but never began to master English and applied to go to Canada which refused them entry because of their involvement with drugs but an application to go to the United States was being favourably considered.

They frequented the Balalaika restaurant in Richmond which is a favourite haunt of Eastern European diplomats and apparently found that their bills were paid there. A few weeks ago they met someone understood to be connected to *the Soviet Embassy. He lived in* Notting Hill Gate and succeeded in winning their confidence.

When Mrs Svetlana Peters, Stalin's daughter, returned to the Soviet Union with her citizenship restored last week, Mr Rykhov and Mr Khlan were reported to have said to Mrs Bordarenko if Mrs Peters could go back with impunity they might be well-treated as well.

On Thursday morning Mr Rykhov received a letter from *his wife* and a picture of the three-year-old daughter he has never seen. He is reported to have burst into tears and both spent the day talking about their families. They contacted the man they had met in the Balalaika restaurant and last Friday got up early and left the house before 9.15 am.

Mrs Bordarenko is reported to have said "You shouldn't contact that man without telling *your friends." But they had said* "No. It's all right, we are coming back."

Diary, page 12

Dublin fury over stalling charge on bomb suspect

From Richard Ford, Belfast

The Dublin Government was last night furious over leaks from London that its authorities were stalling in attempts to detain a woman named by Scotland Yard as an alleged Provisional IRA bomber.

The extreme anger of the republic's coalition brought urgent telephone consultations between the British and Irish attorneys general resulting in Sir Michael Havers issuing a five-point rebuttal of a report in *The Sunday Times described in* Dublin as "vicious and slanted".

Sir Michael, who was described as "raging" over the report, issued his statement after it was made clear that unless it was forthcoming, Dr Garret Fitzgerald, the Irish Prime Minister, would "go public" on the affair.

Sir Michael's statement was welcomed by the Irish Government and is regarded as a complete vindication of the Irish police force and authorities.

The swift reaction by both Governments appears to have headed off a controversy between the two countries but the report was being described as "irresponsible in the extreme" and "the most scandalous" for some time, particularly as it is understood no warrant has been received for the extradition of the other suspect, John Downey, who is allegedly wanted in connexion with the Hyde Park and Regent's Park bombings.

Mrs Margaret Thatcher and her senior colleagues were not disguising their anger at the report, with sources claiming it had damaged the process of justice. In Dublin police were blaming Scotland Yard for blundering by leaking the name of Miss Evelyn Glenholmes, aged 26, unemployed, who is wanted in connexion with five bomb attacks in London during 1981. The police were last night hunting for the Belfast woman who has disappeared from a council house on an estate in the border town of Dundalk, co Louth.

Although the report in *The Sunday Times* has not harmed relations between the two countries, it has raised suspicions in the republic that attempts are deliberately being made to damage the Anglo-Irish processs before a summit meeting later this month.

Another theory is that someone is trying to shift public attention away from Scotland Yard in the wake of the Brighton bombing and put the blame on the Irish security forces and their alleged reluctance to help British authorities. But in Dublin it was being pointed out that for any one to be extradited to Britain, there must be a prima facie case and that there is no extradition for questioning alone.

Mr Charles Haughey, leader of the opposition, critized recent extraditions from the republic to Northern Ireland, saying that the police and courts there had been totally discredited. Any attempt to extradite a person from the republic would probably take up to a year as the case would go to the High Court and possibly finally the Supreme Court.

The Sunday Times report said Miss Glenholmes was an alleged Provisional IRA bomber but the republic's police force had refused to arrest another terror suspect, that a warrant for Miss Glenholmes' arrest and extradition had been found by the Dublin authorities to have an "error" in it and that the Irish seemed to be stalling.

It is understood in Dublin that the mistake may have been *the spelling of her name but in* his statement Sir Michael denied the republic's police had refused to arrest the other suspect and said the warrant for the extradition of Miss Glenholmes had gone to Dublin last Wednesday after negotiations and that the process took time because it was important there were no loopholes.

He added that suggestions that there was undue delay by the Irish were without foundation and that implied politi-

Continued on back page, col 5

Police killing of woman aged 67 causes outcry

From Trevor Fishlock, New York

Eleanor Bumpurs, a fat, sad, sick old woman of 67, was behind with her rent and the *New York Housing Authority* ordered her out.

In went the police, six men *specially trained to deal with* difficult cases. Two of them punched a hole in her door and four went in with riot shields, gas masks, bulletproof vests, teargas and a restraining device, like a large pitchfork, to pin Mrs Bumpurs to the wall. One had a shotgun.

Mrs Bumpurs, who lived alone, weighed 21 stone and had arthritis, picked up a kitchen knife and, according to the police, lunged with it. One of the officers shot her twice with the shotgun.

The death of Mrs Bumpus, who was black, has raised a furious outcry, especially in the Bronx, where she lived. A grand jury is investigating the killing.

The police say that what happened was "within department guidelines". These were established five years ago after five policemen fired 21 bullets into a deranged man who was waving a pair of scissors.

Nicaragua given no respite

From Nicholas Ashford, Washington

The latest war of words between Washington and Managua subsided over the weekend after US officials conceded that Nicaragua had not after all received a consignment of MiG fighters from the Soviet Union.

However, US officials emphasized yesterday that the Reagan administration would continue to intensify diplomatic and military pressure on the left-wing Nicaraguan government.

Although the Soviet cargo ship the arrival of which at the Nicaraguan port of Corinto last week triggered off the latest crisis, was not carrying advanced aircraft, it has unloaded large quantities of other military equipment.

Its cargo has added to a growing list of sophisticated weaponry, including helicopters and missiles which Nicaragua has received from Soviet block countries in recent weeks.

While conceding that most of this equipment is defensive, US officials feels that Nicaragua's possession of such quantities of armaments could upset the balance of power.

The crisis has served the administration in two ways.

It has enabled the United States to send a clear signal to Nicaragua and the Soviet Union that it will not stand and watch the Sandinista Government accumulate an arsenal of sophisticated weaponry.

● NEW YORK: Nicaragua was seeking over the weekend to mount international pressure on the United States at the UN Security Council

In taking its complaint claiming that the United States was preparing to invade to the council, Nicaragua is hoping to persuade America's allies to intercede on Nicaragua's behalf.

Nicaraguan officials firmly believe that the United States would have staged an invasion several times over by now if it had not been for strong international protests

Ortega reaction, page 6
Letters, page 13

India impressed by Rajiv's dignity and leadership

From Michael Hamlyn, Delhi

Mr Rajiv Gandhi took a flight to the roof of the world yesterday, and above the serene majesty of the Himalayas scattered his mother's ashes into the snow.

As he did so, and as he contemplated the end of the period of mourning which will come today, he can feel some mild satisfaction at the way he has been able to take command of the country.

The appalling festival of mindless cruelty inflicted on the Sikhs has died away, and there has so far been no sign of a backlash against Hindus in the Sikh majority state of Punjab.

The Prime Minister moved swiftly to bring the Army into action, and has already cleared out those officers responsible for the dire dereliction of the Delhi police. The Lieutenant Governor responsible for the administration of the union territory of Delhi police chief, Mr S C Tandon, was dispatched. His transfer and replacement were reported yesterday.

The director and deputy director of the country's intelligence bureau were sacked, and the entire security staff surrounding the Prime Minister disbanded. Their places have been taken by tough red-bereted para-commandos.

The new Prime Minister has also won praise for his determination to get to the bottom of reports that functionaries and legislators of his party, Congress (I), instigated or were involved in the violence of last week. In seeking to clear his party's name he has taken a stand contradicting what some other leaders have said in the past few days, and what many people expected.

The Tribune, an English language newspaper, published in Chandigarh, the capital of Punjab, noted approvingly: "Mr Rajiv Gandhi has so far shown himself to be a stickler for norms and proper conduct."

Another newspaper, Calcutta-based *The Statesman*, has conducted a survey of attitudes to Mr Gandhi in four key states – Maharashtra, Karnataka, Punjab and Haryana – and finds that his attitudes and demeanour have greatly improved the standing of his party in the eyes of the public.

According to *The Statesman* a vast majority of people questioned by their reporters are of the view that from what they have seen so far "he promises to shape up as a better Prime Minister than any other person they can think of".

"Many feel", *The Statesman* continues, "that what he lacks in experience is amply made up by his *disciplined approach* to things and his maturity. Others see him as one who is his own man with a distinctive presence."

The Statesman survey quotes a number of politicians in the five states as saying that the prospects of Congress for reelection have taken a sharply upward turn since Mr Gandhi took over.

Punjab peace, page 4

Government accused of shunning courts to force pit confrontation

From Tim Jones, Cardiff

Unpublished documents compiled by senior church leaders in Wales claim that the Government has refused to use its own legislation in the miners' dispute because it expects to gain a greater prize by direct confrontation.

The documents formed the basis of a report submitted to the Council of Churches for Wales by its industrial committee, which claims that government policies are leading Britain down the road of "manace". It continues: "The menace is that of continued social division, sustained by growing authoritarianism and threats to democracy and civil liberties."

Th council represents the Church in Wales, the Methodists, the Presbyterians, the United Reformed Church, both Baptist unions, the Union of Welsh Independents and the Salvation Army.

When it met last month, the council adopted most of the points made in the documents which indicate that most church leaders in the principality support the miners' union in its dispute with the National Coal Board.

The document states that many interests are trying to exploit the opportunity which the dispute gives them to further their own cause.

"The Government itself is doing this: starting from the overt position that the power of the unions must be curtailed, and then passing legislation to this effect, it has nevertheless preferred to exercise a more covert influence on the dispute while purporting to distance itself from it."

The industrial committee's original draft document says that the Government's decision not to use its own industrial legislation indicates a dangerous trend to elevate industrial disputes into matters of political principle.

The document, highlighted by HTV's *Wales This Week* programme, states that the argument for the secret ballot has been distorted.

"It is no longer a strategy for the defeat of corruption but has been cast as the symbol of democracy – by some of the least democratic elements in society."

The document says there is no doubt that as the dispute continues the exercise of political power is becoming the central issue for both Government and unions, and the crucial debate about energy resources and future levels of consumption is being forgotten.

"As we believe the Government's commitment to nuclear power is a direct consequence of the reliance on nuclear weapons, we find we have returned to the most dangerous trend of all. Who will argue, if the miners are smashed, the case for conservation and for the equitable distribution of world resources?"

How Nato avoids risk of 'own goals'

By Rodney Cowton
Defence Correspondent

After a decade of study and anguish, Nato is about to commit itself to spending hundreds of millions of pounds on an electronic age equivalent to the traditional infantryman's challenge: Halt, Who goes there, friend or foe?

When applied to air warfare, one of its primary purposes would be to remove the present danger of air defences shooting down friendly aircraft.

As weapon speeds and range increase it becomes increasingly important to have a foolproof identification, friend or foe (IFF) system.

That applies in principle to land, sea, and air warfare, but the problem is particularly acute in the air where aircraft may approach each other at combined speeds of more than 1,000mph, and where missiles are fired at ranges of more than 100 miles.

In warfare a decision to fire would have to be taken within seconds, and an instant identification system is needed to avoid the risk of shooting down friendly aircraft.

There are many elements that assist in the confident identification of friendly aircraft. *Those include radar* surveillance, advance knowledge of flight plans, and the use of designated air corridors. But in the confusion of warfare a direct interrogation system that in effect asked "Are you friendly?" would be an absolute necessity.

The present Nato system, the Mark X, has been in use for 30 years, and although it has been updated, it has been recognized as being inadequate for at least the past 10 years.

The problem is that the present system has many inadequacies which include the fact that it can be readily jammed or spoofed by an enemy, and its use can interfere with civil aircraft systems.

The urgency required for an effective new system was made clear in the Commons on June 19 by Mr Bruce George, Labour MP for Walsall South.

He said: "In a recent RAF exercise, many paper casualties, which could have been real casualties, were shot down. The number of planes shot down was unacceptably high, and a large number of them were shot down by our own side." That statement has not been challenged by the RAF.

Until two years ago it seemed that Nato would settle on a new system developed in Europe which utilized higher radio frequency bands than the existing system. But the United States then announced to European dismay that the new system would be too expensive.

Instead it put forward its own proposal, the Mark XV, that would use the same frequency band as the existing Mark X, but incorporated very advanced technology.

That caused much bitterness and suspicion that it was simply a ruse to gain business for the US. With West Germany, Britain, and others strongly backing the European system, an 18-month study was made to assess the merits of the two systems. That study is almost complete.

Although Britain still backs the European system, there are indications that it believes the studies will show that the American scheme, possibly with some modifications, will be more effective.

High profile security: One of the many police officers at the Remembrance Day service at the Cenotaph yesterday. Report, back page (Photograph: Brian Harris).

Privatized security 'endangers Whitehall'

By Paul Routledge
Labour Editor

The privatization of security services in Whitehall has prompted new fears about lax security.

Dr Oonagh McDonald, Labour spokesman on the Civil Service, has disclosed in a letter to the Prime Minister that contract cleaners at the Home Office have been using false names, the ones of people who should have been working there.

"Such a practice allows for the possibility of infiltration," Dr McDonald wrote.

Security at the Inland Revenue sorting office at Kew has been privatized. The main entrance was unattended for five weeks – even after questions had been raised in the Commons.

Dr McDonald wrote: "I understand that companies will be asked to vet their own employees. These security firms have a high turnover of staff, subject to low pay and poor conditions of employment. Many are characterized by inadequate training

"Furthermore, it is left to the firms to supply a list of the names of staff on guard in a government department. Those who report for duty simply give the names that the security firm has submitted.

"Even with more stringent vetting procedures than those apparently in use, it is doubtful that private security firms can provide the same level of security as permanent employees in the Civil Service.

Livingstone tipped to dominate Labour

Mr Ken Livingstone, the leader of the Greater London Council, is likely "to have the Labour movement under his thumb" in 10 years' time. Mr Brian Walden, the political journalist and former Labour *MP, writes in a new* monthly magazine, *Options for Men*, published today.

Mr Walden describes Mr Livingstone as "a politician of great importance and high intelligence" whose attitudes "embody everything that Labour has become". Those attitudes he expresses "clearly, with the added relish of great wit".

Another Labour name to conjure with in Mr Walden's view is the "strikingly handsome" Dr John Cunningham, shadow Secretary of State for the Environment, and possibly "the next leader of the Labour Party".

Mr John Moore, Conservative MP for Croydon Central and Financial Secretary to the Treasury, similarly "has 'future Tory leader' written all over him", Mr Walden says.

The article inaugurates a series in which the magazine asks a guest columnist to pick men who will be "the heroes of the decade".

Tebbit working on papers

Mr Norman Tebbit, Secretary of State for Trade and Industry, who was injured in the Brighton bombing, is now able to work on papers from his Cabinet dispatch box, at Stoke Mandeville Hospital, Buckinghamshire.

His wife, Margaret, has recovered movement in her left leg and right foot, after being paralysed in the blast. At the Royal Sussex Hospital, Brighton, Mrs Muriel Maclean, wife of the chairman of the Scottish Conservatives, remains very *seriously ill in the* intensive therapy unit.

Striker who decided scrimping must end

From Rupert Morris, Warsop

It was the generosity of his blind father aged 81 that enabled Mr Ian Berry, an electrician at Warsop colliery, Nottinghamshire, to make ends meet for the 35 weeks he was on strike.

He went back to work last Wednesday, tired of struggling to survive in a cause which seemed hopeless.

So far he and his family have suffered none of the intimidation and abuse which was the lot of the earlier "scabs".

Indeed, he and others like him who went back think that they will soon be in a majority. they felt they were being asked to stay out for a cause in which they no longer believed, and with no prospect of a settlement.

Mr Berry, aged 41, and his wife, Sheila, aged 37, used nearly all of their £1,400 savings, skimped all they could and ended up owing only £50 for a consignment of coal.

But the debts they owe to their family and friends are immeasurable. "I have never felt so degraded in my life", Mrs Berry said. When her father-in-law offered to give £10 to her and £5 to her husband out of his £27 a week disability allowance, she burst into tears and refused to accept it.

Later Mr Berry accepted the money to supplement the £25 they got from social security.

Mrs Berry was to have worked at a hairdressers, but when the strike started custom stopped, and her job was the first to go.

Her husband's weekly take-home pay was normally £115, before overtime, and living on a bare £40 a week they needed all the help they could get.

One dilemma was whether to cancel a summer holdiday in Portugal with Mrs Berry's sister's family. Rather than forfeit the 30 per cent cancellation fee, they went but all expenses were met by Mrs Berry's sister and her husband.

Last week Mr Berry offered his children a choice: either he went back to work or they missed out on Christmas. They said he should stay out, and so did his father. But Mr and Mrs Berry had had enough of begging and skimping.

Miners are facing 'fierce law'

By Frances Gibb
Legal Affairs Correspondent

The criminal law is being applied to striking miners "with a ferocity which is unprecedented", the Legal Action Group says in its monthly journal published today.

The group points out that, according to Home Office statistics, between March 13 and October 16 a total of 620 mineers, 8 per cent of all those arrested, had been charged with riot or unlawful assembly. These are the most serious public order offences and carry the possibility of life imprisonment, the group says.

Charges of riot or unlawful assembly can be used whenever public disorder involves more than three people. But in this century that has only been done very rarely, the group says.

For instance, although there were several outbreaks of public disorder during the general strike of 1926, no one was charged with these offences. Even during the 1981, disorders, so few of the 3,704 people arrested were charged with riot offences that there are no separate figures for them in the special Home Office breakdown of statistics.

"It is clear that in the mining dispute prosecutors are following a coordinated policy which accords with the government and police view that mass picketing is not a lawful activity

Times' use of picture is upheld

The Times was entitled to publish a photograph of Mr Arthur Scargill greeting striking miners, although his pose was likely to link him with the idea of authoritarian leadership, the Press Council says today.

The council rejected a complaint by Mr Owen Davies, of Garden Court, Middle Temple, central London, that the newspaper improperly published a photograph which was likely to associate Mr Scargill with nazism or fascism in readers' minds.

The caption said: "Mr Arthur Scargill giving a greeting at the pitmen's protest in Mansfield yesterday" alongside a report by the labour editor, Paul Routledge. Mr Davies protested to the editor and the the council and asked why the newspaper printed a picture in which Mr Scargill appeared to be giving a nazi salute.

Mr Colin Webb, deputy editor, replied that the picture was accurate and in his view could not be misleading. He said it was an actual photograph of a news event, and was used in the normal way.

The Press Council's adjudication was:

This was an unusual and striking topical news picture of Mr Scargill which *The Times* published without making significant comment on it, or capital of it, in the caption.

The newpaper was entitled to publish the photograph as it did even though the pose was likely to link Mr Scargill with the idea of authoritarian leadership in the minds of those who saw it.

The complaint against The Times is not upheld.

Doubts on code for disabled

By Richard Evans, Lobby Reporter

A code of practice aimed at persuading employers to take on more disabled workers will be launched by the Prime Minister this week.

Mrs Thatcher's decision to promote the new document, which has taken two years to prepare, will be presented by Downing Street officials as another example of the Government's "caring" attitude to the disadvantaged.

But with 50,000 copies due to be distributed to companies throughout the country, there is already considerable concern and anxiety among some organizations representing the disabled about its potential ineffectiveness.

Some officials even fear it could lead to an entirely voluntary approach towards employing the disabled, with the eventual scrapping of the existing statutory "quota scheme" which imposes a duty on most emplorers to hire disabled staff.

It provides a reminder of the statutory obligations on firms, including the 3 per cent disabled quota for companies with more than 20 employees.

But most of the code's 55 pages are devoted to information and good practices towards the disabled.

It emphasizes that disabled workers, far from being a liability, usually have the same skills an abilities as able-bodied colleagues, and often have added advantages, such as being more concientious.

Mr George Wilson, director of the Royal Association for Disability and Rehabilitation, said: "The code is one step forward. It is educational, but I think you need legislation to back it up. You can't do it all by an educational campaign".

Mr Peter Large, chairman of the Association of Disabled Professionals said: "It is a bit of an apologetic approach towards employing disabled people. I would much prefer to see firm statutory requirements."

Former MP quits Labour over 'spying'

By Julian Haviland, Political Editor

A former Labour MP yesterday resigned from the party on the ground that he had been asked by the leadership to spy on members of the health authority in Islington, London, of which he is chairman.

Mr Eric Moonman, Labour MP for Billericay from 1966-70 and for Basildon from 1974-79, said that Mr Michael Meacher, Labour's principal spokesman on health, had sent him forms on which to state the age, sex, occupation, voting habits and behaviour of the 16 members of the authority.

He said he regarded this as Stalinism. "It is totally irresponsible to urge party members to spy on the fellow members of an authority. It is disgraceful." He did not know the political views of many members of the authority, and those were irrelevant to most of their work.

Mr Meacher was mistaken in assuming that there had been Conservative takeovers of every health authority.

Mr Meacher said Mr Moonman had misunderstood the purpose, which was to discover information about the political balance of health authorities where their role had been political. The public was entitled to know that, but the information, which he supposed was known to ministers, had been withheld by them when questioned in the Commons.

Mr Meacher said he believed that the Government, by appointing sympathizers, now had a majority on every regional health authority and most district authorities where the political balance was crucial in the campaign to privatize parts of the National Health Service.

Sealed with a fish: This grey seal pup has an unusual problem because it dislikes fish. Staff at the RSPCA's wildlife unit at West Hatch, near Taunton, Somerset, have to force feed him with herring and mackerel to save him from starving

The three-week-old pup, nicknamed Ron, was found washed up on the shoreline at Lyme Regis, Dorset, a week ago. Away from his natural environment, he has failed to recognize his natural food.

Mr Colin Seddon, an RSPCA warden, said yesterday: "When he accepts fish from the hand he will be released into the sea to fend for himself."

2,000 visitors at crematorium open day

About 2,000 visitors toured Scunthorpe's municipal crematorium, which is celebrating 20 years in business at the weekend.

Three guides took relays of visitors on 40-minute conducted tours against a background of piped music by Richard Clayderman.

Before they examined the bone crushers and ovens normally heated to 1,000°F, which take 75 minutes to burn an average-sized corpse, they were given explanatory leaflets.

The chairman of the council health committee, Mrs Betty Martin, said: "People are curious about what happens in a crematorium and we have been able to allay their fears by showing them. Everyone was delighted with what they saw."

Sale Room

Interest in Japanese art wanes

By Geraldine Norman
Sale Room Correspondent

The message from weekend auctions in New York was that American collectors are just not interested in Japanese art. Sotheby's held a three-session sale of Japanese prints and works of art and was left with 26 per cent unsold. In two of the sessions nearly half the cash out turn represented unsold lots, but the third did much better. It included a group of landscape prints by Hiroshige that were well competed for.

A fine impression of his "monkey bridge in Koshu province", a moonlit scene of a little wooden bridge crossing a gorge, went for $29,700 (estimate $20,000-$30,000) or £23,076. His album of 55 landscape prints, known as the "Upright Tokaido", sold for $27,500 (estimate $15,000-$20,000) or £21,367.

In contrast, the Sotheby's sale of Western prints, which ran for four sessions, demonstrated a strong Japanese interest in the great masters of the early twentieth century. Nearly all the top prices were paid by Japanese dealers, including $53,900 (estimate $50,000-$60,000) or £41,880 for Picasso's 1958 linocut "Buste de Femme d'Après Cranach", $46,750 (estimate $34,000-$38,000) or £36,324 for a 1967 portfolio of Chagal lithographs entitled "Nice et la Côte d'Azure", and $40,700 or £31,623 each for Matisse's "Persane" of 1929 (estimate $25,000-$28,000) and Roualt's 1938 portfolio, "Cirque de l'Etoile Filante" (estimate $30,000-$35,000).

The two-day sale was also well supported by American buyers and totalled £2.4m, with 12 per cent left unsold.

McCartneys in kidnap scare



Police in Sussex are investigating an apparent plot to kidnap the wife of Paul McCartney, the former Beatle. The police at Lewes confirmed that a number of people have been arrested.

There were allegedly plans to imprison Mrs Linda McCartney in a woodland hideout until a *ransom of £10m was paid.*

Police became aware of the alleged plot during another investigation. In a statement they said: "In the course of inquiries into other matters police have learnt of a possible kidnap attempt. A number of people have been arrested and a report will be submitted to the Director of Public Prosecutions."

Mr McCartney has an isolated farm in Sussex guarded by security men and high fences. Local people say that footpaths have been diverted from the five-bedroom house.

Postal auction for anglers

An opportunity to fish some of Britain's most expensive and exclusive river stretches is being offered in a postal auction in aid of the Atlantic Salmon Trust, which has been campaigning to conserve stocks by preventing over-fishing at sea, and illegal netting.

The highest price is expected to be paid for four rods for three days in September on the Knockando beat of the River Spey, which the auctioneers estimate to be worth about £700.

Countryside liaison group

A new liason group, formed between the National Farmers' Union, the Country Landowners' Association and the Central Council of Physical Recreation has been announced.

The group, consisiting of senior officials from all three organizations, will meet regularly to discuss ways of improving access to the countryside.

Aga Khan writ

The Aga Khan is claiming High Court libel damages over a book *The Aga Khans* published last month and an accompanying press release. The writs have been issued against World's Work Ltd and Mihir Bose of Windmill Press, Tadworth, Surrey, and Richard Clay (the Chaucer Press) of North-west London.

The Times overseas selling prices
Austria Sch 29; Belgium B frs 50; Canada $2.75; Canaries Pes 170; Cyprus 700 mils; Denmark Dkr 8.50; Finland Mkk 8.00; France Frs 7.00; Germany DM 3.50; Greece Dr 100; Holland Gl 3.40; Irish Republic 40p; Italy L 2200; Luxembourg Lf 38; Madeira Esc 125; Morocco Dir 8.00; Norway Kr 8.50; Pakistan Rps 18; Portugal Esc 125; Singapore $5.50; Spain Pes 170; Sweden Skr 8.50; Switzerland S Frs 3.00; Tunisia Din 0.700; USA [illegible]; Yugoslavia Din 150

Anti-terrorist chief's first week

Wall prints tell of commander's farming ambitions

By Stewart Tendler
Crime Reporter

If everything had worked to plan in the early 1960s Simon Crawshaw would today be striding over the broad acres of a Norfolk farm. As it is he finds himself in a much more urban environment as the new head of Scotland Yard's anti-terrorist squad.

One week into the job and a bundle of thin brown folders lie on his desk. They include the squad's present inquiries into the Provisional IRA attacks, Middle East politics, kidnappings, and many of the cases of violence with political overtones.

On the walls of his fifth floor office the new commander of C13 has hung a selection of country prints, reproductions of birds and animals. They echo an early life in the country which originally attracted Mr Crawshaw to farming.

That in itself would have been a break from family tradition as Mr Crawshaw comes from a family of doctors and clerics that include his late great uncle, Lord Fisher of Lambeth, the former Archbishop of Canterbury.

But a recruiting advertisement for the police in 1962 attracted Mr Crawshaw's attention and launched him on a career even further afield from his family roots. He tried to join the then Norwich City force but was told there was a long waiting list and instead applied to the Metropolitan Police, which accepted him.

During the past 22 years he has held a wide range of responsibilities in south and central London, and Scotland Yard. By the late 1970s he had served as a staff officer to senior Scotland Yard figures in charge of CID operations and supporting services.

He worked in the complaints investigation bureau and then became the operational head of of the Flying Squad. Until a few weeks ago he was the deputy to the senior officer commanding London's No 2 police area, which includes a great swathe of north London.

Although he officially took up his new post on November 5, Mr Crawshaw had for the past month been working himself into his new job alongside Commander William Hucklesby, the outgoing head of C13.

A slim, relaxed man, Mr Crawshaw is unperturbed by the prospect of the stresses and pressures of his new job. A row of pipes is already in place near his desk and a tub of tobacco is at hand.

Mr Crawshaw does not believe that he can suddenly stem terrorist attacks. He said: "It should be a blind man who said we are going to stop terrorism dead. This is a very unusual animal."

The best defence was improved professionalism within the police, greater collaboration with other agencies and continually improved standards within his squad he said.

Day prison suggested for drink drivers and women with children

By Frances Gibb, Legal Affairs Correspondent

The proposed new sentence of day imprisonment could be imposed on certain drink-driving offenders who serve short sentences in police cells, the Magistrates' Association says.

The new sentence might also be particularly useful for women with children or other dependants at home, and for fine defaulters, the association says in its response to the Green Paper on intermittent custody.

But it emphasizes that only offenders sentenced to custody should be considered for day imprisonment. The penalty should not be used if a non-custodial sentence might have been possible.

Weekend imprisonment, where the sentence would involve a number of specified weekends, could be useful for offenders with a good base in the community, including a stable job, the associtiion says.

"Serious motoring offenders and defendants of previously good behaviour who had commited non-violent crimes for whom the loss of employment attendant on full imprisonment would impose an excessively harsh punishment, might be deemed suitable for such a disposal."

The magistrates welcome the prospect of the new penalty which they say will enable an offender to retain links with the community while imposing "an unpleasant curtailment of his leisure time". It would not be suitable for the unemployed.

The offender's time must be strictly controlled, the association says, because there is a danger that when such a penalty is used the public will think he has been let off too lightly.

In a separate paper in response to new guidelines on police cautioning, the magistrates emphasize the importance of consistency.

The association issues a warning against the use of cautioning by police where a prosecution would not be possible. "An adult or child will have had an entry made in their criminal record without the protection offered by law in the form of a court hearing where the strength of the evidence is tested."

The association says that cautioning should be used only in cases where the offender has clearly and unambiguously admitted the offence. Police must take the greatest care to ensure that admissions are not equivocal, nor made to get the matter over with quickly.

MPs oppose curb on new hostels for ex-offenders

By Peter Evans, Home Affairs Correspondent

The fight against crime will be hindered by the Government's decision not to finance new hostels for former prisoners after March, 1985, Mr Robert Kilroy-Silk, chairman of the Parliamentary All-Party Penal Affairs Group, has told the Home Secretary.

About 14,000 proposed new hostels will go, hampering efforts to steer former offenders to a law-abiding life, he has told Mr Leo Brittan in a letter. Homelessness is often associated with crime.

Two-thirds of people in after-care hostels are on parole or probation. That relieves pressure on prisons by making probation a realistic alternative to custody for homeless offenders and by making parole possible for offenders who would otherwise not receive it.

A new prison place costs £37,000 in capital finance and more than £11,000 a year in running costs. In comparison, a hostel place costs the Home Office nothing in capital expenditure and £1,000 a year in revenue finance, Mr Kilroy-Silk, Labour MP for Knowsley North, says.

The Home Office finances more than 300 hostels run by voluntary organizations which provide about 3,800 places for former prisoners and other homeless offenders. The Home Secretary has announced that the Home Office would not finance any new hostel places after this financial year, during which 600 new places will come into use.



String pulling: Zoe Brooks (above left), administrator, and Honor Palmer (right and below), education officer. (Photographs: Henry Kerr).



Puppets' growing pains: The Puppet Centre, which has outgrown its premises in Battersea, south London, appealed for £250,000 yesterday to finance a move to a larger building in Covent Garden.

The 10-year-old centre has set its sights on three foors of an empty building owned by the Greater London Council, the Royal Victoria Club, formerly a casino. But the council wats £46,000 a year rent.

Mrs Penny Francis, co-founder of the centre and general secretary of The Puppet Centre Trust said: "That is a commercial rent. The centre should have to pay only a peppercorn rent because it provides public service."

The centre organizes workshops and courses in making and operating puppets. Next year, it hopes to arrange master classes with international puppeteers.

It also has a collection of puppets, archives and about 1,500 books dating from 1900. New space is needed for studio for performances, a permanent international exhibition and a proper library.

Council estate sold with tenants

***FOR SALE:* hard to let council estate, half empty, partly vandalized, existing tenants.**

That does not sound an *attractive proposition for a* potential buyer, nor was the sale notices issued by Oldham Borough Council phrased in those words. It does, however, described the Strinesdale estate on the outskirts of Oldham and looking on to the Pennines, and the result of the advertisment was about 80 inquiries (Christopher Warman writes).

The outcome of the decision by the Labour council to try to sell an estate it had no finance to improve is the first sale in the country of an entire council *estate, complete with tenants,* and Department of the Environment approval was required

The estate was finally sold to the Leeds-based Irwin construction group earlier this year, and as the three-year project to complete the transformation of the estate gets under way, the Government has signalled its approval by visits from Mr Ian Gow, *Minister* for Housing and Construction, and Sir George Young, Parliamentary Under-Secretary, for the Department of the Environment.

Strinesdale estate has quickly been renamed Pennine Meadows, and the roads too will be renamed to help people forget its previous troublesome reputation. It is an estate of 159 two and three-bedroom houses, semi-detached and in terraces.

It was started in 1937 and about half the houses were built before the war, the remainder were completed in the late 1940s. Although the council undertook improvement work in 1975, there was not enough money to complete the job, and the estate gradually fell into disrepair and disrepute.

Financed by the Yorkshire Building Society, Irwin paid £406,000 for the estate, and the company is spending an estimated £1.2m to renovate the houses.

Change in rules on girls and Pill sought

A campaign to change doctors' confidentiality rules about the sexual behaviour of female patients under the age of 16 will be launched this week.

Petitions signed by more than 2,000 doctors will be handed to the General Medical Council on Wednesday, asking for a review of its rule forbidding a doctor to consult a girl's parents without her permission, if she seeks pregnancy treatment or contraceptive advice, whether he agrees to treat her or not.

The petition organizers claim that at least one girl of 12 has asked to be moved from her parents' doctor's list to make it easier to get the Pill.

Sir John Peel, former gynaecologist to the Royal Family, is among leading doctors supporting the petition, and Sir Reginald Murley, president of the Royal College of Surgeons from 1977 to 1980, who will lead the delegation, said: "There is great concern among many doctors about this rule."

The petition organizers say the instruction must harm the doctor-family relationship

Parents contest open verdict in cot case

An appeal is to be made by Mr and Mrs David *Bithell*, of Wrexham, Clwyd, against the open verdict on their son, Adam, aged seven months, returned by an inquest jury last *Wednesday*.

Their solicitor, Mr Barry Ashton, said the parents had also instructed him to complain to the Home Office about remarks made at the inquest by the pathologist, Dr Donald Wayte, who said that most of cot deaths were probably caused by parents unintentionally *smothering* babies. The boy was the fourth of Mr and Mrs Bithell's children to die in its cot.

Traditional pub games returning

Space games are on their way out and "real" public house games, such as dominoes, skittles, cribbage and shove ha'penny, are returning to locals, according to *The Good Pub Guide*.

"Too much competition from the games available for playing on home computers is killing off space games in pubs and the old traditional games, such as shut-the-box. Aunt Sally and quoits, are returning." Alisdair Aird, *editor of the* guide which is published today by the Consumers' Association, says.

Britain's two best public houses, it says, are the Yew Tree, Cauldon Staffordshire, and the White Horse, near Petersfield, Hants, "neither of which could be improved upon".

Beer prices in the past year have risen by 9 per cent to 10 per cent, partly due to the 2p duty increase in the 1984 Budget.

"The grave differences in beer prices in the cheapest area, the North-west, and the most expensive, London, cannot be accounted for by the usual pub excuse that rent, wages and so forth are more expensive in the South-east", Mr Aird said.

The Good Pub Guide 1985, (Consumers' Association and Hodder and Stoughton, £7.95).

Ignorant wine bar staff criticized

Wine bar staff are ill-informed about the wine they serve and wine bar lists are often utterly uninformative, according to the *Which Wine Circle 1985*, published today.

"Many wine bar managers, when asked for basic details, were stumped even when they stocked a simple list of a couple of dozen wines." Kathryn McWhirter, editor of the Consumers' Association said, which covers 300 establishments. Sixty-six are given awards.

Wine consumption is increasing annually and wine drinkers, who outnumber beer drinkers, are rapidly learning more about wine, she said. "Wine bar staff should be ahead of the wine drinkers, helping them, but instead it is so often the blind leading the partially sighted.

"It wouldn't take very long for the staff to be trained in a few basics, such as what particular wines taste like, what to offer as an alternative and what region a wine comes from. *The solution is to provide a* detailed wine list, to which staff, as well as customers, can refer," she said.

Wine bar food is also criticized, although it is considered "better on the whole" than food in public houses.

The Which? Wine Guide 1985, (Consumers' Association and Hodder and Stoughton, £7.95).

Sparkling gooseberries

Britain's first commercial sparkling wine to be made strictly by the champagne method is being launched this week – made from gooseberries.

Mr Hugh Rock, whose winery is based at Twyford, Berkshire, has produced 100 cases of the wine. Secondary fermentation takes place in the bottle, which is turned regularly by hand to dislodge the sediment. After the sediment has been removed, a small amount of brandy is added *before recorking to* produce a dry but quite strong wine.

Mr Rock's wine-making began in 1981 a back garden industry under the shadow of Hammersmith Town Hall, London.

By early 1983 demand for his traditional country wines forced him to move to London Park Farm, Twyford. He set up Rock's Country Wine.

Production capacity has been increased to 60,000 litres a year bvt the sparkling gooseberry, which takes 18 months to produce, is still his top wine.

Computer pictures help deaf pupils to read

A picture language has been developed by researchers in Bristol to help deaf children to read by computer.

Dr Bernard Chapman, of Bristol University's department of education, has developed the computer program in a three-year research project. It will be tested in Avon schools for children who are deaf or who have educational difficulties.

In the program most English words are replaced by pictures of horses, dogs, windows or doors. For example, animated figures depict verbs such as running, jumping, eating or drinking. Computer graphics also incorporate some well known deaf sign-language features.

Dr Chapman said the program aimed to teach deaf children to recognize the word shapes through pictorial language. "Words and phrases can be built up in the correct English syntax in this way until the children can be involved in question-and-answer sequences."

The project was funded by the Microelectronic Education Programme. But further cash is needed to improve the system's vocabulary and to develop an interactive system where deaf children can "talk" to each other through computer keyboards.

Specialists stay

Sir Keith Joseph, Secretary of State for Education and Science, is expected to reject an advisory committee's proposal that mandatory specialist qualifications for teachers of deaf and blind children should be abolished.

He told the British Association of Teachers of the Deaf in London on Saturday that there had been more letters of protest on the issue than on any other since he became minister.

Yesterday the organizations representing Britain's deaf and blind children welcomed his expected decision.

Reversing alarms to be legal

The use of a warning sound device to indicate a driver's intention of reversing is to be legalized by the Department of Transport next year for vehicles weighing more than three and a half tonnes.

Already some lorries have reversing warning alarm signals the department says, but they are illegal at present.

The department intends to introduce legislation early in the new year so that the warning will be permissible although not compulsory. But the department will insist that the device's sound is different to that used at pedestrian crossings.

The Transport and Road Research Laboratory has given the following figures for 1982 of reversing vehicles involved in accidents in which someone was hurt: light goods vehicles, 419; rigid heavy goods vehicles, 218; articulated, 58; buses and coaches 51; cars 2,373.

Newt colonies facing destruction

By Tony Samstag

The largest known British populations of the declining great crested newt are under threat and their fate may be sealed by this week if negotiations fail, according to the Fauna and Flora Preservation Society.

The negotiations have been held with "a big multinational company" to dissuade it from filling in two chalk pits in north Kent, thought to contain about 3,000 creatures each. So concerned are the society and the British Herpetological Society with the plight of the newt that they are to raise the issue at next month's meeting in Strasbourg of the Berne Convention, which sets the standards for European wildlife conservation.

The species is protected under both the convention and the Wildlife and Countryside Act, 1981. It is the rarest of the three British newts and was once widespread through Western Europe. It is especially significant as an "indicator species", *in that its presence* indicates the relative health of a pond and its surrounding habitats.

In some parts of Britain 95 per cent of such habitats have been lost in the past century, according to Mr Tom Langton, a research ecologist with the society, among them the most ancient and therefore richest in species.

Since the Act theoretically strengthened the protection of the species, dozens of sites have been filled in and thousands of great crested newts have been buried alive, Mr Langton said. He has compiled a list of those sites to present to the meeting in Strasbourg. He said the Nature Conservancy Council was involved in the Kent negotiations, but there was doubt whether it would be able to move in time to protect the chalk pits. In previous disputes involving the great crested newt, the NCC had issued licences to remove the creatures – almost always, Mr Langton said, to sites that were less suitable.

The Nature Conservancy Council said last week that the species, while declining, was still numerous. With 10,000 breeding sites in Britain, 1,000 were likely to be under threat at any one time.

How the synod works: 1

Conservative body moving ahead of church members

The General Synod of the Church of England assembles in London tomorrow for its four-day autumn meeting. In the first of two articles, Clifford Longley, Our Religious Affairs Correspondent, describes how it works and assesses its strengths and weaknesses.

The Church of England's General Synod is reaching something of a crisis after 14 years in existence. Its latest proposals about divorce and church remarriage have been rejected by most dioceses, the second time this has happened. Parliament recently threw out an attempt to modernize some Anglican procedure.

Yet nothing characterizes the synod more than enormous self-confidence, and utter conviction that synodical government is the best thing to happen to the church.

Its formation and structure were approved by Parliament in 1969, replacing an untidy pattern of governing bodies, notably the Church Assembly and the assemblies of clergy, the convocations, although the latter retained a mysterious secondary existence as independent entities. The principle was that three separate bodies, representing the three "estates", laity, clergy, and bishops, should meet as one, to reach a common mind representing the church.

The 13,000 clergy are distributed unevenly around the 14 dioceses, in turn grouped into two provinces, Canterbury and York (which is smaller). They elect from their number "proctors", members of the general synod by their membership of one of the two convocations.

Occasionally the convocations meet separately, usually to discuss some policy point with a doctrinal edge. But the proctors' power lies in membership of the general synod, where they form the House of Clergy, 253 out of a membership of 560.

They have a veto, they can demand a "vote by houses".

About the same size is the House of Laity, with a similar veto, similarly able to meet separately (which it rarely does), but not divided into two provinces.

If there is a problem with the general synod's general constitution, it lies mostly in this house. It is by no means clear that it is truly representative, although anyone who tries to devise an alternative realizes how hard it is to apply democratic principles.

In general synod elections, proportional representation is applied, adding to the difficulty. The average Anglican parishioner is represented in the general synod through his deanery representative and through the diocese's representatives on the national synod. It is not surprising that the most common complaint against the general synod is that the House of Laity is too cut off from the grassroots.

The senior house is the House of Bishops, which sits in the General synod and meets regularly on its own. A stronger separate identity has emerged largely under the Archbishop of Canterbury, Dr Robert Runcie.

The 44 diocesan bishops appointed by the Crown on the advice of the Prime Minister are ex officio members. The synod has had a hand in their nomination. Since 1977 the Prime Minister's office has agreed to accept two names from the synod's Crown Appointments Commission, and forward one to Buckingham Palace.

There are also nine suffragan bishops, junior or assistant bishops, who are elected by their peers, in the same way as deans and provosts of cathedrals are allowed to elect representatives to the House of Clergy. The bishops also have a veto, and special powers over faith. This, and the fact that bishops are well-represented on various commissions and boards, often as chairmen, give the episcopal bias which the church feels it ought to have.

It is a structure designed to be conservative, which has come close to moving too far ahead of the mass of church members.

Tommorow: Checks and balances



Water lesson: Anne Hawley, whose book on introducing infants to water, *Swim, Baby, Swim* is published today, making a splash with James Cook, aged four months, of New Addington, south London.

Campaign to lift water board secrecy

By Hugh Clayton, Local Government Correspondent

Campaigners for greater freedom of information are to try to end secrecy in water authority meetings in spite of a rebuff from ministers. A law passed last year ended public access to water authority meetings although meetings of local councils and their committees remain open.

It means that while householders can listen to councillors debating their rates bills, they are barred from the sessions at which water authority members discuss their water charges.

Mr Ron Bailey, local government coordinator of the independent community rights project, said that his organization was seeking parliamentary backing for a Bill to take the 10 English and Welsh water authorities off the list of official bodies which are allowed to meet in secret.

He said that his organization would go ahead in spite of government refusal to force the authorities to reopen their meetings. The Department of the Environment said that last year's rule change "enabled water authority boards to operate more effectively while safeguarding the right of the press and of the public to information about their activities".

Army's presence preserves uneasy peace in Punjab

From Kuldip Nayar Chandigarh

The strife-torn state of Punjab is tense, but quiet, as reports of the riots in other parts of India in which many Sikhs have been killed reach the villages in which Sikhs are in an overwhelming majority.

I travelled from the state capital, Chandigarh, by the grand trunk road towards Amritsar, and in the towns and villages along the way it was possible to sense the anger and anguish of the Sikhs and the fear and anxiety of the Hindus awaiting possible retaliation.

The street of the most populous towns I visited were thronged with Sikhs and Hindus, and business was going on much as usual. There were crowds near roadside stalls of vegetables, fruit and food, perhaps because the curfew is clamped on early in most of Punjab and shopping has to be done quickly.

However, although they do business together – and although peace committees with members of both communities have been set up in all the towns – the social polarization is plain to see. Sikhs and Hindus no longer mix socially, a divide which causes some strain among families with members of both communities: intermarriage has been common for centuries here.

The only signs of actual violence were left behind once I moved from the outskirts of Delhi, but in 1947 after partition it was the coming of refugees with tales of horror that began the intercommunal bloodbath. There were no signs of refugees this time, but in Patiala there is tension, after the arrival of 30 Sikh families who have migrated from Mandi in Himachal Pradesh with stories of persecution.

The authorities are not allowing many refugees to cross into Punjab: trains have been cancelled and fewer buses are running. Press censorship, which has been rigorously imposed for the past 10 days since Mrs Indira Gandhi's death, is keeping news of the violence against Sikhs out of the newspapers. As a result, rumours are sweeping the countryside, but so far good sense has prevailed. There are some signs of hardening of attitudes on the Sikh side, though. The five high priests of the Sikhs in Amritsar, the holy city of the religion, have dissolved the ad hoc Akali committee which was acting for the jailed leadership of the Sikh political party. They suspected that the acting president, Mr Majithia, was in league with the Government. He had actually held one meeting with officials.

Many Sikhs who once used to be particular about their well-kempt beards now prefer to keep them untended. At places one can hear the slogan "Khalistan Zindabad" [Long live the Sikh State] and one can see it scribbled in the cities.

Since Mrs Gandhi's assassination, however, only four wholly isolated incidents of violence have taken place. Two Hindu passengers in a bus were killed by gunmen who boarded it. The courage of the Sikh driver saved many lives. A Hindu temple in Phagwara, near Ludhiana was looted, a Hindu was stabbed in Hoshiapur and another near Jullunder.

One reason for the prevailing calm is undoubtedly the presence of the army. A large task force has been looking after law and order in the state since June

Another is the news that despite the cruelties inflicted on Sikhs in Delhi, Kanpur, Lucknow, Indore, Bokaro, and Calcutta, many Hindus, particularly Punjabi Hindus in these cities, have come to the aid of Sikhs.

In Chandigarh Mr Balwant Singh, who was Finance Minister in the Akali Government which was in power in 1977-80, said that the role of the Punjabi Hindus in those areas had been exemplary.

The five high priests too, though condemning the riots, have publicly appreciated the role played by Punjabi Hindus.

The Hindus in the state say they feel safer now than they were before the army moved in, but many fear there might be trouble if the army is withdrawn or its strength in the state reduced.

Journalist held in Amritsar

Delhi (Reuter) A Canadian journalist has been arrested in Amritsar for "objectionable activities" and defying a ban on entry of foreigners into Punjab.

The Press Trust of India identified him as Jonathan Mann and said he was working for the Canadian Broadcasting Corporation. He has been based in Delhi for about six months. He was arrested near the Golden Temple.

Hongkong lawyers attack deal

From David Bonavia Hongkong

The Hongkong Bar Association has refused to endorse the joint declaration of agreement between Britain and China on the future of Hongkong.

At a two-and-a-half-hour closed meeting last week, the British-trained lawyers expressed opposition to the nationality clause in the agreement, which is to be debated by Parliament next month.

The draft agreement, which has been initialled by British and Chinese negotiators in Peking, lays down that Hongkong people who hold "British territory" passports will be unable to pass that national status on to their children after 1997, when sovereignty over the territory reverts to China.

After that date, according to the agreement, Chinese people living in Hongkong will be eligible for passports defining their citizenship as "Hongkong China", unless they hold dependent territory passports already.

The Hongkong British passport does not bestow automatic right of entry, residence or employment in the United Kingdom, but many Hongkong Chinese would prefer it to the Peking-endorsed travel document.

Parliament will not be able to propose any amendment to the agreement, but must accept or reject it in full,

There will however be a possibility of influencing the negotiators who draw up the "basic law" or constitution for Hongkong after the agreement is signed – possibly by Mrs Thatcher and the Chinese Prime Minister, Mr Zhao Ziyang, in December.

High-tech pact by Fabius

From John Best Ottawa

M Laurent Fabius, the French Prime Minister, has concluded a three-day visit to Canada which marked a new stage in the development of political and commercial relations between the two countries.

The visit, most of which took place in Quebec province, was devoid of the triangular political skirmishing that sometimes marred visits by French leaders in the past.

A positive result of the trip was an agreement by France and predominantly French-speaking Quebec on several joint industrial projects in the field of biotechnology. At a press conference in Quebec City, M Fabius said the two governments would also cooperate in the areas of communications, aeronautics and computer technology.

France and Quebec would also study the implications of investments in Quebec by the AMC-Renault car concern, which is partly owned by the French Governme nt.

In a speech to the Quebec legislature on Friday, the day before his departure, M Fabius insisted that Quebec and France must work together in the world of high technology. "Being aware that good technologies other than Anglo-Saxon ones exist, we must and we can develop actions together in this area," he said.

Quebec's progress concerned France, because it was in France's interest that a Francophone society be maintained and developed in North America.

Lagos backs Polisario

Addis Ababa (Reuter) – Nigeria said yesterday it would recognize the self-styled guerrilla government fighting Moroccan rule in the western Sahara, an issue crucial to the success or failure of the Organization of African Unity summit due to open here today.

As heads of state began to arrive for what looks like being a showdown over the three-year-old western Sahara dispute, the Nigerian Foreign Minister, Mr Ibrahim Gambari, made the surprise announcement that Lagos would recognize the Polisario's self-proclaimed government.

The western Sahara dispute has split the OAU between supporters of Morocco and backers of the Polisario's claim

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Ustinov's fate remains a mystery despite varied Kremlin signals

From Richard Owen
Moscow

Strong rumours swept Moscow on Saturday that Marshal Dmitry Ustinov, the 76-year-old Defence Minister, had died. But by yesterday speculation appeared to have calmed down, and earlier signs in the Soviet media of an impending Politburo death had been replaced by indications that all was normal.

Marshal Ustinov has not been seen in public since he presented medals to President Chernenko on September 27. Last Wednesday the Marshal failed to appear for the annual military parade on November 7 marking the anniversary of the Bolshevik Revolution. His place was taken by Marshal Sergei Sokolov, one of the three deputy Defence Ministers.

That gave rise to reports that Marshal Ustinov was seriously ill. Mr Viktor Grishin, a fellow Politburo member, told reporters that the Defence Minister had a cold. But such assertions have been regarded sceptically since the death of President Andropov, who was said by senior Kremlin officials to be suffering from a cold or chill right up to the time that he died of kidney and heart ailments.




Marshal Ustinov: Not seen since September.

The speculation surrounding Marshal Ustinov's absence comes only two weeks before sessions of the Central Committee and the Supreme Soviet, which may make changes in the Politburo.

Reports of Marshal Ustinov's death spread on Saturday when television news announcers appeared dresssed in black, and some radio stations began to play solemn music and military songs. In the past those have been indications that a senior leader had died.

On Saturday evening, however, newsreaders appeared in normal dress, and by Sunday light music and variety shows were being performed as usual. Rumoured alterations to television schedules did not take place. No explanation for the sombre dress and sombre music has been forthcoming.

The arrival yesterday of Mr György Lázar the Hungarian Prime Minister, for talks in the Kremlin confirmed that there was no cause for alarm, as did the departure for South-East Asia of Mr Vladimir Dlogikh, a candidate Politburo member and a possible beneficiary of any Politburo reshuffle.

"Either the conflicting signals reflect confusion over Marshal Ustinov's state of health in the Soviet apparatus, or, because of the ageing leadership, we are too quick to assume the worst," one Western diplomat commented.

East European sources said they had been told Marshal Ustinov was seriously ill, and the Soviet media had been alerted. But other sources insisted that the defence minister was merely recuperating at a health resort on the Black Sea.

Soviet intelligence men in double crash

From Mario Modiano, Athens

Two Soviet diplomats injured in separate car accidents within minutes of each other outside an important American base near Marathon, have been identified by Western diplomats as officials of the GRU Soviet military intelligence.

According to the Greek police, Mr Valeri Anourin, aged 40, listed as a second secretary of the Soviet embassy in Athens, was seriously injured on Thursday night when a lorry driven by a retired Greek police officer ploughed into his diplomatic car, which was parked alongside the road near the base.

Ten to fifteen minutes later, another car with foreign mission plates, driven by Mr Victor Dragonov, aged 32, spun off the road after hitting a tree and overturned a few hundred yards from the scene of the previous accident. Mr Dragonov, who identified himself as a Soviet embassy employee, said later that he was speeding to help his injured colleague.

The Greek lorry driver and his son, as well as a child in the same lorry, was given first aid at the US base infirmary where all the casualties were first taken. But one of the injured Russians who was still conscious declined the offer, so both were taken from the base to a Greek clinic where they are being treated under the surveillance of embassy officials.

Western diplomatic sources disclosed yesterday that Mr Anourin, who was posted in Athens 15 months ago, is a Lieutenant-Colonel in the GRU. Mr Dragonov, also known to be a GRU member, is not on the diplomatic list.

The US base at Nea Makri, near Marathon, is a navy global communications centre said to be the most important of its kind in the eastern Mediterranean. The two accidents occurred near a subsidiary transmitter at Kato Souli.

Flick affair claims a new victim

From Michael Binyon
Bonn

The Flick affair claimed another victim at the weekend when a Social Democrat resigned his seat in the state Parliament of North Rhine-Westphalia after charges that he had received DM110,000 (£29,000) from the Düsseldorf-based company.

Herr Hilmar Selle was chairman of the parliamentary economic committee in the Social Democrat-ruled state, and as such was influential in decisions concerning local industry, including Flick. In return for favourable terms from a Flick-controlled insurance group with which he did business. Herr Selle was said by a former Flick manager to be ready to support a controversial tax concession of the company.

Leading article, page 13

Her mother's voice: Baby Fae listening to her mother over the telephone two weeks after receiving her historic transplant of a baboon's heart. A cold kept her mother away. Yesterday the baby was showing signs of rejecting the heart, but was responding well to treatment at the Loma Linda University hospital, California.

Demands grow for Polish police purge

From Roger Boyes, Warsaw

Solidarity leaders and the Roman Catholic clergy stepped up their pressure on the Polish authorities at the weekend to purge and reform the secret police, which is blamed for the murder of Father Popieluszko, an outspoken defender of human rights.

Speaking at a service in Gdansk to mark the anniversary of Polish independence (declared in 1918), Father Bogdanowicz compared the "cruel murder" of the priest to the assassination attempt on the Pope. Both plots, he said, were masterminded and carried out by athiest forces.

"Let us pray for the killers, let us pray for the [Communist] Party, let us pray for the Interior Ministry, that they too may experience a change of heart", he said.

In the congregation was Mr Lech Walesa, the Solidarity leader, who has sent two letters to the Polish Parliament calling for a radical reform of the Interior Ministry, which oversees the uniformed and secret police, to allow what he calls "social control" of the police.

The pressure on the Government is coming from both the overground and underground opposition. In Warsaw two underground groups, including the Nationalist Confederation for an Independent Poland (KPN), were calling for a march through the centre of Warsaw on Sunday night. Illegal leaflets were being circulated

In Crakow a group of 22 intellectuals and workers, many of them former Solidarity activists, announced at the weekend that they had set up a special team to check human rights abuses by the police.

"Let everyone do everything within his power so that Poland is no longer a place of political murders, beatings, abductions and persecutions for political reasons", their statement said. The Crakow group is the second to be set up in Poland since the murder of Father Popieluszko.

The clandestine weekly *Tygodnik Mazowsze*, claims that more than 90 Poles have died as a result of police brutality since martial law was declared in the winter of 1981.

Michnik speaks, page 12

Discovery gets a Euro rival

Cape Canaveral (Reuter) – The US shuttle Discovery edged towards a stray satellite yesterday and sent greetings to the people of Mexico.

After successfully launching its cargo of two communication satellites on schedule, Discovery had a light workload of course adjustments.

The crew's main task was to raise the shuttle to the same height as the stray Palapa and Westar satellites, orbiting at altitudes of between 216 and 231 miles.

● PARIS: Western Europe stepped up its challenge for a share of the commercial space market on Saturday by putting two communications satellites into orbit on the same day as the US shuttle was engaged on a similar mission (Reuter reports).

M Michel Vedrenne, a senior executive of Europe's Ariane space consortium, said: "Competition is extremely fierce, but with more successes like this we are confident we can compete with the US in the commercial launching of satellites.

Diplomatic scramble to revive talks on Lebanon

From Christopher Walker
Jerusalem

Intense diplomatic efforts were under way yesterday in an attempt to secure a resumption of the Israeli-Lebanese troop withdrawal talks which were suspended by the Lebanese Government after only one preliminary session.

After a meeting of the Cabinet here, a spokesman disclosed that Israel was not planning at this stage to release the four Shia Muslim leaders from southern Lebanon whose arrest by Israeli troops last Thursday led to the suspension of the talks.

His toughly worded statement alleged that the Shia Amal organization to which the detainees belong was "very much involved in many attacks on Israeli soldiers" and that the Government was not planning to release the four "just in order for the talks to resume."

Military sources here claimed that the arrest of the four – who were all wanted men – was coincidental with the delayed start last Thursday of the UN-chaired talks in the village of Naqoura.

But diplomatic sources dismissed the assertion as naive, saying that the consequences of the arrests must have been obvious to the Israeli defence establishment.

Tension in occupied southern Lebanon was reported to be high because of the arrests, with 1,000 Sidon residents taking part in a weekend protest march against the Israelis. Yesterday, an Israeli soldier was seriously injured in an ambush.

The sudden halt to the negotiations before they had even progressed past the procedural stage was a bitter blow to UN negotiators who had spent weeks of delicate behind-the-scenes bargaining in an effort to bring the two sides together.

Contacts were under way in both Jerusalem and Beirut yesterday in an attempt to find a face-saving compromise

● BEIRUT: Mr Rashi Karami, the Lebanese Prime Minister, told reporters after a 90-minute meeting with President Gemayel on Saturday that "We are for the talks in Naqoura but we are also for the freedom and security of our people in the south". *(Our Correspondent* writes). He added that Lebanon would not sent its negotiators back to the bargaining table "unless Israel backs down and frees the citizens it has arrested without legal justification."

Teachers in Malta abandon strike

Valletta (Reuter) – Malta's 3,000 member state teachers' union called off a 47-day-old strike as a gesture of goodwill and "because it has the interests of the children at heart". The Movement of United Teachers came out on strike when the Government answered a work-to-rule for better pay with a lockout.

Meanwhile, Catholic-run schools remain shut over a government directive to the church to provide free education.

Back to work

Khartoum (Reuter) – Foreign companies involved in oil exploration in southern Sudan are to resume work in January after a year-long suspension forced by rebel attacks on the sites, the Sudan News Agency reported.

Worker shot

Paris (Reuter) – A Turkish worker was shot dead as he and other redundant employees tried to occupy a factory at Epône. Police arrested the owner.

Ghana shuffle

Abidjan (Reuter) – Ghana has named new ministers for industry, education, information, agriculture, and trade *Accra radio said.*

Bahais executed

Three more Bahais have been executed in Iran's jails, raising new fears for those others still in custody. Bahai sources outside Iran reported. The 300,000 Bahais are regarded as heretics.

Attaché's gaffe

La Paz (AFP) – The US *military attaché, Colonel John* Tudela, has been declared persona non grata. His criticism of last month's armed services appointment was blamed.

Red alert

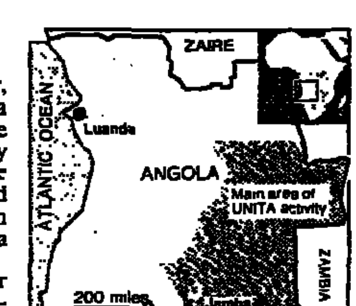
Madrid. (Reuter)–A group of arsonists set fire to the Madrid headquarters of the Spanish Communist Party, causing slight damage but no injuries.

Poll date

Karachi (Reuter) – Elections for Pakistan's National Assembly are likely to be held on February 20, the *Business Recorder* newspaper said.

Savimbi threatens drive on Luanda if peace moves exclude Unita

From Michael Hornsby
Jamba, Angola



The Angolan guerrilla leader, Dr Jonas Savimbi, has issued a warning from his rebel lair here that his forces will obstruct any attempt to negotiate a peace settlement in Angola and neighbouring Namibia which does not include his Unita organization.

A declaration issued by Dr Savimbi at the end of a week-long extraordinary congress of Unita said that the United States and South Africa should understand that Unita would not "accept being traded in for a fictitious withdrawal of the Cubans from Angola".

The congress, attended by 400 delegates from 14 of the country's 16 provinces, was convened against the background of a new offer by Angola to send home the Cuban troops stationed there in exchange for the independence of Namibia now occupied by South Africa.

At a press conference here last Friday, attended by nearly 50 foreign and South African *reporters flown in from Johannesburg* in two ancient Dakota aircraft to a rough airstrip hacked out of the bush, Dr Savimbi said that, if Unita was not brought in on the peace negotiations, it would "certainly take advantage" of any withdrawal of Cuban troops.

By December 20, he said, he would have 7,000 men "ready to close on Luanda [the Angolan capital] strongly". The object would not be to take the city, but to isolate it and "make life impossible so that the ambassadors there will send different messages to their government". The British and French ambassadors, he claimed, had been particularly unfair in their reports about Unita.

Dr Savimbi said Unita had been delighted by the reelection of President Reagan, but was disturbed by the role of the State Department in the present negotiations. If the MPLA regime in Luanda was now prepared to talk, it was mainly because of the pressure put on it by Unita, and Washington must recognize that.

Although he repeatedly referred to Mr P W Botha, the South African President as "my friend," Dr Savimbi, a burly, bearded figure in green fatigues, acknowledged that Pretoria had to defend its own interests in the region, and could not be counted on to remain a source of support for ever.

He maintained that even if Namibia became independent, thus severing his direct links with the South Africans, other supply lines could be arranged, and Unita would survive. It had been in worse positions before. *A black nationalist government* in Namibia would not be strong enough to attack Unita in the rear on Luanda's behalf.

Unita, he contended, had always been "ready and available" to talk to the MPLA about the formation of a government of national unity. President Eduardo Dos Santos and the Luandan Government knew that, and it was up to them to ask for such talks.

The only thing Unita could never accept, Dr Savimbi said, was a partition of Angola.

Dr Savimbi said he was sure that President Dos Santos was lying when he said he was prepared to send the Cubans home, and he would soon emerge "in his true colours". *That was because, as long as he* was not prepared to deal with Unita, he would need the Cubans to protect his regime.

There were many questions about the Cubans which needed answering. How many were *there?* There was talk of only non-combatant Cubans leaving. But what about the pilots, intelligence officers, logistics staff and others?

1,000 held in week of township violence

From Ray Kennedy
Johannesburg

A youth aged 18 died yesterday from injuries sustained in a clash between township rioters and police, bringing the total number of deaths in South Africa as a direct result of the violence to 25 in the past eight days.

Three other people were killed when a taxi collided with an Army armoured personnel carrier near another township and at Katlehong township in the East Rand near Johannesburg, the vice-mayor was shot dead in a robbery at his shop.

Widespread violence spread from townships in the Johannesburg area to other regions at the weekend and police said they had repeatedly to open fire with birdshot, rubber bullets and teargas to disperse defiant crowds, consisting mostly of youths.

The youth who died yesterday was injured in a clash in a township near Grahamstown in the Eastern Cape province where mobs burnt down a Methodist chapel and destroyed and looted a beer hall.

An unknown number of people have been arrested in rioting in at least 10 separate townships during the weekend. Since the latest wave of unrest broke out on Sunday last week on the eve of a two-day work stoppage by nearly one million blacks, it is estimated that more than 1,000 people have been held. They include 22 leading black trade unionists.



Pinochet's crackdown

Troops surrounding a Santiago shanty town with armoured vehicles in an early morning raid in which hundreds of people were arrested.

It was part of President Pinochet's crackdown on opposition unrest. The Saturday morning raid was criticized yesterday as too harsh by Archbishop Juan Francisco Fresno of Santiago.

Witnesses said thousands of men from the Raul Silva Henriquez squatters' settlement were taken by police and soldiers for questioning. Many were released later. A resident of the camp, which houses more than 4,000 families and a total of 22,000 people, said: "They took all the men between 16 and 60." Residents said many more were still missing later

Nicaragua arms crisis

Ortega smiles but Blackbird flies on

From Alan Tomlinson, Managua

Over breakfast at Managua's International Press Club on Saturday President-elect Daniel Ortega was expressing his country's indignation at repeated violations of its air space by the US supersonic spy plane known as the Blackbird. As he spoke his voice was drowned by a sonic boom when the aircraft in question flew overhead for the third successive day.

There were peels of laughter from the 120 or so journalists present, and the Sandinista leader broke into the first smile any of them could remember seeing on his customarily grim face in the past four days.

For a brief moment at least the atmosphere of crisis which has pervaded Managua since the United States voiced its suspicions that a Soviet ship was delivering MiG fighters to the Sandinistas was broken.

It was not the first bizarre occurrence in the saga of the elusive MiGs. The manner and timing of the leaks of those suspicions to American television networks, which interrupted their coverage of the US election results with news flashes, seemed rather odd to correspondents here.

Many had heard and dismissed similar hints over the past two months. One prominent American journalist said: "The networks were the only media credulous enough to believe them".

The ensuing hue and cry obliterated coverage of the Sandinistas' election success. The focus was switched from the question of democracy in Central America to the security *issue.*

Journalists who for weeks had been eliciting denials from Sandinista leaders and scepticism from diplomatic sources about the imminent arrival of MiGs suddenly found themselves *racing to the port of* Corinto to see what was coming off the Soviet cargo ship, Bakuriani.

They were not sure exactly what they were looking for and all they discovered with any certainty was the existence of an obscure military science called "crateology".

But the Sandinistas were clearly taking the risk of invasion seriously. Coffee-harvesting volunteers were armed for the defence of the capital, orders went out to reopen trenches dug a year ago when US manoeuvres began in Honduras, and government staff had their regular work interrupted to brush up their weapons training.

By Friday evening the same knowledgeable sources had given journalists to understand that perhaps there were no MiGs in Nicaragua after all, and that what the Russians had delivered were new Mi8 helicopters similar to those already *in the Sandinista armoury.*

They also hinted at a few Mi24 gunships, adding that any assessment of whether these constituted an unacceptable escalation of Nicaraguan military strength would have to be left to Washington.

Yesterday morning at 9.17 the tranquility of Managua was again shattered by the explosive flight of the Blackbird, its wings still fanning the war of nerves.

● SAO PAULO: An expected meeting in Brasilia between the US Secretary of State, Mr Gorge Shultz and the Nicaraguan Foreign Minister, Father Miguel D'Escoto, will not now take place, following the Nicaraguan's decision to stay in Managua during the present crisis (Patrick Knight writes).

Nicaragua and the rest of Central America was, however, the main issue during informal talks yesterday between Mr Shultz and the 16 foreign ministers in Brasilia for the annual meeting of the Organization of American States.

Nicaragua has decided against calling for a meeting of the OAS permanent council here over the MiGs crisis, *generally having a low opinion* of the OAS, which it has called the United States' poodle.



Señor Ortega: Habitually grim expression.

European notebook

Bureaucrats produce harmony from discord



The EEC surpassed even its own exacting standards of indeciseveness last week in the course of two councils devoted to two of the most important areas over which the community should have competence – research and transport.

The Research Council agreed that less money than planned would have to be spent on research, without saying where the axe should fall. The Transport Council agreed to try to reach a decision next month on a package of measures provisionally agreed last May.

Down the road at the economic and social committee (an almost forgotten Community advisory institution) Herr Gerd Muhr, the chairman was complaining that if EEC economies seemed to be in danger of falling behind the world it was "largely because there is a lack of unity in Europe."

Herr Muhr was speaking at the opening of a conference on new technologies in Europe organized by his committee, which drew attention to the widening gap between the need for an industrial policy and the amount of money being made available for one.

He said something less than *0.5 per cent of this year's EEC* budget had been earmarked for industrial policy, information and innovation. It was even more ludicrous to think the council now proposed cutting research funds even further.

As for transport, the package of measures provisionally stitched together (again), and which can still fall apart, fail to achieve a common position on one of the Community's oldest issues – how much weight a lorry axle should be allowed to put on the ground.

The issue predates British entry. Even if everything goes well, it will probably not be until the next century before the House of Commons is asked whether Britain will allow the same kind of juggernauts on English roads as have rumbled round the rest of the Community.

All these meetings took place as the first gathering of the "People's Europe Committee" was held in Brussels. Europeans can be thankful, perhaps, that the government officials chosen for the committee are esssentially of the practical mould.

They will be trying to do practical things, such as reducing frontier formalities and allowing dentists to pull out teeth in any EEC country, regardless of where in the Community they learnt to pull out teeth.

Two very essential differences produce the comparative harmony of the People's Europe Committee and the comparative discord of the councils.

Firstly, People's Europe men are not politicians but senior civil servants. It is, perhaps, a contradiction that a group of faceless bureaucrats should have been given the task of putting a human face on Europe, but they have the advantage of having no obvious political axe to grind.

The second, and inevitably more important difference, is that they are not taking decisions that involve spending more than the bare minimum of money.

Lack of money is the root of all Community indecision.

Ian Murray

EEC to agree rules on farm spending today

From Ian Murray, Brussels

Rules to control spending on EEC farm policies are due to be agreed at long last today in Brussels. This will mark the end of Britain's long, hard battle in the Community for budget reform.

The final details of the rules have been put together by diplomats, theoretically leaving finance and foreign ministers today the task of doing little more than giving formal approval. They will be shown to European Parliament leaders before being adopted for use from the beginning of next year.

Members of the European Parliament are unhappy that their institution has been largely ignored by the Council of Ministers in drawing up the rules, but member-states regard what they have done as being an agreement among themselves, controlling their own actions and in no way involving the parliament. In future farm price proposals will be drawn up using them.

The rules lay down that spending on agriculture must grow more slowly than does the Community's own income. That means that progressively more money would be available *for other policies*

Britain has made agreement on the rules a precondition for paying its share towards the extra £600m cost of running the Communiy this year

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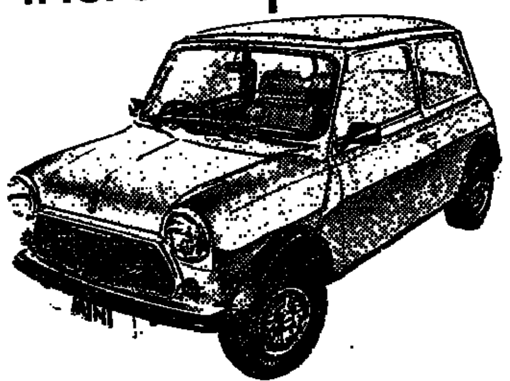
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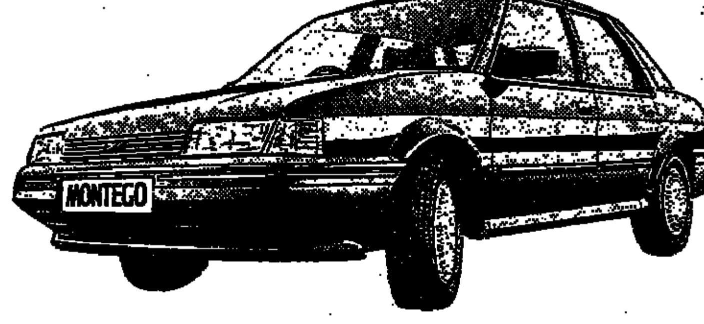
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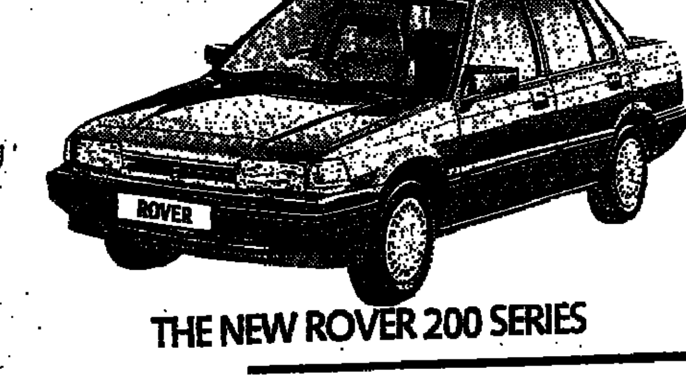
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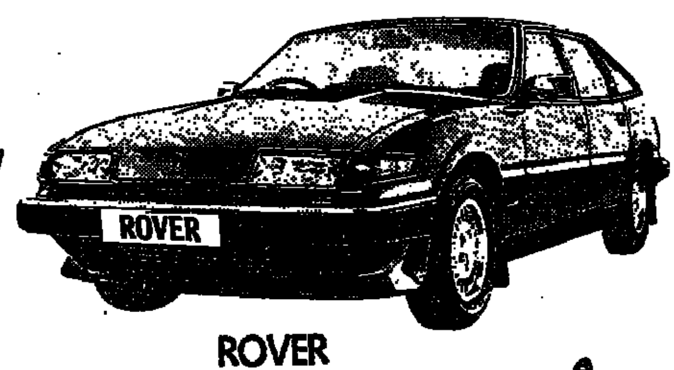
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Returning MPs seek more aid to end Ethiopian 'holocaust'

From Thomson Prentice, Addis Ababa

Three British MPs who have *spent five days in Ethiopia* returned home yesterday to urge the Government to provide substantial long-term aid for what they called the "hunger holocaust".

They will contact the Minister for Overseas Development, Mr Timothy Raison, today to ask for a meeting with him before an adjournment debate on the crisis, scheduled for Wednesday, and to persuade him to visit Ethiopia himself. They also plan talks on Wednesday with Mr Malcolm Rifkind, Minister of State at the Foreign Office.

The MPs, Mr Tony Baldry, Conservative MP for Banbury, Mr Andrew Bennett, Labour MP for Denton and Reddish, and Mr Archy Kirkwood, Liberal MP for Roxburgh and Berwickshire, visited some of the worst-affected famine areas and talked to officials of the Ethiopian Government and relief organizations. They left distressed and convinced that much greater aid commitments are required from Britain and the EEC.

Mr Baldry said: "We want to see a sustained, coordinated long-term campaign of help. There has been 10 years of failure by both West and East to prevent the current disaster."

The MPs said that although the Ethiopians were grateful for the help Britain was giving, they were very fearful that it was going to run out soon.

They said Mr Raison should come to Ethiopia and see the disaster for himself. The television pictures did not convey the extent of the catastrophe.

The MPs left amid conflicting reports of a potential shortage of grain arriving in Ethiopia for famine relief. Some officials believe that only 16,000 tons remain to be unloaded at the main port of Assad and that promised supplies are not arriving promptly enough to feed refugees.

● VIENNA: Bulgaria has sent an aircraft loaded with food and medicine to Ethiopia (Reuter reports).

Another aircraft carrying supplies from the Bulgarian Red Cross left for Ethiopia on Saturday night and early next month a ship carrying technical equipment, including tractors and trucks, will follow.

● GENEVA: The United Nations Disaster Relief Coordinator (UNDRO) coordinating aid to drought-stricken Africa said yesterday it was extremely worried about the situation in Mali (Reuter reports).

Leading article, page 13

Child labour: Part 1

When a lifetime's work begins at six

International attempts to abolish child labour have continued for decades, but every year poverty forces millions of children into adult work. In the first of a two-part series, Alan McGregor in Geneva looks at the extent to which young lives are blighted.

As the world population rises rapidly towards the 5,000 million mark, the first victims of the economic consequences are young children. More than 60 years after the International Labour Conference adopted the first of nine conventions to abolish it, child labour is still a widespread and apparently growing phenomenon.

The number of children under 15 described by the International Labour Organization as prematurely leading adult lives – in working long hours for low wages in conditions harmful to their health, physical and mental development – is put conservatively at 50 million, almost all, of course, in Third World countries. A lifetime's labour begins for some at the age of six or seven.

Both national and international standards are flouted with impunity by employers who have children on 10-hour days, six days a week, in small industrial workshops or even send them underground into the mines. Young girls are given the task of handling microscopically fine wires, often resulting in severe eyesight deterioration within five to eight years. By comparison, shepherd boys, subcontracted to owners of large estates and compelled to maintain their vigilance up to 15 hours a day, seem relatively fortunate.

"The persistence of child labour is an affront to our conscience", says the ILO Director-General, Mr Francis Blanchard. "Its effective abolition is a challenge to the international community." He admits that, with so many children working illegally, collection of information is hampered by the employers' tendency to conceal what is going on from prying eyes.

But on the basis of statistics regarded as approximate it has been established that of the total Third World population in the 10 to 14 age group roughly 11 per cent are economically productive. Percentages for individual countries range from as low as 1.4 to 25 per cent, the higher rates being in Africa, followed by Asia and Latin America, with Southern Europe next at the end of the list.

In Greece, where the former practice of hiring young girls for domestic service has almost completely died out – the same thing is happening also in Egypt, – small workshops are known still to be taking on children for short periods and dismissing them before they become eligible for social insurance.

The European black spot is Italy, with a considerable proportion of illegal child labour concentrated in and around Naples. Boys are used in the building industry as unskilled labourers or in small mechanical or in panel-beating workshops in conditions similar to their Egyptian counterparts and many girls are employed in making shirts or gloves.

An investigation among 32 fifth-year primary school pupils at Altamura in southern Italy showed that 18 worked round the year, usually five or six hours a day – except for four young bakers doing nine to twelve hours – and nine others worked during the summer with their parents in bars or on farms. But even those working all the time were appreciably better off than if they had been born in the Third World proper – or, for that matter, in nineteenth century Britain where children were used in sweeping chimneys or in making hemp until their fingers were raw.

Tomorrow: Attempts to enforce the laws



Starting young: The first step on a ladder for a young Indian construction worker and (right) a man-sized job for a boy hoeing a field (ILO photographs).

Hawke gets boost as jobless figures fall

From Tony Dubondin
Melbourne

When you are on top everything seems to go right. That is certainly the case with the Australian Labour Government, which enjoys a substantial lead in the opinion polls for the December 1 election.

The latest news to boost the party's stocks was the release of the unemployment figures which show that Australia's jobless rate has dropped to the lowest in two years, a fact the Government was quick to claim as a vindication of its economic policies.

The statistics could not have come at a better time for Mr Bob Hawke, the Australian Prime Minister. He was so delighted that he announced the figures on the campaign trail two hours ahead of schedule. They show that 8.6 per cent, or 617,300 of the work force was without a job, a fall from the previous month's figure of 8.8 per cent.

The figures, however, showed a slowing down in the rate of employment growth, a fact that the opposition attempted to highlight in an effort to curb the Government's enthusiasm. But the headlines featured the drop in unemployment. The opposition's warnings of problems in 1985 and beyond may well be correct, but they are not likely to win them any points with the electorate.

There was more bad news on Friday for the opposition in *The Age* newspaper opinion poll which showed that the previous week's revival of support for the coalition parties had faltered from 39 per cent to 36 per cent in a week.

Another poll in *The Australian* on Wednesday showed the Government would be returned with a majority of 48 seats in the House of Representatives on a swing of slightly more than 20 per cent. The government's present majority is 25 seats.



In a week dominated by President Reagan's reelection and Australia's premier horse race, the Melbourne Cup, election promises were few and far between.

The Liberal Party's coalition partner, the National Party, outlined its programme in a policy speech by its leader, Mr Ian Sinclair, which promised an A$8 (about £5.80) a week tax cut for single-income families on the average wage under the opposition's already announced income-splitting tax arrangements.

Mr Sinclair's statement was immediately qualified by the Liberal Party, which said the benefit would not necessarily come in the first year of a coalition government.

This week should see the campaign get into top gear with the Labour Party's policy declaration on Tuesday followed two days later by that of the Liberal Party.

Arthit sticks to his guns in Bangkok

From Neil Kelly
Bangkok

The Thai Government is standing firm against renewed demands by General Arthit Kamlang-ek, the supreme military commander, for a revaluation of the currency, which was devalued last week by almost 15 per cent. He is also calling for the dismissal of some Cabinet ministers.

General Arthit, appearing in Bangkok at the weekend for the first time since the onset of the devaluation crisis, said he would continue to condemn the Government's decision.

Although he suffered serious loss of face when the Prime Minister rejected his demands, the controversial supreme commander appears determined to maintain his confrontation with the Government.

Some of General Arthit's senior colleagues have had second thoughts about backing him. Four of the senior officers who originally supported his demands have since pledged their loyalty to General Prem Tinsulanonda, the Prime Minister.

On his return to Bangkok, General Arthit immediately called in senior Army officers and commanders of combat units of the Army and police for talks. He also had a meeting with railway and other workers now preparing strikes



Poland deposes France in bridge Olympiad

Seattle (Reuter) – Poland are the new World Bridge Team Olympiad champions after deposing France, the 1980 winners, in a 96-board final which ended the two-week contest on Saturday.

After an impressive performance during the 10-day qualifying stages, Poland led France from the first board, ending with a score of 235 international match points to 156 for France.

Poland's late entry for the contest was kept under wraps as long as possible by the World Bridge Federation to minimize any embarrassment from breaking the Eastern European boycott of Olympic-year sporting events in the United States.

The members of the winning Polish team were Piotr Gawrys, aged 29; Henryk Wolny, aged 36; Tomasz Przybora, aged 35; Krzysztof Martens, aged 32; Piotr Tuszynski, aged 29; and Jacek Romanski, aged 32. All are professional men who play bridge as amateurs

● FINAL DRAMA: The women's championship was decided on the last board of a magnificently contested match (a Bridge Correspondent writes). The British women had begun the match 22.5 points behind as they had lost to the Americans by 45 points when they met in the round robin.

Although they never made up the loss they constantly made inroads into it and, with one result to come from one table, the US led by 5.5 points.

It was known that the US had made 11 tricks in a part score contract although there were three aces to lose. At both tables West had opened three diamonds. The American East, Jaqui Mitchell, passed. East for Britain was Pat Davies, who could probably judge that the British women needed a game swing to win. Only one lead could defeat the contract – a spade.

After 30 seconds which felt like 30 minutes Carol Sanders led a spade. The contract was inevitably one down and the US had won 109.5 - 99. Another lead and the score would have been Britain 105, and the US 104.5.

Withdrawal of troops from Chad completed

Paris (Reuter) – France and Libya said at the weekend that they had completed an agreed withdrawal of their forces from Chad. Mr Claude Cheysson, the French Foreign Minister, said his Government was counting on the Chadians themselves to restore peace.

The pullout ended more than a year of tense confrontation in Chad between more than 3,000 French troops supporting President Hissène Habré and an estimated 5,000 Libyans backing the rebel leader, Mr Goukouni Oueddei.

The two sides clashed only once, when a French Jaguar strike aircraft was shot down by ground fire and its pilot was killed.

Chinese leader pays first visit to Spain

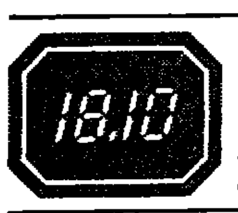
Madrid – The first official visit by a Chinese head of state to Spain was scheduled to begin here today with the arrival of Mr Li Xiannian, president of the Chinese People's Republic, from Majorca, where he has spent the past two days on a private visit (Harry Debelius writes).

He is accompanied by Mr Wu Xuegian, the Chinese Foreign Minister.

Spanish officials, according to diplomatic sources here, are particularly anxious to hear the Foreign Minister's explanation of the agreement regarding Hongkong, because of the light it might shed on the Gibraltar issue.



Like most other white collar workers, police officers work at least eight hours a day, five days a week.



HARROW: An old lady hasn't been seen for a few days and the milk is piling up on her doorstep. A Woman Police Constable breaks in and finds her dead on the floor. Foul play? The Inspector and Police Surgeon are called in.

There the similarity ends.

In a place like London, accidents, football matches, demonstrations, crime, tourists, and the like keep us busy twenty four hours a day, seven days a week.

And since quite a lot of our work involves dealing with London's anti-social elements, anti-social hours are what we tend to work.

You could find yourself up well before the lark on Early Turn, 6am to 2pm.



BERMONDSEY: The Community Liaison Officer visits a local youth club to talk about the dangers of drugs and glue-sniffing. The kids complain about being 'picked on,' so the message doesn't get through this time.

Or you could be putting in a hard day's night while most law-abiding folk are comfortably parked in front of the television.

Look on the bright side, though.

While everyone else is slaving away at work, you can spend an afternoon in the garden or at the squash club.

So much for routine.

There's not much chance of anyone settling into a comfortable routine in the Metropolitan Police.



COVENT GARDEN: A man is seen trying to feed an American Express card into an all-night cash dispenser. It turns out he is high on LSD and the card is high on our stolen list. That won't do nicely at all, sir.

It's one of the few occupations where you can turn up for work and not have an inkling of what the day holds in store for you. You could be called to the scene of a fatal accident, or an armed robbery.

Or you could spend the afternoon in a community centre helping to sort out old people's problems.



ISLINGTON: A man tries to pass a stolen cheque in an off licence. The manager calls us. The man runs off. A woman police officer stops him and finds he's carrying several stolen credit cards.

Every day, you'll find yourself in situations that demand something different from you.

By turns, you'll be a tourist guide, marriage guidance counsellor, diplomat, child psychologist, criminologist, social worker, self defence expert, first aid specialist, lawyer and speaking clock.



CROYDON: The Area Car stops a red Jaguar XJ12 that's being driven erratically. A computer check on the car reveals it's stolen. A computer check on *the driver reveals he's wanted in con*nection with a number of burglaries.

Every one of these jobs requires different individual qualities.

You'll need all of them to get you into the Metropolitan Police Force.

How do you measure up?

First of all, you must be at least 168cms tall if you're a woman and at least 172cms if you're a man.



FULHAM: A bomb reported in a shop doorway. Chief Inspector and C13, Anti-Terrorist Branch called out to assess the situation. The Explosives Officer confirms our worst suspicions were unfounded. Better safe than sorry.

Ideally, the academic qualifications we're looking for are around five good 'O' levels.

Nevertheless, people who've got a string of 'A' levels won't get in if they don't possess all the right personal qualities.

You'll need a lot of common sense, a genuine concern for people, a strong sense of fair play, an agile mind in a fit body and a well developed sense of humour.



SOHO: Two officers spot a man climbing the scaffolding outside an office block. He claims he's looking for his football. They offer to help him look and find all the signs of a break-in. The phantom footballer gets booked.

And as these aren't the sort of things we can discern from an application form, you'll have to go through our two-day selection process.

A copper earns every penny.

The pay is very good. Considering some of the things we'll ask you to do for it, it has to be.



CLAPHAM: An officer in a Panda Car spots a suspiciously parked van. He *investigates and finds three men doing* a clothes shop. He gives chase and with assistance nabs two of them. A good night's work.

At 18½ (our minimum age), the least you'll start on is £8,520, including London allowances.

If you're a bit more mature, you'll be better equipped to help us. So over 22's start on more.

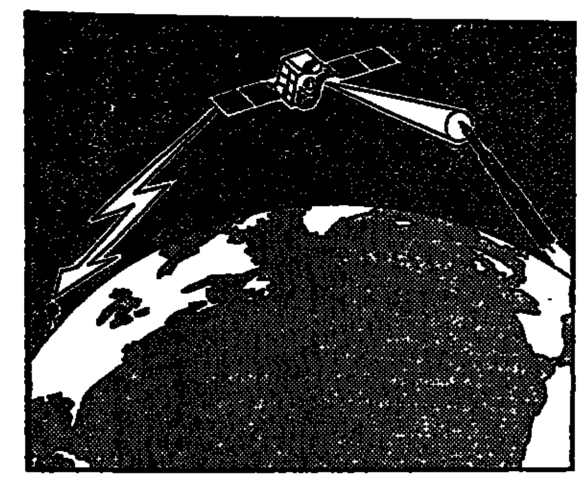
As you gain experience and make progress in the Force, your salary will keep pace. Although you can be sure the hours won't get any easier.

For further information, phone (01) 725 4575. Write to the Appointments Officer, Careers Information Centre, Dept. MD602, New Scotland Yard, London SW1H 0BG.

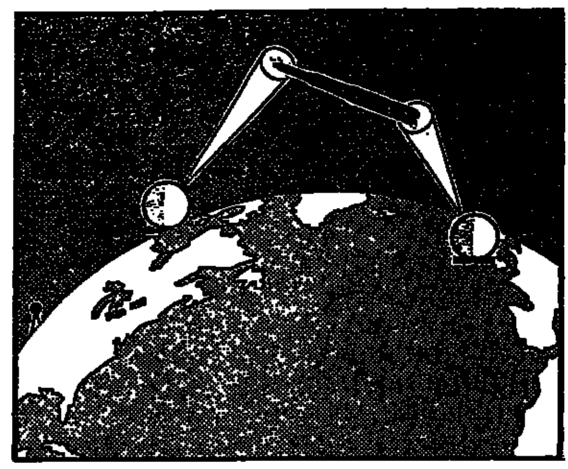
*These incidents are based on real events, but for legal reasons the locations have been changed.

SPECTRUM

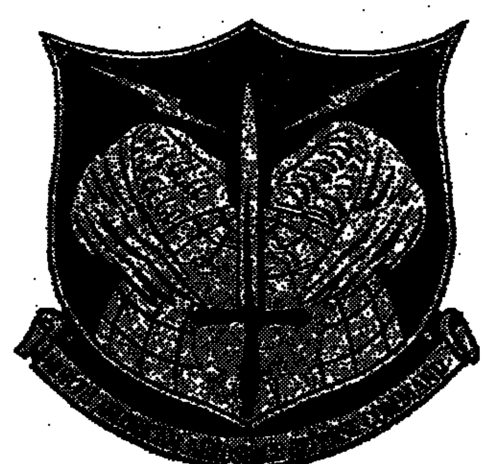
As Ronald Reagan returns to the White House, Thomas Karas, in the first of two reports, explains how improved space communications are helping American nuclear strategists to plan for a protracted war



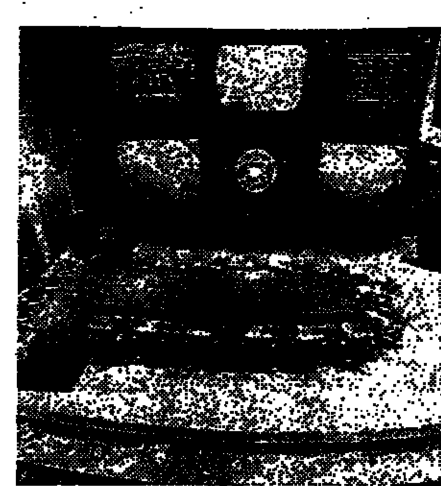
1 US early warning satellites over the East detect the launch of Soviet missiles and signal the North American Aerospace Defence Command (NORAD) in Colorado which is immediately put on "war alert" action stations



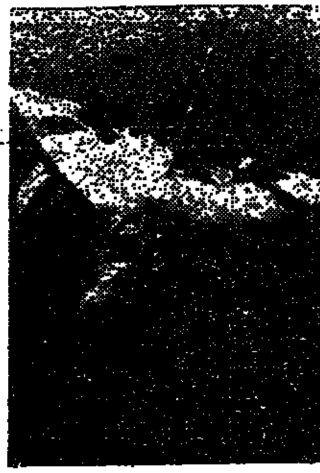
2 A curtain of radar scanners around the US stretching from Alaska to Fylingdales in North Yorkshire track their path and confirm that the rockets are heading for the United States. They also monitor war-heads fired from Russian subs in the West



3 Computers at NORAD work out how many missiles are in flight and pinpoint their targets. The three other US command posts are informed of the attack and assess the threat



4 Underneath the Pentagon, the National Military Command Centre chiefs hold an "on screen" conference with the other centres and warn the White House that it is the real thing....



5 Counterstrike B-52 and FB-111 bombers are ordered to take off from the Strategic Air Command HQ at Offutt Air Force Base, Omaha



6 The President and his advisers board a 747 at St Andrew's Air Force Base, Washington, to conduct the war scenario from the air

Countdown to nuclear war . . . and beyond

When Lewis Carroll's Alice stepped through the looking glass, she entered a world with a logic – or illogic – all its own. Right now, as you read this, an aeroplane called "Looking Glass" circles over the central United States. Looking Glass is the code name for the US Air Force Strategic Air Command's airborne command post. There is a fleet of such planes, but one is always in the air: it doesn't land until another takes off.

Their mission is to pass on orders to American missiles and bombers to deliver their nuclear weapons on the Soviet Union. Looking Glass is just one link in the nuclear command-and-control chain.

Imagine that tomorrow, without notice, the Soviet Union decides to destroy the United States as a military power. The US early warning satellites over the Eastern Hemisphere detect the launch of Soviet missiles and their information is transmitted by satellite to the North American Aerospace Defence Command (NORAD) inside Cheyenne Mountain, Colorado. At the same time the Western Hemisphere warning satellites spot submarine-launched missiles.

Moments later, the radar curtains around the United States and extending from Clear in Alaska to Fylingdales in North Yorkshire confirm that missiles are on the way.

The Command Centre at NORAD has already sprung into action. One of its Honeywell 6000 series computers is at work calculating how many missiles are headed where. Another manages the flow of information in and out of the mountain, sending the NORAD calculations to three other places: to the Strategic Air Command headquarters at Offurtt Air Force Base, Omaha; to the National Military Command Centre underneath the Pentagon; and the Alternative National Military Command Centre near Fort Ritchie, Maryland.

The duty officers at NORAD and the other three command posts call a "Missile Display Conference" to discuss the information coming in. Within a couple of minutes they decide that this could be the real thing and call their superiors, moving to the stage known as the "Threat Assessment Conference."

At this stage, the Strategic Air Command has ordered its alert bombers to get ready to take off, before submarine-launched missiles, a few minutes away, can reach them. The airborne command posts of the Commander in Chief, Atlantic, Europe and Pacific take off. Within five minutes, the B-52 and FB-111 bombers are airborne.

Meanwhile, the four ground command posts have notified the White House Communications Centre of their assessments. The President joins in a "Missile Attack Conference" to decide what to do next. Persuaded that an attack is under way, the President boards his helicopter for Andrews Air Force Base, just outside Washington. He, the Secretary of Defence, and the Joint Chiefs there climb aboard a waiting Boeing 747, known formally as the National Emergency Airborn Command Post (NEACP), known informally as "Kneecap".

The reason for all these airborne command posts is the working assumption that all the ground command posts – the Pentagon, the bunker at Fort Ritchie, the Strategic Air Command underground posts at Offutt and Cheyenne Mountain – will be demolished about 30 minutes into the war.

Even before his plane is in the air, the President has to make a hard decision: does he order the Strategic Air Command to launch its Minuteman Intercontinental Ballistic Missiles or does he wait to find out where and when the Soviet nuclear weapons will explode?

Suppose the President decides to launch. The military, always with him, pulls out the "go-codes" – the secret messages that will verify to the military commanders that this is really the President and that he is really authorizing release of the Emergency Action Message.

From Kneecap, possibly via satellite, the message goes out. Now Looking Glass goes into action: under missile fields in Missouri, North Dakota, Montana, Wyoming, Arizona, Arkansas, missile launch control centres receive their orders. They're all equipped with satellite terminals in case their other communications links are cut.

Overhead cruise other SAC (Strategic Air Command) aircraft, parts of the Airborne Launch Control System. If the underground launch control centres are destroyed, these aircraft can take over the launching of the missiles below.

If communications to any of the bases have broken down, Kneecap may order the launch of certain Minuteman missiles which contain the tape recorders and radios of the Emergency Rocket Communications System, (ERCS). The commanders can record the Emergency Action Message on the ERCS and the rocket-borne radios will play the message back from hundreds of miles up.

While SAC is launching the missiles and passing final target orders to the bombers, the Navy orders its submarines to prepare to launch their nuclear missiles. The Navy has ground-based low-frequency and very-low-frequency radio broadcast stations, but these too have to be considered expendable.

Always in the air over the Atlantic is a TACAMO (Take Charge and Move Out) plane which trails a long wire antenna to broadcast the Emergency Action Message via very-low-frequency radio to the submerged ballistic missile submarines. Many of the subs will be instructed to stand by for later launch orders. Others will launch missiles immediately, so as to "soften up" Soviet air defences for the approaching B-52s, FB-111s, and air-launched cruise missiles.

It would seem to be all over at this point. Nuclear war. National destruction. As the military might put it, "Deterrence has failed". Bombers and subs may wreak their revenge, their "retaliatory strikes", but they'll have little to come home to.

But such is not current military thinking. According to General Richard Ellis, USAF (Director, Joint Strategic Connectivity Staff, Joint Chiefs of Staff; Commander in Chief, Strategic Air Command; Director, Strategic Target Planing, Joint Chiefs of Staff): "We have come a long way since the early days of nuclear planning when we were concerned only with the initial attack.

"Today, our nuclear strategy has changed under national directive to the point where we are required to have a flexible plan, to have options available to the President, to have an enduring capability that can last for an indefinite period, and to be able to exercise control over a reconstituted force after perhaps several exchanges."

As a first step toward building a control network, the Air Force has put together the Air Force Satellite Communications Network (AFSATCOM). It has no satellites devoted solely to its purposes – its transponders (relay radios) ride on other satellites. One type of satellite with AFSATCOM equipment is the FLTSATCOM.

But how plausible is the idea of a "limited" or "protracted" nuclear war? In a report to Congress, Harold Brown, Secretary of Defence under President Carter, emphasized that the new preparations for "nuclear war fighting" that he was promoting did not mean he thought we could "win" a nuclear war, but only that he wanted to persuade the Soviets that *they* could not win one.

It's not clear that all the uniformed military men are quite so pessimistic. For example, Lieutenant General James W. Stansberry, head of the Air Force Electronic Systems Division, was recently quoted as saying: "The idea that there was no way to win a nuclear war exchange sort of invalidated the need for anything survivable. There is a shift now in nuclear weapons planning, and a proper element in nuclear deterrence is that we be able to keep on fighting."

By the logic of the Looking Glass world, the best way to avoid nuclear war is to be convincingly ready to fight it. A Lee Lorenz cartoon in *The New Yorker* has one general say to another, "As I see it, our commitment to the peace process is only credible if our commitment to the war process is credible."

That expresses the logic of deterrence exactly. It is not enough that the Soviet Union should be threatened with unprecedented damage to its society and economy in a nuclear war: Soviet military planners, the logic goes, are most likely to be deterred from risking war if they believe that after the first round, they will have fewer nuclear weapons left in reserve than the US does.

They should be made to believe that no matter what else happens to our society, the US will be able to continue lobbing nuclear weapons back and forth as long as they can; that no matter how much damage they can inflict on the United States, they will suffer even more damage themselves.

Building satellite communications systems that can survive a nuclear war is a demanding task. The satellites themselves might come under Soviet attack. Nuclear explosions emit intense bursts of energy across the electromagnetic spectrum – the electromagnetic pulse effect. This can damage all kinds of electronic equipment, in space or on the ground, and could play havoc with satellite communications systems. And, of course, the ground segments – terminals, switching stations, land lines – of military satellite systems will be subject to the destructive blast and heat effects of nuclear weapons.

So Pentagon planners, particularly those in the Air Force Space and Electronic Systems divisions, are busily trying to cope with the threats. The FLTSATCOM satellites, for example, are "nuclear hardened" against the electromagnetic pulse effect, as are the AFSATCOM terminals.

The next generation of Defence Satellite Communications Systems satellites now being deployed is also EMP-resistant. General Electric has designed the satellite to resist the effects of nuclear weapons and Soviet radio jamming attempts.

The Lincoln Experimental Satellites, LES-8 and LES-9, can relay radio signals not only from one point on the ground to another, but from one point on the ground to one satellite to another satellite to another point on the ground.

For three years running, the Pentagon went to Congress with a proposal for the Strategic Satellite System (STRATSAT), whose sole purpose was to maintain communications during nuclear war. After the third year of rejection, the communications planners dropped STRATSAT, went back to their drawing boards, and came up with Milstar (Military Strategic Tactical and Relay).

The idea is to combine more communications services in one type of satellite. Unlike STRATSAT, Milstar will probably be in geostationary orbit like STRATSAT, it will be designed to survive a nuclear war and provide "strategic connectivity" to the nuclear forces. Major General Gerald Hendricks, vice commander of the Air Force Space Division, boasted in 1982: "Milstar is designed to be a war-fighting system. The first of its kind."

The Defence Advanced Research Projects Agency (DARPA) is studying PACSAT – Passive Communications Satellite. In a low orbit would be a 3,000-foot chain of thousands of small spherical reflectors, less than an inch across. Although Soviet radars or telescopes wouldn't be able to spot them, US transmitters could bounce radio messages off them, sending out Emergency Action Messages to the nuclear forces.

Ideas like PACSAT are the responsibility of the Strategic Technology Office at DARPA. Colonel Charles Heimach, USAF, Assistant Director for Advanced Concepts in that office in 1981, said: "For many years people felt that the execution of the SIOP (Single Integrated Operation Plan) would be that everything was thrown at each side and the world came to an end, and so you really didn't care about the satellites.

"Well, now people are starting to rethink what might happen in a war. The problem is, you can't sign up to one scenario: the worst can happen in many different ways, and you have to prepare to deal with it."

The New High Ground. Strategies and weapons of space age war, published today by New English Library, £9.95.

Deadly deterrent: A warhead is mated to a US Minuteman 111

TOMORROW

Out of this world: The space wars

A plane man's guide to the flying circus

moreover . . . Miles Kington

An experienced traveller can be defined as someone who knows what the different classes on today's airlines mean. Most of us, to be honest, are therefore not experienced travellers, as airline class divisions are almost as confusing as British class divisions.

So here, as a service to readers, is a brief catalogue of the classes you are most likely to meet in international air travel.

Travel Class (also known as Tourist Class, Ordinary Class and Punter Class): This is the ordinary basic class of travel, which you are entitled to if you have paid the full fare. If you have paid less than the full fare, you go into a superior class. Going travel class entitles you to leg-room (i.e. room for one leg), a view of the central aisle and a personal light over head, so positioned that it shines on your scalp and casts your book into shadow.

It is advisable to go to the lavatory before boarding, because as soon as the Fasten Seat Belt sign is switched off, the cabin crew wheel forward a trolley to block your access to the toilets for the rest of the flight.

Club Class (sometimes called Business Class, Executive Class, etc): Exactly the same as Travel Class except that there is a curtain between the two. This is drawn after take-off to make the people in Travel Class feel they're missing something. What they are missing is only a free drink, and a tape recording of laughter, singing, cries of joy etc, which is switched on to make Travel Class feel they're *really* missing something.

Upper Middle Class: This is a small section towards the front of the plane, reserved entirely for very famous people who do not wish to be recognized. Once word gets around the plane about the VIPs on board, everyone for the other classes goes to have a look. This class usually also contains a distinguished looking mother with a squalling brat, so that the VIPs can get no sleep. No wonder the famous people always look tired.

Middle Middle Class: This is mostly found on the largest planes and consists of seats right in the middle of rows of five seats, so that the occupant cannot reach his luggage, go to the lavatory, see a window, talk to a stewardess or take his shoes off without being very unpopular indeed. You get a very good view of the movie, though. Even if, as is normally the case, you don't want to.

Brief Case Class: The airline companies have discovered that business travellers do a lot of travelling, so they have begun to install a class equipped with secretaries, tape recorders, ticker-tape machines, photographs of their wives in gilt frames, etc. As most businessmen want only to get mildly drunk and flirt with the stewardess, this seems misplaced enterprise.

Cabin Class: This is the most exclusive class, as you get your own cabin, right at the front of the plane, and the best view of anyone. Unfortunately, you also have to fly the plane.

Standing Class: On every plane you will find some smokers trapped in the non-smoking areas. They all drift eventually to an unused area at the back of the plane and stand there smoking with all the nonchalant guiltiness of people glimpsed inside betting shops. They are made even more guilty by stewards who cannot get past and people who think they are the queue for the toilets.

Toilet Class: Many people prefer to spend an aeroplane flight in the privacy of their own bathroom, which is why the toilets on planes are engaged so long and so often.

Master Class: Here you have to share with Yehudi Menuhin.

Study Class: Air travellers are divided into two main groups. Those who, when the plane comes to a standstill, stay in their seats and go to sleep – and those who jump to their feet and stand motionless, and embarrassed, for 10 minutes. These are known as standbys.

Steward Class: The only class which is actually paid to fly. Unfortunately, you also have to act as skivvy, nanny, au pair girl, waitress, cleaning lady, first aid expert, linguist, amateur psychiatrist and barmaid.

CONCISE CROSSWORD (No 493)

ACROSS
1 Design form (5)
4 Necrosis (7)
8 Pasta wheat (5)
9 Huge (7)
10 Shoe makers (8)
11 Small pond (4)
13 Monochrome painting (11)
17 Chief (4)
18 Motherly (8)
21 W Indian tune (7)
22 Aspect (5)
23 Theft (7)
24 Songlike (5)

DOWN
1 Doctors (6)
2 Pulsate (5)
3 Well-known (8)
4 Questioning (13)
5 Destiny (4)
6 Spite (7)
7 Itch (6)
12 Disdainful (8)
14 Speech interrupter (7)
15 Package (6)
16 Occult (6)
19 More pleasant (5)
20 Domed recess (4)

Recommended dictionary is the New Collins Concise

MONDAY PAGE

Diana Geddes looks at France in the first part of a series on the equality of the sexes in Europe

Women with savoir faire

EUROPEAN WOMEN Part 1

A beautiful woman is walking along a narrow Parisian pavement when she comes face to face with an Englishman. Murmuring "Good day", and raising his hat, he steps off into the gutter to allow the woman to pass. A little later a Frenchman greets her with extravagant flowery phrases, praising her dress, admiring her eyes, while brushing her aside into the muddy gutter so that he can continue dry foot along the pavement.

The story may be a little exaggerated and a little outmoded but many French women who have reached the top in what used to be considered an exclusively male domain complain that they still feel they are flattered and charmed, but treated with a certain condescension by men. They are not quite taken seriously.

Abortion is now virtually free. New, much tougher legislation on equality at work has been brought in to allow unions to take cases to court on behalf of members, and to shift the burden of proof from employee to employer. The only jobs where the applicant's sex may now be specified are those in which a particular sex is essential for the job, such as modelling and acting.

Training opportunities for girls, although still much scarcer than those for boys, have been greatly increased. Committees have been set up to weed out "sexist cliches" from school books.

The Ministry of Women's Rights has been upgraded and given a budget of its own which, although still small, amounting to only a little over £9m this year, at least gives it real power for the first time. The ministry is in the hands of a tough, feminist militant, Mme Yvette Roudy, aged 55, who is better known for her aggressive energy and direct manner than for her charm and diplomacy.

But times are changing, and the past 20 years have seen extraordinary progress for the emancipation of women in France. It is sometimes difficult to remember that French women did not get the vote until the end of the Second World War; that modern forms of contraception were not legalized until 1967; and that abortion was not legalized until 1975.

During the past decade in particular, one male bastion after another has fallen. A woman was finally elected a member of the Académie Française, France's most exclusive "club", in 1980, and there are now female airline pilots, rugby referees, casino croupiers, ambassadors, *préfets* – the highest government representatives in the *départements* – bank presidents, company managing directors, army generals, Cabinet ministers, police chiefs, and even a lord chief justice.

Their numbers, however, are still small. As in Britain, women now constitute nearly half the total



Yvette Roudy: Minister with plans to 'feminize' the language

workforce but are still predominantly in low-paid unskilled jobs. A law requiring equal pay for equal work has been in existence since 1972 but a woman's average pay remains about a quarter lower than a man's.

The armed forces, which began their so-called "feminization" 13 years ago, have now opened their doors to women in virtually all units, except the combat divisions. The élite army officer training school at St Cyr has been accepting women for five years; the air force has trained women as pilots since 1972, though not yet as fighter pilots; and the navy has been taking women on to its battleships on an experimental basis since last year.

The Government has even just appointed its first female junior defence minister and has announced that women are soon to be admitted to the army's infantry and tank divisions.

Progress in politics has been slower. There even seems to have been some regression compared with the situation immediately after the war when 42 women MPs were returned. But that was exceptional; throughout the Fifth Republic until 1978, fewer than 10 women were elected.

There are now 28 women out of a total of 491 *députés*, and 10 women out of 307 senators. In local government, the situation is not much better – women represent 14 per cent of municipal councillors and 3 per cent of mayors.

The Socialists recently tried to introduce a Bill stipulating that a minimum of 30 per cent of candidates on party lists for local elections had to be women, but the Bill was deemed to be unconstitutional and had to be dropped. It was probably just as well, as the parties were having great difficulty finding enough women who wanted to stand.

Women are nevertheless managing to break through at the top. Although the new Government contains the same number of women ministers – six out of a total of 42 – as the previous Mauroy Government and the Barre Government of 1978, a record number of three, out of 16, have been given full Cabinet posts, including two with responsibility for the key, traditionally "male" ministries of industry, trade and social affairs.

Lower down, attitudes are changing, but more slowly. Often it is the women themselves, particularly those who stay at home, who represent society's most conservative element.

A poll five years ago showed 59 per cent of housewives who had never gone out to work were opposed to the idea of a woman as president, compared with only 38 per cent of women who had, or used to have, jobs. The latest polls suggest that only 18 per cent of both men and women would now be opposed to a woman president.

Giscard d'Estaing was the first to create a ministry specifically for women's affairs. He was also the first to appoint a woman to a senior ministerial post, if one discounts the woman appointed for one year as health minister after the war.

Giscard came to power when things were already changing. More and more girls were staying on at school to take their *baccalaureat* before going on to university. Women now constitute 50 per cent of the university population.

The *événements* of 1968 had had a dramatic liberalizing effect on French mores and attitudes. The feminist movement was young, strong and vocal. Giscard, himself genuinely sympathetic to the liberationists' cause, played on the prevalent mood.

During the seven years of his presidency 10 major Bills concerning women's rights were pushed through, compared with three in the 11 years of de Gaulle's rule, legalizing abortion, introducing equity at work, allowing divorce by mutual consent, changing the tax laws and so on.

Much of it, however, was ineffective. Abortion, although legal, had to be paid for in full, for example, and a woman who believed she had been discriminated against at work had to prove her own case before the courts. It was left to the Socialists, long associated with women's rights, to consolidate what Giscard had begun.

Mme Roudy has achieved some important results, but even some feminists now feel she is going too far in her efforts to improve the image of women. She received a bad press for her proposed "anti-sexist" Bill, based on the existing anti-racist legislation, which would make it an offence to publish an image of a woman which was degrading, demeaning or liable to provoke discrimination against women.

Mme Roudy's proposals to "feminize" the French language by introducing feminine versions of now exclusively masculine words have been greeted with no greater enthusiasm.

When asked if having a Ministry of Women's Rights was not somewhat sexist, Mme Roudy retorted: "Of course not! There are 41 other ministries looking after men's rights."

The feminist movement is virtually non-existent as a political force in France. Always deeply divided and never as militant as their American or British counterparts, the French feminists seem to have been emasculated (if that is not too contradictory) by having a party in power that is rooting for their own cause.

But the country which produced one of the world's greatest feminists, Simone de Beauvoir, whose seminal book *The Second Sex*, was published 35 years ago, has never really been interested in women's liberation. A recent poll showed that most French women consider motherhood the most important thing for a woman's happiness, followed by life as a couple, (married or unmarried). Having a job came a poor third. *Plus ca change...*



Charm and careful attention to detail

Puck Simonet (above), an exuberant, elegant woman in her fifties, was asked to run the four-star Paris hotel, the Royal Monceau, four years ago. Now she is launching an exclusive club for top professional women, the Club des Femmes. She is married with two children.

"I've a lot of charm and I use it – my husband always says that I could charm a dustbin. I don't feel any condescension from men. On the contrary, men seem to be particularly prompt in expressing their admiration for what I've done. I had no idea about business, but I've stayed in many of the world's best hotels. The first thing I did was to attend to details. I then set about modernizing the whole hotel, putting in two new restaurants – the turnover doubled last year."

On Wednesday

How Italian women have rebelled

PENNY PERRICK

Scenes from the TV hospitality room

On television, the role play is the thing. Which is why at 8.15 last Thursday morning I was all dressed up as fulfilled career woman, in unaccustomed lipstick and a silk blouse.

Jill Posener, the photographer who invented those witty graffiti postcards such as "To Volvo a son. Better luck next time", was wearing the acceptable face of feminism: a glowing schoolgirl complexion and dazzling white socks and sneakers.

Both of us were hoping to compare favourably with Mrs Yvonne Stayt, the general secretary of the Campaign for the Feminine Woman, with whom we were due to appear on the BBC programme, *Taking Sides*, which goes out simultaneously on television and radio.

Somehow or other I had got it into my head that Mrs Stayt was a Dolly Parton lookalike, all girlish ruffles and startling measurements. This was because I had confused her with Bettine LeBeau, the head of a rival organization called the Feminine Touch, who had not been asked to appear on the programme, perhaps because she was fully occupied in making her husband's toast.

It was Mrs LeBeau who once advocated cutting toast into heart shapes before serving, an enterprise which would not leave anyone much time to do anything else of a morning.

Although Mrs Stayt's promotional literature is "in praise of femininity and the feminine woman" and states that "the female role is essentially submissive", Mrs Stayt is the most unsubmissive women you could possibly imagine. Her iron-grey hair is cut severely and short and instead of the frothy dress and ridiculous stilettos that I had mentally assigned to her, her chosen outfit was a brisk wool suit and comfy brogues. I suspect that Mrs Stayt serves her husband toast, which is cut into no-nonsense squares, with the crusts left on.

The programme, on women and work, which resulted from these strange encounters was merely the tip of the iceberg. The real dramas took place afterwards in the hospitality room. It was there that a woman company director swore that never again would she use a particular recruitment agency since its chief executive, another participant on *Taking Sides*, had publicly admitted that a woman's place was not in the boardroom.

"How can I trust someone to find staff for me", she raged, "if he's already weeded out perfectly suitable candidates because of his own prejudices?"

She was calmed down by the Avon Gentleman, an employee of the well-known cosmetic company, who worked with women, or, as he put it, "ladies" at every level. One of his jobs is to train the people who go into customers' homes and demonstrate the new range of blushers. "What is the first thing you teach them?" I asked him. "How to knock on doors properly."

I had visions of regiments of Avon ladies, before training, forgetting to take their finger off the door-chime long after it had sung out "Ding-dong"; shouting "Coo-ee" through the letterbox; or even giving the door an uncouth thump. I wonder if the Avon Gentleman would consider extending his courses to include teenage children, Post Office delivery men and all those people who ring the doorbell when you're in the bath.

Having written three books on women and work, it does seem odd to me that so much passion is generated by the subject. People must have realized by now that working women are a fact of life like UHT milk and computers.

Yet one man on *Taking Sides* brought out the old saw about the "immorality" of women working, which made me splutter indignantly. After the programme, the man who had so enraged me said: "I'm sorry I upset you; I just wanted to stir things up."

That is not the sort of thing that happens when I am sitting safely behind my typewriter. I don't have to put on lipstick for it, either.

Pity the French feminists determined to rewrite the dictionary in the interests of equality, for they live in a country whose language has little neutral ground and every concept from le plaisir *to* la tristesse *has been designated a gender. Yvette Roudy, the minister for women's rights, has appointed a commission to feminize professions which have, until now, always been in the masculine gender – but it is hard work and leads to anomalies.* La juge *looks a bit peculiar, for example. And the feminization of some words leads to confusion since it completely alters the meaning. For instance, a head of state* (chef d'état) *can't easily change gender because a* cheftaine-d'état *is a girl guide leader. I can hear mutterings that that is exactly what a female head of state seems like but I choose to ignore them.*



Simone Veil, aged 57, was leader of the main opposition list during this year's European election, and is former president of the European Parliament. She was interned as a Jew in a concentration camp where her mother died in her arms. Her father and brother were also killed. She went on to become one of France's first women judges, then the first female Cabinet member under the Fifth Republic as Minister of Health (1974-79)

From the death camps to the courts and the Cabinet

"I found it difficult at first as a woman to embark on a successful career, but once I was accepted as a judge there were definite advantages. Women were a rarity. I was chosen as a minister, for example, simply because I was a woman.

But there are definite disadvantages. People query your authority much more when you're a woman – that's perhaps why some women get a bit touchy and even aggressive.

Men treat you with courtesy, but with a certain paternalism. Women speak more directly than men with fewer impressive empty phrases. They're less elegant perhaps, but more sincere and less pompous."



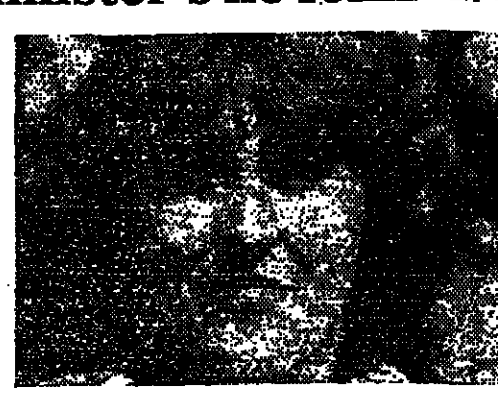
Francine Gomez, an attractive blonde aged 51, has been managing director of the highly successful Waterman pen company, owned by her family, since 1972. She formed and led a new centre party in the last European elections – but her first foray into politics was a flop. She is twice divorced and has two daughters.

The token that every company wants to have in the boardroom

"I love to look good and wear beautiful clothes, but I think I would be more credible if I were less attractive. I would be taken more seriously if I were big and strong and looked more like a man. A career in business is more difficult to begin with, being a woman, but once you prove you can produce the results, you are given an importance you would never get if you were a man. All doors are open to you because there are so few of you at the top: all companies want a token woman on their board, their committee.

Men take themselves much more seriously and don't criticize themselves nearly as much. Women seem less able to divide their lives into separate compartments: they take their personal problems into the office."

Feminine, but the minister's no feminist



Edith Cresson, aged 50, is Minister for Trade and Industry, former Minister of Agriculture, and long-standing friend of President Mitterrand. She is married with two children.

"I play on my femininity and looks, but I don't think that is very important. I feel I am a minister first, not a woman. I think that, as a woman, I probably had to work harder than a man to prove myself. Still, the advantages outweigh the disadvantages–people are muh nicer to you.

Sometimes I feel men are being condescending, but that amuses rather than irritates me. I am not a feminist in the normal sense but, you know, men are only irreplaceable in one area – one's private life"

THE TIMES DIARY

Defective case

Count Nikolai Tolstoy, president of the Soviet Prisoners Afghan Rescue Committee, condemned Lord Bethell yesterday for bringing the defecting Russian soldiers – who returned to their homeland yesterday – to Britain in the first place. Count Tolstoy said the soldiers were "the last people who should have been brought over". and Lord Bethell may now have ruined the committee's chances of getting more deserving Russian cases out of Afghanistan. "We knew all about these two soldiers. Our representative visited them in Pakistan long before Lord Bethell. Unfortunately they were hopeless drug addicts on opium. We now fear the experience of these men will harm our efforts to bring out about 20 other soldiers at a time when we were gaining the confidence of western governments to accept them. Lord Bethell never sought our help or advice." Lord Bethell replied that the alternative to bringing the soldiers over was to "let them rot and die... they implored me to help them and I did", he said.

Home truths

The two Russian soldiers were due to leave London today for a new home in Manchester. The move, arranged by Lady Phillimore – a White Russian who had recently hosted the soldiers for weekends at her home in Henley in Oxfordshire – would have meant living with people their own age. The elderly Ukrainian couple with whom they had been staying in Acton, west London, told my reporter Frances Welch that the two young men were desperately homesick. The soldiers, who were paying their rent out of Social Security, had become bored, listless, and sat around all day watching television, drinking and listening to Russian records. In the past few weeks the soldiers' only lifeline was the chance of emigrating to Canada, but I understand this was refused because of their drug-taking record: "The news that they could not go came as a terrible blow". said the couple. Their English was limited to a few words, and although Lady Phillimore arranged for them to attend English lessons. the couple doubted they ever attended: "Their hearts were not in it – the pull home was too strong".

Cross bones

Chay Blyth's collarbone was broken not during but after the rescue off Cape Horn. Blyth was being hauled aboard the Kirishima, a Chilean fishing vessel, when a wave caught him and banged him against the side, dislocating his shoulder. "The ship's doctor, who wasn't really a doctor, tried to put it back again, and in his enthusiasm broke my collarbone", a disgruntled Mr B told me yesterday from his hospital bed in Chile.

Docked pay

NUM organizers in Yorkshire now know how it feels to be on the wrong end of industrial action over differentials. Last week Barnsley area pickets, usually paid £15 a car load, demanded parity with comrades in other parts of the coalfield who, they claimed, were getting £21 a day. This piece of picketline trivia is being treated seriously by solicitors representing working miners. They will argue in the High Court today that it proves their allegation that Yorkshire NUM is using official union funds to finance unlawful picketing.

BARRY FANTONI



"Each car comes with an instruction manual and Halsbury's Laws of England"

Krazy

One of the Israelis awaiting trial in Brixton prison, accused of kidnapping former Nigerian minister Umaru Dikko in July, faces a bizarre new charge. Felix Abitbol has been charged with assaulting a prison officer who was allegedly wearing a Ku Klux Klan-style mask. A Home Office spokesman admits that some officers on duty the Thursday before last made a "Hallowe'en mask" from a white plastic bag and took turns at trying it on in front of remand prisoners. The spokesman says a prisoner – whom he did not name – attacked the officer under the mistaken impression that he was showing sympathy for the Klan; the prisoner now accepts he was wrong. My sources are not convinced. They claim the officer was also carrying a white staff, another Klan symbol, and point out that Hallowe'en was on Wednesday, not Thursday. Anthony Pearson, the prison governor, has held an inquiry and four officers have now been charged with discipline offences.

PHS



'Whoever believes Solidarity can be liquidated believes in miracles': one of Jaruzelski's most influential opponents gives an exclusive interview to Timothy Garton Ash

Poland: the fight goes on

Adam Michnik is a Polish Orwell. Like Orwell, he has turned political writing into an art. Like Orwell, he has devoted much of his life as well as his work to the pursuit of moral absolutes in politics. One of the most charismatic figures in Poland's democratic opposition, he was among the KOR (Workers' Defence Committee) activists released without trial following the July amnesty. Now he is back in his Warsaw flat, surrounded by piles of books, published officially and otherwise.

In the first major interview which he has given since his release, he criticized the Jaruzelski regime and said a personal "thank you" for western sanctions – although the threat of rearrest hangs over him all the time. After the murder of Father Jerzy Popieluszko he felt he could no longer keep silent: "I think that to some extent we are *all* responsible for this murder"," he said.

When he and his friends read a pseudonymous article by government spokesman Jerzy Urban which sharply attacked Father Popieluszko a few weeks before his death, "we reacted only with irony and disgust ...None of us had sufficient imagination to see in that article a portent of murder. Today I think that if I had then had more imagination, and had publicly accused Urban of incitement to murder, I might have been sentenced for slander, but Father Jerzy might still be alive".

Would he then say that the Jaruzelski government is directly responsible for the murder? "It is directly responsible at least in the sense that it has educated Security Service functionaries (secret policemen) in the conviction that they can murder with impunity. In the last 10 or 15 years no functionary of the Security Service has been brought to court for violence against a citizen, so long as that citizen was a political opponent." And he went on to enumerate, with a slow passion, the main cases of state violence, from the shooting of workers on the Baltic coast in December 1970 to the last victims of martial law.

The assassination of Popieuszko, he said, "is certainly the deepest shock since December 13, 1981" – when Jaruzerski declared the "state of war". The consequences are impossible to predict – as were the consequences of the reprisals against workers in Radom in 1976, which led to the founding of KOR, and ultimately to August 1980...

Michnik declined to pass judgment on Cardinal Glemp's repeated appeals for calm and order over the last few weeks. But he did offer his own ideas on the best way to preempt unrest: "The path to calm is the organization of a movement to bring the security apparatus under social control. All Poland's historical experience tells us that appeals for calm ... may in practice turn out to be appeals to unrest – because it is not realistic to suppose that people will be calm in the face of murder."



Michnik: "Dialogue, yes – but it must be genuine"

On emerging from a long incarceration, what does he find has survived of Solidarity? "Everything which is most important." What it has lost is the careerists and opportunists. It is now "a powerful movement ... well aware of its long-term goals", but also conscious "that it may be a long road yet".

"Whoever believes today, almost three years after the imposition of martial law, that Solidarity can be liquidated, believes in miracles. Communists should not believe in miracles." Michnik suggested that now might be the time to form "open" as well as underground organizations. (There was much discussion in Warsaw of the possibility of forming a Committee in Defence of Legality – KOP not KOR – like the one which has already announced its existence in Wroclaw.)

He punched home the message that reason and the non-confrontational course have won in Solidarity. They would not pay back the secret police in kind. "We are not fighting for power, but only for the democratic shape of our country. Any kind of terrorism necessarily leads to moral debasement ... In the Poland for which Solidarity is fighting there will be no place for such murders."

Looking ahead, "the Polish people, aspiring to independence and democracy, are faced with the prospect either of a succession of complex and arduous compromises, or of rivers of blood, from which we, as a nation, might simply not emerge alive. So long as it is still possible to seek compromise solutions we should do everything to find them. Everyone knows today that compromise is one thing, capitulation quite another ...".

He returned insistently to this theme. There are only two ways to solve all the accumulated, painful conflicts in Poland, he said: "Either by force or by dialogue ... I am absolutely convinced that the leaders of Solidarity, whether Lech Walensa or Zbigniew Bujak, are ready for a dialogue ... but they want a *dialogue* – that is talks between citizens, not between prison governor and prisoners." He would like to think that some broad national agreement, like those of August 1980, was still possible. But the only path to agreement is that of independent organization. The Poles must organize themselves in self-defence against people like the murderers of Father Popieluszko, and those who hired them.

I mentioned the interest displayed by some sectors of the western peace movement in dialogue with opposition activists in Eastern Europe.

"Of course we always need dialogue with people of good will", said Michnik. "But people should understand that wars do not break out because people possess guns. Wars break out because people create political systems directed towards expansion and conquest. The Germans attacked Poland and the whole world in 1939 not because they had tanks but because they had Hitler." And the contemporary moral: "The struggle for peace only makes sense in today's world as a struggle for the respect of human rights. For me that is the test of all peace movements. If an anti-war movement does not make respect for human rights its first demand, it is not an anti-war movement. It is a *pseudo* anti-war movement."

When I asked him generally about western reactions to the "state of war" in Poland, he made a quite surprising reply: "Never in the last 200 hundred years have western states and western public opinion behaved so loyally and so wisely as they do now." Poland, he explained, has a "betrayal complex". Poles feel they will always be betrayed by the West, as they were "in the period of the partitions, in the Napoleonic era, at the time of our national risings, and at the time of Yalta .... Before December 13 no reasonable person in Poland would have expected that, as a result of some political catastrophe, the West would come to our aid. At least I can say that of myself – I often spoke in this vein. So what happened surprised me – this broad and splendid movement of solidarity with Poland, of solidarity with Solidarity, of aid for Poland .."

And western sanctions ...? Even if sanctions were as economically damaging "as we read in *Trybuna Ludu*", he replied, "the responsibility for these sanctions lies with this (the Polish) government ....

"As for Polish public opinion, the matter is simple: these sanctions were generally regarded as an act of solidarity with the Polish people ... and if they were so conceived by western leaders, then they have fulfilled their role the whole time. It seems to me that I have to thank the policy of sanctions, among other things, for the fact that we can talk here today, that I'm sitting here in my flat and not in jail. For this defence of my colleagues and myself, I should like to offer my warmest thanks to all our defenders."

Amazingly, while in prison Adam Michnik managed to write no fewer than three books – and to smuggle them out to his publishers underground and in the West: "This only goes to show that there is no place under the sun where someone with a really bad character can't get by", he commented wryly.

What are his personal plans now? "I would like to be *useful* – useful today, in a situation which I hope requires different kinds of people, including those who are not politicians but men of letters, men of reflection and protest ... In any case, prison has not brought me to the conviction that we should keep silent when confronted with murders. On the contrary, I emerged with the conviction that only open, plain speaking can save one man's life, and open the prison gates for another – as it did for me." So, characteristically, he ended up talking not about himself, but about his friends and colleagues, the Solidarity activists still in prison.

The full text of this interview will be published in the December issue of Encounter.

Vernon Bogdanor

Sorry, this won't work either

Northern Ireland's conflicting national aspirations – the British identity of the majority unionists, and the Irish identity of the minority nationalists – cannot be resolved by altering a line on the map or declaring that the aspirations of one community should be realized at the expense of the other. Peace and stability can be achieved only by the two communities agreeing to participate in institutions which allow them to work together without compromising their ultimate aims.

Recognition of this fundamental truth lies at the heart of the proposal, aired with increasing frequency as the Thatcher-FitzGerald summit approaches, that Northern Ireland be governed through the "joint authority" of the governments of the United Kingdom and the Irish Republic. It was endorsed by the New Ireland Forum and, in a different form, by the recently published report of a private and independent inquiry, chaired by Lord Kilbrandon. But joint authority is too flimsy a concept to sustain the weight put upon it. When examined, its utility collapses.

Joint authority, according to a Forum sub-committee, "is the *equal* sharing of responsibility and authority for *all* aspects of the government of Northern Ireland by the governments of Great Britain and Ireland". (My italics). Clearly any such interpretation would be anathema not only to the unionists but also to the British government, which could not possibly accept an "equal sharing of responsiblity and authority" on foreign policy and defence with the Irish Republic, which is committed to neutrality. Further, this interpretation of joint authority violates the spirit if not the letter of the British government's commitment not to permit any change in the constitutional status of Northern Ireland without the consent of the majority of its people.

Under the Kilbrandon proposals, joint authority would apply only to Northern Ireland's domestic affairs – those matters suitable for devolution. The authority itself would be a five-man executive, operating by majority vote and consisting of the Secretary of State for Northern Ireland (or his deputy), the Republic's Minister for Foreign Affairs (or his deputy) and three Northern Ireland representatives, directly elected by proportional representation so as to guarantee one representative from the minority community. The authority would be responsible to the Northern Ireland Assembly, which would bcome the legislature of a devolved government in the province.

One's first reaction to this scheme is bound to be that it is ingenious but unworkable, a Heath Robinson contraption designed to reconcile the irreconcilable. The constitutional purist might object that it is hardly possible for the Northern Ireland Secretary and the Irish Foreign Minister to be responsible to the Northern Ireland Assembly when they are in fact responsible to Commons and Dail respectively.

But there are more serious objections. For, under the guise of providing for power sharing, the Kilbrandon scheme could actually deprive the people of Northern Ireland of effective responsibility for their own affairs and make the British government the arbiter of domestic disputes in the province.

As the Kilbrandon inquiry recognizes, only two coalitions are likely to be formed within the authority. Either British and unionist votes would outweigh the Irish and the nationalist; or the British, acting with the Irish and the nationalist member, would outvote the unionists. The first coalition would do nothing to assuage minority grievances, and could well increase pressures for a united Ireland; the second would allow the province to be governed against the wishes of the majority living in it.

It might help to resolve minority grievances, but only at the cost of inviting as guarantor what the unionists would see as an outside protector, the Irish Republic. That would increase unionist fears that the government of the province was being transferred piece by piece to the Republic and that the constitutional requirement of consent was being circumvented.

In either case, the evils of the province would be blamed on the British government, whose vote would be pivotal. So the vast complexities of the Kilbrandon scheme would serve merely to replicate direct rule, a form of government which has produced a political vacuum in Northern Ireland to the benefit of elements opposed to reconciliation between the two communities.

The truth is that joint authority, however ingeniously it is elaborated, is fundamentally a form of colonial or semi-colonial rule. It treats Northern Ireland as a dependency incapable of self-government, but what the province so desperately needs are institutions which enable both communities to participate together in government. One reason the unionists are unwilling to concede this is the fear that the nationalists would abuse it by seeking to pressure the majority into a united Ireland. Joint authority, far from showing that fear to be illusory, would serve to reinforce it.

The realities of the Northern Ireland situation cannot be conjured away by "joint authority". In Northern Ireland, above all, it is dangerous to attempt to square the circle.

The author is a fellow of Brasenose College, Oxford.

Clifford Longley fills in the background as the issue comes before the General Synod

Why the bishops will again blackball women priests

A cynic might well ask how a church which cannot agree on the meaning of such fundamentals as the Resurrection could possibly reach agreement on whether to ordain women. The Church of England is nevertheless embarking once more on the search for an answer, just as divided as ever it was, but with the pro-female priests lobby hopeful that some small shift of opinion their way will be enough this time.

The General Synod meets in London this week and is to debate on Thursday a request that legislation be prepared to allow women to be ordained. Half a dozen such resolutions were received almost simultaneously, the result of some discreet organization by the Movement for the Ordination of Women. In effect, the synod is to be asked to act upon the declaration of principle it adopted nine years ago, that there were no fundamental objections known to Anglicanism against the idea of women priests. It said in the same breath that the time was not right, then; opponents will ask it to say that again on Thursday. But the very passage of time weakens that case, and the weakness will be pressed hard in debate.

Those who support the case for women priests are right in thinking time has changed things, but it does not work always to their advantage. In 1975, for instance, it was strongly argued that the Church of England should not act on its own, but only in step with that wider church of which the Roman Catholic and Orthodox communions are held also to be a part. The Anglican church, it was said, had the priesthood as common property with the others, and could not make unilateral alterations.

At the time it was an open question how fast the Roman Catholic Church might proceed. It is now apparent, at least under Pope John Paul II, that it is not proceeding that way at all. Time has proved, therefore, that there is no point in delaying while Rome comes to terms with female ordination. It even appears to be the case that the Vatican now takes account of a priest's views on this issue before deciding whether he is suitable to be a bishop. For some Anglicans this is an argument for forgetting all about the ordination of women, rather than "going it alone".

On the ther hand, with the public having become familiar with women High Court judges, women police commanders, and women prime ministers, the argument deployed nine years ago against women filling male roles now looks extremely dated. But in the same time span, opponents have learnt not to be caught again with arguments which could be swiftly demolished as rationalized mysogyny.

The sort of thing now being said by conservative theologians against ordaining women makes a fascinating counterpoint to the discussion of men-women roles and relationships in the secular sphere. What used to be called "women's lib" has begun to run out of steam, and it appears that women themselves reflect on whether all the changes of the last two decades were really as desirable as they seemed in prospect.

The Bishop of London, Dr Graham Leonard, who is a deep critic of female ordination, has developed the theological argument that sexuality, or something like it, is part and parcel of an individual's relationship to God – something the mystics have been saying for centuries. He is almost a feminist when he states that "we are all essentially feminine" in our relationship with God; though feminists would presumably not like his conclusion: God is essentially masculine in his dealings with humans, for he always takes the initiative "and our duty is to respond". Confusion of gender identity, such as in his view would follow from ordaining women, would therefore undermine religion at its heart.

All that can be said for sure is that society is not yet by any means certain – and women as a whole appear by no means certain – that the two sexes are fundamentally the same when it comes to sexual initiatives. The pattern of the male as initiator goes deep.

Meanwhile the supporters of female ordination stand where they stood before, basing their case on justice for women. Society now recognizes that secular opportunities ought to be equal, and Christianity asserts that "in Christ there is neither Jew nor Greek, there is neither male nor female". The church should be more, not less, that secular society; and those women convinced of a call to the priesthood should be treated as men are, tested, trained, and ordained if qualified. The denial of that right had brought anguish to a lot of women, even driving some out of the church.

That is their case, and those who are unmoved by the thoughts of the Bishop of London on the nature of God find it irresistible. Indeed, they would counter him with the thought that both men and women are "made in the image of God", which implies a feminine element in God's nature. There is a kind of theological deadlock here – you choose whichever side suits your prejudices – and each is truly entrenched.

What may in the end prove decisive is that nine years have not weakened the determination of those in the "anti" position, nor has it eroded their numbers. The opinion that counts here is that of devout church-goers of the conservative Evangelical and Anglo-Catholic persuasion, who are by no means less numerous nor less vocal than a decade ago. And they hold over the synod the ultimate threat – a split.

It has never been clear what "antis" of the Evangelical party would do if the Church of England took the "unbiblical" step of ordaining women. A large part of the Anglo-Catholic party would probably take itself elsewhere, to found an independent church, or to join the Roman Catholic or Orthodox churches. That would leave the Church of England in a state of civil war between "anti" Evangelicals, with the remaining "anti" Anglo-Catholics, and the rest, without the balance which keeps the Church of England on an even keel.

It is not a pretty prospect; and what many uncommitted synod members will be asking themselves this week is whether the cause of "justice for women" is worth such mayhem.

Approximately one third of the active core of the Church of England – the clergy and the one and a quarter million weekly churchgoers – is actively opposed to ordaining women, and this proportion is fairly accurately reflected in the synod's membership. This happens to be exactly the proportion of the vote necessary to block the legislation, not this Thursday but when the details come back for further debate. So in the end, nothing will happen.

The supporters of women's ordination need to take a very long view, and to regard such occasions as next Thurday's debate as another gentle squeeze from which their daughters or grand-daughters may ultimately benefit. Like other questions, this is not one the Church of England is ready to answer.

High on hype

Philip Howard: new words and new meanings

There is a lot of hype around. Hype is a description of a certain type of journalism, building a story on a foundation of painted smoke. John Le Carré, *The Honourable Schoolboy*: "He fabricated – or, as journalists prefer it, hyped – a 'dawn interview' with a disconsolate and fictitious bar-girl." Jim Ballard's *Empire of the Sun* was heavily hyped by the book trade, and their revisionist running-dogs in the literary world, as the "favourite" for the Booker Prize, because, as a survey in *The Bookseller* revealed, giving the game away, they thought that it was the book on the short-list that they could sell most of in Smith's in the Christmas rush.

The latest variety of hyping in the publishing trade, which is the linguistic and spiritual home of hype, is known as a brown-paper job. This goes: "Dear Philip, as you can imagine our new book *How Pope John-Paul was the Fifth Man* is so sensational in its implications that we dare not send out review copies of it in advance of publication, in case the news leaks out before publication day. However, if you will sign this undertaking that no mention of the book will appear anywhere in *The Times* before publication, and if you send a cheque for £1,000, we can arrange to send you round an advance copy in a brown-paper parcel by armoured car two days before publication." The correct answer to this form of hype is unprintable in a family newspaper.

Hype is a nasty, huckstering, PR activity, to be firmly resisted by all good literary editors; who must also not allow themselves to be prejudiced against a book by the antics of its publicists. But it is an interesting word. In the publishing world it means a publicity stunt, usually disingenuous if not downright dishonest, intended to stimulate sales. As a transitive verb, to hype means to stimulate sales by brown-paper parcels, bribes, grotesque miniature "prezzies" connected with the subject of the book, freebies, and all other such uncleanness. Angela Carter, reviewing filmstars' "autobiographies" in *New Society*: "Most PR hypes are crass, and the Poor Little Rich Girl hype is the crassest of the lot."

The meaning of hype in publishing is pretty well established, though it will continue to acquire new connotations such as brown-paper, because the industry is rich with ingenious publicists. Its origins are mysterious, and clearly transatlantic. The best bet is that it is an abbreviated form of hypodermic, to indicate a hypodermic injection of a narcotic drug. A hype is an obsolete term from the 1950s for a regular user of heroin. An alternative derivation from hyper, as in hypermarket, I find less persuasive. The earliest citations in the OED are from 1926, meaning a short-change artist, or, as a verb, to overcharge. These definitions cast some doubt on the etymology deriving hype from hypodermic.

Whatever the origin, hype came in, in its modern usage in the 1930s in the United States, among students, in the advertising industry, and in those great hype-factories of Hollywood and Madison Avenue. I wonder if the origin could be nothing more complicated than hyperbole. Hypodermic or hyperbole, the rest of us should treat hype coldly and with pursed lips.

Anne Sofer

Why not a bricks and mortar board?

Remember deferred gratification? Much in vogue in the posh Sunday papers of the 1960s, the phrase was a comfortable explanation of why, after 20 years of rising prosperity and universal secondary education, class differences were still so marked. The middle classes, far-sighted and optimistic, so the theory went, were prepared to go without to see their children through higher education, in expectation of greater future reward; whereas the working class, myopic and less confident, placed a higher value on ready money and encouraged their children to earn as soon as they legally could. On reflection, deferred gratification, heard afresh, sounds like a character out of Asterix – a sharp-eyed, upwardly-mobile Romanized Briton cannily investing his all in Latin tuition for his sons.

But the term sounds a little jaded today. For the young, any gratification has to be deferred and there will not be much of it. In a recent BBC television programme about the Youth Training Scheme in which I took part, the main grievance of the young people involved was not the money (though they certainly were not too happy with that) but the lack of either job prospects or genuine qualifications when they had finished their twelve months.

There is cant and hypocricy on both sides about YTS. Not all schemes are bad, as Labour alleges – in fact a few are very good indeed – and the idea that British 16 and 17 year-olds, unlike those in far more prosperous countries, have an inalienable right to near-adult wages is silly. But to claim, as the Tories repeatedly do, that the scheme is the most comprehensive and imaginative in Europe is defensive boastfulness of the most embarrassing sort. In far too many cases, young people *are* being used as substitute labour: unsupervised, untrained, and thrown back on the dole without ceremony at the end of the year. In these circumstances they are right to feel cheated.

But listening closely to what those young people were saying, I find that "gratification" – with its implication that economic calculation is the basis of all motivation – is the wrong word. What they wanted above all was *recognition* – some sort of formal acknowledgement of their status in society, as adults and as potential earners. The employed have such a status; students, in a different way, do too. YTS trainees, unfortunately, feel they do not. Often, and this is the saddest thing, they pretend to their friends that they have a "proper job" and not a trainee placement at all.

As originally intended YTS was to have been for all 16-year-old school leavers, employed and unemployed, with the training element common to both. This has not happened. Perhaps, if it had, more progress would have been made towards relating the training to a recognized national qualification. High-powered working parties have been stumbling over one another devising new qualifications for the other half of the age group – that luckier half still in full-time education. The acronyms – TVEI, CPVE, AS – fall trippingly off ministers' tongues and reverberate around the educational conferences. No such thought is given to the qualification needs of YTS trainees.

The big class divide in future will not be between those who opt for deferred as opposed to instant gratification; it will be between those whose training and experience "count" as a qualification, and those whose training and experience do not. I owe this insight to an important book published last week, *Post-Education Society*, by Norman Evans. The author, a senior fellow of the Policy Studies Institute, has devised ways in which "experiential learning" – that is, learning derived not through the formal education system, but from experience – can be converted into academic qualification.

We are not good at recognizing what people can do. The education and training system, which should be helping, often does the opposite. The school examination system works through failure, the higher education system through exclusion, and what is left of the traditional apprenticeship system through rigid time-serving practices. The overall effect is to convince the majority that they are stupider, less competent and more ignorant than they are.

Meanwhile, all around us, the new technologies of fibre, chip and satellite are developing both the techniques of individualized learning and the time and the need to learn. With the honourable and now beleaguered exception of the Open University institutions are slow to recognize their significance. It would be ironic if we created a sort of black economy of learning: informal and unrecorded, free of bureaucratic obstacles but not much good as an official reference.

The well-paid jobs and positions of influence would continue to go to those with the conventional educational background and the correct certificates, while another class of people who, with access to television and cheap home computers, might have picked up a fair amount of useful knowledge and expertise, will find their competence uncertificated, and no passport to anything.

New passports are needed. *Recognising Adults as Learners* is the subtitle of Norman Evans' book. There are few more urgent priorities.

The author is SDP member of the GLC/ILEA for St Pancras North.

TIMES PAST THE TIMES

P.O. Box 7, 200 Gray's Inn Road, London WC1X 8EZ. Telephone: 01-837 1234

EMBEZZLED AID

Arguments about foreign aid always seem to generate more heat than light and today's reception of the Chancellor's likely cut in the aid budget will be no exception. In fact the crisis in Ethiopia provides an object lesson in the false premises and false practices of so much aid policy, which should not be overlooked simply because emotions have been aroused by the spectacle of so much human misery.

Dr Charles Elliott formerly of Christian Aid, would like us to believe that the West is responsible for the Ethiopian famine. How right he is, though for reasons which are diametrically opposite to those which he puts forward. The Elliott argument contends that the Marxist regime in Addis Ababa has been deprived of funds from the West because of its Soviet orientation, and has thus not been able to develop the areas which are now suffering.

The facts tell a different story, though they lead to the same conclusion of Western culpability. Between 1978 and 1982, the Ethiopian regime received one billion dollars of Western aid. What happened to the money, most of which was channelled through multi-lateral agencies which are not explicitly accountable to anybody and which, as we heard last week, tend to squabble among themselves about disbursements and whose main effect is to bolster recipient regimes, many of which are dictatorships, regardless of their internal policies?

One look at the records suggests that Western aid has helped the Ethiopian regime to finance its civil wars; or/and perhaps finance the absurd and extravagantly pretentious maintenance of the OAU whose potentates are gathering in Addis today while the rest of the world is struggling to save Ethiopian citizens from the follies and iniquities of their government. Certainly Western aid has enabled the regime in Addis Ababa to pursue policies which, without such help, would have brought it down much more quickly and saved Ethiopians from so much misery.

We have seen only too vividly that a billion dollars have not been used to pursue agricultural, social or economic policies which could have equipped the rural population far more effectively to cope with the drought. A billion dollars has provided the regime with foreign exchange, perhaps to help pay for Soviet tanks to use on its citizens and certainly to sustain conscription. It has helped the Dergue to suppress policies of private trade in favour of public monopoly; to expropriate assets, particularly American ones; to expel unpopular groups to cause major refugee problems in the Sudan.

The aid policy of the West has played into the hands of rulers such as Colonel Mengistu whose politburo now quite naturally reasserts its role as the organizer and distributor for foreign assistance. If Western aid agencies persist in giving money to rulers on the basis of the poverty of their subjects, that means that policies which persistently cause the impoverishment of local populations will in effect be rewarded though the rewards may only be visible in the amount of weapons bought or in the life style of officials in the capital. In that sense therefore Dr Elliott was right to blame the West for helping to disable Ethiopian peasants from meeting the challenge of drought, because it supported a regime whose active measures of oppression, large scale evictions and prevention of peasant agriculture have all contributed as much to this catastrophe as have the years of drought.

What is more perplexing is that the charitable relief agencies seem to have made so little of this themselves. To listen to Dr Elliott one would not gather that the regime for which he feels so concerned has destroyed 70 per cent of Ethiopian churches (and Cardinal Hume in his BBC interview yesterday was surprisingly silent about this matter too, preferring the interview to be given over entirely to sentiment without any attempt to put this chronic African condition into some kind of perspective). The Christian charities might argue that they have kept quiet about Ethiopian oppression for fear of being prevented from doing any good. In fact they have themselves become so politicized on the side of so-called "revolutionary development economics" that their demands for increased Western aid now have a hollow ring about them. When War On Want launched its campaign against world poverty, for instance, it started with a statement from its then General Secretary which asserted that poverty was explicitly linked to Western policies of development aid and imperialism. Its current General Secretary, George Galloway, is of the same view, on the far left of the Labour party and hoping for a parliamentary seat in Scotland.

The enormous demands of Ethiopian relief command automatic support across the political spectrum, though it is incongruous that those who call loudest for Britain to go into Ethiopia unilaterally and increase its direct aid are normally those who would decry unilateral intervention in the affairs of other states – however humanitarian the causes – and would certainly favour an emphasis on multilateral rather than bi-lateral aid flows. In a crisis they demand direct action from Britain and receive it but they do not yet seem to absorb the full implications of that procedure, which would be to accept that multilateral aid is misemployed and incapable of effective action.

It will thus be regrettable if the Chancellor today announces a cut in the proportion of foreign aid which is directly paid from Britain rather than those funds which filter through multilateral agencies. Western aid agencies are culpable for what has occurred in Ethiopia. Their culpability should cause Britain to review its aid policies and to concentrate most of foreign aid on bi-lateral programmes where parliament can scrutinize them more carefully and see that the funds are not being embezzled in the cause of dictatorship or otherwise abused.

THE FLICK AFFAIR

Like Watergate, West Germany's Flick affair is showing both the weaknesses and the strengths of a parliamentary democracy. The nub of the affair is the charge that the mammoth Flick concern bribed leading politicians, albeit indirectly, by contributions to party funds, in order to secure a quarter of a billion pound tax exemption. This charge should eventually be tested in court, with Count Otto Lambsdorff, the former Economics Minister, among those in the dock.

A wider implication concerns the way in which big business contributions to the funds of all the established political parties were "laundered" in order to avoid, or perhaps evade, the taxes otherwise payable on such donations. The fact that these donations were sometimes made personally – cash in plain envelopes – to leading politicians, including Chancellor Helmut Kohl, raises even larger questions about the prevailing mores of West German politics. What did Herr Eberhard von Brauchitsch, the former managing director of the Flick concern, mean when he described these payments in private memoranda as "outfitting the gentlemen in Bonn"? Herr Rainer Barzel, as president of the Bundestag the second ranking man in the Federal Republic, has already been engulfed by the scandal.

The strengths of West German democracy, which the conduct of the Flick affair has revealed, include the vigour of the civil servants, who first uncovered the wrongdoing; the energy of the free press which (as with Watergate) has confounded the government's attempted cover-up; and last but not least the integrity of those parliamentarians who have helped to expose the scandal. The weaknesses have lain so far mainly with the Christian Democrats and Free Democrats who currently form the government of the Federal Republic. To be sure, the record of the Social Democrats, who were actually in power when the Flick tax exemption was granted, is far from spotless. But it was the Christian and Free Democrats who tried to push through an amnesty earlier this year and it was the Greens and upright Social Democrats who defeated it.

Chancellor Kohl himself came through a parliamentary hearing last week relatively unscathed, partly because the Bundestag committee's terms of reference confine it to the specific issue of the Flick tax waiver. His reaction to this, as to every previous crisis in his chancellorship, has been to furl the sails, batten down the hatches and ride out the storm. However, there is a growing feeling in West Germany, and even in the Chancellor's own party, that this reaction is both morally and politically inadequate.

It is morally inadequate because the Chancellor of the Federal Republic has a duty to reassure its citizens that they, not the captains of West German industry, decide what kind of government they should have. It is politically inadequate because the leader of the Christian Democratic Union must want to keep his party in power and the evidence of local government elections in Baden-Württemberg suggests that it is losing votes because of the Flick affair. In the longer term, the Kohl government has done the right and sensible thing by changing the law on the financing of political parties so devious "laundering" of donations from industry should no longer be necessary. But what is needed in the short term is a much clearer statement of regret and concern about the implications of the scandal. This week's Bundestag debate on the subject will provide a good occasion. Chancellor Kohl can no longer just ride out the storm. If he were to carry on ignoring the gale warnings of the press, the polls and his own party, he might find himself in the predicament of Mr Chay Blyth off Cape Horn.

FIRST THE CARROT, THEN THE STICK

Colonel Gaddafi is quite cynical in his attempt to manipulate the humanitarian feelings of the British public to obtain the release of his agents who face trial for acts of violence in this country. Having equipped himself with six British hostages at the time of the break in relations last April, he released two of them in September as a "gesture", hinting strongly that Britain should reciprocate with a similar "gesture". Since that has not worked, he has now brought serious charges against two of the remaining British prisoners, reminding us that he can "reciprocate" the approaching trial of his agents and, of course, any sentence that may be passed on them should they be found guilty.

Cynical the Colonel certainly is, but also naive. He should know that, while we do indeed very much dislike seeing our fellow-citizens treated in this way, *precisely for that reason* Britain is never going to yield to such pressure. As Mr Douglas Hurd, then Minister of State in the Foreign and Commonwealth Office, said in the House of Commons on July 4 1980, "if it became known that the Government was willing to hand over people convicted in British courts of terrorist offences the dangers facing British subjects travelling abroad would be greatly increased". So, he might have added, would the dangers of more state-sponsored terrorist acts being committed in Britain. Any government which wished to order such an act would be able to tell its hit-men to disregard any risk of capture and prosecution in Britain, since it would easily obtain their release simply by arresting any passing British subject and threatening to maltreat him and/or sentence him to life imprisonment.

Mr Hurd was referring to a suggestion that Mr Christopher Sparkes, a British businessman who *had* been sentenced to life imprisonment in Iraq for bribery and economic espionage, should be exchanged for Salem Ahmad Hassan, who is serving a life sentence in Britain for murdering an exiled Iraqi politician in 1978. Mr Sparkes was subsequently released "on humanitarian grounds", but two other British subjects, Mr John Smith and Mr Donald Hagger, are still serving life sentences in Iraq. Mr Smith was convicted of bribery by an Iraqi "revolutionary court" in 1980, Mr Hagger of espionage in 1982, but in May this year Iraq's First Deputy Prime Minister, Mr Taha Yasin Ramadan, said explicitly and publicly that they would not be released before Salem Ahmad Hassan.

Shortly before that the Iraqi foreign minister, Mr Tariq Aziz, had complained in an interview with *The Times* of a lack of sympathy towards Iraq in the British media, but would not accept that this could have anything to do with the imprisonment of Mr Smith and Mr Hagger. This was "such a minor question that it should not affect the relations between two countries", he said.

Both Iraq and Libya profess to desire good relations with Britain. It is sad that both should show so little understanding of the way this country actually works.

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

US involvement in Nicaragua

From Lord Kennet

Sir, John Carlin's article about Nicaragua ("Kids who just won't grow up", November 8) and your own more judicious leader the next day do not give a very true impression.

Nicaraguans are "grown up". They have been four times invaded and occupied by the US; in the 1850s, in 1909, 1912-25 and 1927-33. After the last, the US Marines left behind them the Somoza dynasty of dictators, certainly among the nastiest in Latin American history. They are anxious to avoid a fifth occupation.

The revolution of 1979, which got rid of the last and worst Somoza, cost about 50,000 lives; the equivalent of one million to this country. Since 1981 the US has been financing and arming guerillas, some Somocistas, some not, based in Honduras and Costa Rica; they try to capture Nicaraguan territory, and they destroy foodstocks to disrupt the economy. They are supplied by air-drops from Honduras. The loss of life is now about a thousand a year, equivalent to 20,000 for Britain.

As to those MiGs. The Nicaraguan Air Force at present has three jet fighters, which went through the Korean war. The Honduran Air Force has had twelve modern jets for some years. It got eight more this year and has eight more again on order. The US Air Force is in Honduras and trains with them. The US Army is in Honduras, and has carried out there the biggest exercises in Latin American history.

The US has mined Nicaraguan harbours. Much of this is in despite of the US Congress, and indeed of world opinion.

If Nicaragua has turned to Cuba and Russia in the last three years, it is because they have no-one else to turn to. Western Europe has been timid with political support and the EEC has cut its economic aid from \$80m in 1979 to \$22m this year.

Given all this, can the West be surprised that Nicaragua has requested from the East what it was refused by the West? The question the US Administration should now ask is whether its own policy in the last three years has not created the situation it deplores.

The way to peace in this area, as in others, is for any country which is attacking another country to stop doing so.

Yours etc,
WAYLAND KENNET,
House of Lords,
November 9.

Time to clinch Law of the Sea pact?

From the Director of the British Maritime League

Sir, The United Nations Convention on the Law of the Sea closes for signature on December 9. The United Kingdom is one of very few countries that have so far delayed signing, though the United States has declared that it will not sign because it objects only to part XI (out of XVII) dealing with what remains of "the common heritage of mankind" – "The Area" defined as "the seabed and ocean floor and subsoil thereof beyond the limits of national jurisdiction," i.e., more than 200 nautical miles from any state's coastal baselines.

The area is principally of interest for the poly-metallic nodules that proliferate over major parts of the deep seabed; these are unlikely to be of much economic importance for 25 to 30 years or more, but the United States have enacted their Deep Seabed Hard Mineral Resources Act 1980 (PL 96-283) by which they propose to provide a number of United States-led seabed mining consortia with national licences that are presumably expected to be protected in international waters by the United States Government against the jurisdiction claimed by the vast majority of the United Nations community of nations that adhere to the new Convention.

Although untrue, the United States does not consider itself a maritime nation. But by no stretch of the imgaination can this be said of the United Kingdom, which is totally dependent on seaborne trade, with its vital merchant fleet, London as the world maritime centre, and the world's third largest Navy.

We have a substantial offshore industry and important fishing fleets, worldwide submarine cable responsibilities, major research and hydrographic interests. International shipping (and aviation) require freedom of navigation, security against piracy and the arbitrary interference of nearby coastal states or hostile warships.

The United Nations Convention codifies for the first time virtually every facet of maritime law in a period when the world community is extending its use, jurisdiction and authority over the 72 per cent of the earth's surface covered by seawater. Non-contracting parties may seek to rely on current customary law and hope that this will absorb most of those parts of the Convention that they accept. But there is no certainty of that.

Other major countries that have signed no doubt feel that they can live with the deep seabed provisions if and when they are implemented, or that they can work to improve them as signatories, in a way that would be impossible from outside the treaty.

Shipping will always be far more important to the world economy than the resources of the deep seabed. In the absence of the old "Pax Britannica," or any "Pax Americana" to replace it, an internationally-accepted rule of law will have immense benefits to every maritime state, not least by facilitating the elimination of sub-standard ships and the protection of the environment by improved international standards and better behaviour at sea.

Britain and remaining doubters in the Community should certainly sign now and not follow President Reagan's ill-considered refusal to do so for most doubtful reasons; any marginal electoral benefits to him of satisfying the mining industry have no relevance to Europe.

The rest of the Convention is far too important for us to seek to ignore what we did so much to draft to suit our own principal interests.

Yours faithfully,
MICHAEL RANKEN, Director,
The British Maritime League,
19 Bevis Marks, EC3.
November 5.

Fears of cut in overseas aid

From Dr Charles Elliott and others

Sir, As members of the Independent Group on British Aid, we are horrified by reports that the Government is planning to cut as much as £160m from the budget for overseas aid in 1985. If true, this would represent a reduction of nearly 15 per cent, on top of the cut of 20 per cent in real terms that has already been made since 1979, and is equivalent to nearly three times the total annual sum raised by British overseas aid charities.

To make matters worse, the quality of official British aid has been eroded since 1979 by the expansion of the Aid-Trade Provision, and the greater emphasis given in the allocation of aid to commercial and political considerations.

It is incredible that the Government should be planning to slash the aid programme at a time when development needs have never been greater and when, as the outcry over Ethiopia clearly demonstrates, British public opinion is clamouring for more aid, not less. Any cut at all, even if less than £160m, would be a disgrace.

We hope that if the reports are true, the Minister will have the courage to resign.

Yours faithfully,
CHARLES ELLIOTT,
JOHN CLARK,
ADRIAN P. HEWETT,
SIMON MAXWELL,
PAUL MOSELEY,
119 Fentiman Road, SW8.
November 9.

From Miss Anne Bulloch

Sir, The priest and the Levite who ignored the plight of the man who fell among thieves have never received a good press. So far as we know, however, they merely passed by on the other side: they did not cut their contributions to charity.

If the reports that further cuts in overseas aid are intended at the present time should prove to be true, we would indeed need a return to Victorian standards of care and compassion.

Yours faithfully,
ANNE BULLOCH,
1 Cranley Mansion,
160 Gloucester Road, SW7.

Shoes for growing . . .

From Mr N. R. Wilkins

Sir, Children's footwear has recently been strongly rumoured as a candidate for VAT. Whilst such a move in other cases may have painful financial consequences for the consumer, the serious consequences for health of a tax on children's footwear cannot be overstated.

The question of a link between footwear prices and foot health is not a new one. In May 1972 the then Chancellor of the Exchequer commissioned the Munro committee to consider "to what extent the price of children's footwear contributes to the incidence of foot abnormalities".

The committee concluded "that the price of children's footwear is an important factor in the context of foot abnormalities. . . there is a need to keep children's footwear as cheap as possible".

As a result the Chancellor continued the previous exemption from purchase tax by zero-rating for VAT purposes certain children's shoes.

All the evidence produced since then has added weight to these conclusions.

The Children's Foot Health Register contains the names and addresses of shops pledged to carry adequate stocks of children's shoes in all fittings and to fit them correctly at the time of sale. We exist solely to help in the battle to maintain and improve children's foot health. This battle will be in vain if the Chancellor now ignores the findings of the Munro committee.

Yours faithfully,
NORMAN WILKINS,
Administrator,
Children's Foot Health Register,
84-88 Great Eastern Street, EC2.
November 7.

. . . boots for yomping

From Mr P. C. Metcalfe

Sir, I suspect that Army-issue boots are not what they were (Mr Lord's letter, November 7).

In October, 1979, rummaging through the undergrowth in Mametz Wood, on the Somme, I found a complete Army boot. It was (and is) still in one piece, though the stitching had rotted. The nails and studs were intact.

It had lain in that haunted wood for 63 years: stamped inside was the date, 1916.

Yours faithfully,
P. C. METCALFE,
44 Sandown Road,
Stevenage,
Hertfordshire.
November 7.

The voice of faith

From the Reverend Ian M. Ellis

Sir, In his article today (November 5) Mr Clifford Longley declares, on the subject of Prayer Book revision, that the best modern English is "still unavoidably inappropriate" and describes the Church of Ireland's new Alternative Prayer Book as containing "just the same blend of the banal and the synthetically archaic that marks the Church of England's new book".

If this revision is so inappropriate, why is it, one might ask, that the demand for copies of the APB has been such as to exhaust supplies and warrant an immediate reprint?

Again, why is it that there has been such a worldwide involvement in the revision of forms of worship?

Yet again, why is it that the Bible, as well as the Prayer Book, has been so widely revised and so widely used in its revised forms?

Surely the facts reveal that the old language, rather than being more adequate than the modern in expressing our faith and worship, as Mr Longley contends, also has its inadequacies – inadequacies which have been found to be so fundamental that the language of liturgy and Scripture has been revised throughout the Church.

The work of the Prayer Book revisers has not produced "banality" and "synthetic archaism", however much they may have been influenced by Prayer Book forms. Their work is worthy of higher praise than your Correspondent can afford, for it truly and undeniably meets a need.

Yours faithfully,
IAN M. ELLIS,
6 Ashley Avenue,
Armagh,
Northern Ireland.
November 5.

'Re-structured' rugby

From Mr J. Parsons

Sir, Remarkable physical fitness and extraordinary commitment appear to be two of the more admirable features of the contemporary Rugby Union game. I therefore find it hard to accept the proposition examined in David Miller's article (Spectrum, October 31) that "re-structuring" is likely to be the re-vitalizing influence which English rugby at international level so sorely needs.

Jim Telfer is surely nearer the mark when he states that it is "faults among the backs" – by which I assume he means primarily weaknesses in the basic skills – which need to be eradicated.

In the years leading up to the Second World War, one remembers, amongst the English backs, not only the national talents, but also the excellent skills of T. A. Kemp (Denstone), P. Cranmer and P. Cooke (St Edward's, Oxford), P. L. Candler (Sherborne) and G. W. Parker (Crypt School, Gloucester).

What has happened to the public schools' contributions which was so important to the game in those days? Would former rugby-playing members of the Headmasters' Conference explain to those of us who are puzzled and disappointed?

Yours faithfully,
J. PARSONS,
Catesby Farm House,
Lapworth, Warwickshire.

Car ownership

From Mrs Mary Berg

Sir, While taking no view on whether or not a licence should be imposed on car radios, I cannot allow the remarks attributed to the chairman of the BBC about car ownership (November 3) to stand uncorrected.

Far from the 70 per cent of cars which Mr Young believes to be company-owned, the figure is probably nearer 15 per cent. The Department of Transport's figures indicate that 39 per cent of cars registered for the first time in 1983 were sold to companies, including car-hire firms, driving schools and so on.

The total would reach about 50 per cent if cars sold to companies from whose names it is not easy to determine that they are companies are added.

Since company cars are normally sold to private buyers after two or three years, the number of company-owned cars in the total car population must be much less than 50 per cent.

Yours faithfully,
MARY BERG,
Chief Economist,
The Society of Motor Manufacturers & Traders Ltd,
Forbes House,
Halkin Street, SW1.
November 5.

Harnessing the Severn

From Professor E. M. Wilson

Sir, The comments of Mr Andrew Lea, of the Avon Wildlife Trust (October 31), about the effects of a Severn barrage on the environment are so grossly exaggerated as to be easily refuted. For example, a Severn barrage at Lavernock Point – Brean Down would pass about *half a cubic mile* of seawater into and out of the reservoir twice daily. This is hardly the specification for a "festering brackish lake".

Any serious student of the environmental impact of a barrage would be well advised to read the Department of Energy's Energy Paper 46, *Tidal power from the Severn Estuary, Vol 2*, before taking Mr Lea's assertions at face value.

However, his letter does raise the whole question of how far the protection of the *status quo* for some thousands of wild birds should be allowed to control the development of multi-purpose projects like the barrage.

While there is undoubtedly a need for further investigation of environmental effects, we must try to keep a sense of proportion. There are no other opportunities in England and Wales for major hydro-electric power development and this renewable, predictable, unpolluting energy could replace the burning of six million tons of coal per annum as well as providing its other benefits.

That surely must be a bonus which all ecologists would welcome?

Yours faithfully,
E. M. WILSON,
University of Salford,
Department of Civil Engineering,
Salford,
Lancashire,
November 6.

Out-of-town shopping

From Dr I. C. Hilton

Sir, The local authorities of southern England will not need Mr Nicholas Baker's "grim warning" (October 5) to be aware of the aspirations of our major retailers. But the successful shopkeeper is the one who gives greatest satisfaction to the customer, and there is no easy way of weighing the impact of out-of-town development and its traffic against shoppers' interests.

Tesco, in drawing attention to the difficulties faced by the shopper parking in town, say no more than their household-name competitors have been repeating and, we must assume, acting on for years.

The prosperous South, where population and household expenditure are rising, has it easy. Places in relative or absolute decline are seeing a loss of quality and range of goods and have many shops vacant.

Some possess an excess of shopping floorspace but want up-to-date facilities and the stimulus and the environmental gains which new development would bring. Yet developers cannot justify and local authorities are unable to afford the amount and types of parking space which the retailers require.

Unwanted out-of-town development and decaying town centres are related problems. Government-imposed restraints on the freedom and ability of local authorities to provide and operate parking space contribute to the pressures of which Mr Baker warns and are matters which he might wish to take up.

Yours faithfully,
I. C. HILTON,
University of Manchester Institute of Science and Technology,
Department of Civil and Structural Engineering,
PO Box 88,
Manchester.
October 16.

NCB's chairman

From Mr R. J. C. Roeber

Sir, If Mr MacGregor is sacked, ousted, or eased from the chairmanship of the NCB it will not be because he was incompetent. On the contrary, it will be because he did the job he was appointed to do. The problem is that it was the wrong job.

A world-class businessman was not needed to identify loss-making pits; the candidates have been known for years and any child could look down the list and choose the place to start cutting. But there was a need for a subtle and sensitive manager of men with the right instincts for industrial relations.

I find it frightening that we have a Government that know so so little about their business and are so overborne by a zeal to crush the unions that they can make an appointment of this sort. Mr MacGregor is not to be blamed for the NCB's incompetence in dealing with the issue of pit closures. The responsibility belongs to the Government that appointed him.

I am, Sir, yours faithfully,
R. J. C. ROEBER,
Joe Roeber Associates,
13 Great James Street, WC1.
November 6.

Conqueror's log

From Mr John S. Wright

Sir, Is not the most likely explanation of the disappearance of HMS Conqueror's operations room log, that there is yet another anti-Thatcher government servant who – knowing that the left's stupid campaign over the sinking of the Belgrano is at last foundering – stole or destroyed this document to try to embarrass the Government?

Yours faithfully,
JOHN WRIGHT,
13 Pymers Mead,
Croxted Road,
West Dulwich, SE21.
November 7.

Royal possessive

From Mr Kenneth G. Braidwood

Sir, The occasion of the Queen's gracious speech to the Lords and Commons today excellently recalls for all of us the majesty and longevity of our (unwritten) Constitution.

May we hope that by this recall the Queen's ministers will desist from the growing practice by which they demean the Constitution by referring to "my Government" and "my Minister".

Yours sincerely,
KENNETH G. BRAIDWOOD,
15 Pembroke Court,
Edwardes Square,
Kensington, W8.
November 6.

Yes Minister?

From Mr Roger P. May

Sir, Your second leader today (November 8) calls for "the setting up within government of some central unit specifically concerned with evaluating the functions of government right across departmental boundaries"..

Either nature is, as usual, imitating art, or Jonathan Lynn and Anthony Jay are doing a spot of freelance-editorial work on the side, for you have outlined the Department of Administrative Affairs and the work of Hacker and Humphrey to a tee.

Yours faithfully,
ROGER P. MAY,
94 High Street,
Great Shelford,
Cambridgeshire.
November 8.



COURT AND SOCIAL

COURT CIRCULAR

BUCKINGHAM PALACE
November 10: The Queen and The Duke of Edinburgh, accompanied by The Princess Anne, Mrs Mark Phillips, were present this evening at the Royal British Legion Festival of Remembrance at the Royal Albert Hall.

The Hon Mary Morrison, Major-General Michael Palmer and Major Hugh Lindsay were in attendance.

By command of The Queen, the Lord Brabazon of Tara (Lord in Waiting) was present at Heathrow Airport, London this morning upon the departure of the Governor-General of Barbados and bade farewell to His Excellency on behalf of Her Majesty.

November 11: The Queen and The Duke of Edinburgh laid wreaths at the Cenotaph this morning on the occasion of Remembrance Day.

Major Hugh Lindsay and Squadron Leader Timothy Finneron were in attendance.

CLARENCE HOUSE
November 10: Queen Elizabeth The Queen Mother was present this evening at the Royal British Legion Festival of Remembrance at the Royal Albert Hall.

Ruth, Lady Fermoy and Major Sir Ralph Anstruther, Bt, were in attendance.

November 11: Queen Elizabeth The Queen Mother was present this morning during the Ceremony at the Cenotaph on the occasion of Remembrance Day.

Ruth, Lady Fermoy was in attendance.

A wreath was laid at the Cenotaph on behalf of Her Majesty by Major Sir Ralph Anstruther, Bt.

KENSINGTON PALACE
November 10: The Prince and Princess of Wales were present this evening at the Royal British Legion Festival of Remembrance at the Royal Albert Hall.

November 11: The Prince of Wales laid a wreath at the Cenotaph this morning on the occasion of Remembrance Day.

The Princess of Wales was present during the ceremony.

His Royal Highness, Colonel, Welsh Guards accompanied by Her Royal Highness, this afternoon attended a Remembrance Day Service at the Guards Chapel and afterwards laid a wreath at the Guards Memorial, Horse Guards.

Captain Simon Stephenson and Mrs George West were in attendance.

KENSINGTON PALACE
November 10: The Princess Margaret, Countess of Snowdon, as Patron, was present this evening at a Ball held at Blenheim Palace in aid of Dr Barnardo's, and to commemorate Her Royal Highness' forty years of association with the Society as President of the Young Helpers' League and of Dr Barnardo's

Mrs Jane Stevens was in attendance.

KENSINGTON PALACE
November 10: Princess Alice, Duchess of Gloucester, and The Duke and Duchess of Gloucester were present at the Royal British Legion Festival of Remembrance at the Royal Albert Hall this evening.

November 11: Princess Alice, Duchess of Gloucester, and The Duke and Duchess of Gloucester were present this morning during the Ceremony at the Cenotaph on the occasion of Remembrance Day.

YORK HOUSE
ST JAMES'S PALACE
November 11: The Duke of Kent today attended the Remembrance Sunday Parade and Service in Edinburgh.

His Royal Highness, who travelled in an aircraft of 32 Squadron, Royal Air Force, was attended by Captain Charles Blount.

THATCHED HOUSE LODGE
November 10: Princess Alexandra was present this evening at the Royal British Legion Festival of Remembrance at the Royal Albert Hall.

November 11: Princess Alexandra and the Hon Angus Ogilvy were present this morning during the Ceremony at the Cenotaph on the occasion of Remembrance Day.

In the evening, Her Royal Highness and the Hon Angus Ogilvy attended the second presentation of Celebrities Guild Awards for "Unsung Heroes" at the Hotel Inter-Continental, London W1.

Miss Mona Mitchell was in attendance.

A memorial service for Sir William Duncan will be held on Wednesday, December 5, at noon at St Columba's Church, Pont Street, SW1.

A memorial service for Mr Michael Babington Smith will be held tomorrow at noon at the Church of St Mary Woolnoth, Lombard Street, EC3.

A service of thanksgiving for the life of Major C. A. A. (Monkey) Robertson will be held in the Guards Chapel, Wellington Barracks, on Wednesday, December 5, at noon.

Forthcoming marriages

Mr M. Flawn Thomas and Lady Rose Cecil
The engagement is announced between Mark, youngest son of Mr and Mrs Peter Flawn Thomas, of Shortbridge Mill, Piltdown, Sussex, and Rose, daughter of the Marquess and Marchioness of Salisbury, of Hatfield House, Hertfordshire.

Mr J. H. T. Devitt and Miss S. C. Duffus
The engagement is announced between James, son of Sir Thomas and Lady Devitt, of Colchester, Essex, and Susan, elder daughter of Dr and Mrs Michael Duffus, of Thelbridge, Devon.

Mr D. H. Winton and Miss P. J. Beattie
The engagement is announced between Douglas Harry, younger son of Mr Ronald G. Winton, MBE, and Mrs Winton, of Farnham, Surrey, and Philippa, younger daughter of Mr and Mrs Colin M. Beattie, of Chesham, Buckinghamshire.

Mr D. R. Apperly and Miss L. Viney
The engagement is announced between David, son of the late Mr D. A. Apperly and Mrs K. M. Apperly, of Hadspen, Somerset, and Lucy, daughter of Mr and Mrs Nigel Viney, of Long Crendon, Buckinghamshire.

Mr S. H. Garrett and Miss C. D. Butterworth
The engagement is announced between Simon, son of Mr and Mrs D. Garrett, of Cobham, Surrey, and Christine, daughter of Mr and Mrs D. H. Butterworth, of Penwortham, Preston, Lancashire.

Mr J. H. Goatly and Miss J. S. Orr
The engagement is announced between Jonathan Howard, eldest son of Mr and Mrs John Goatly, of Fernhurst, West Sussex, and Janet Stewart, elder daughter of Mr and Mrs Ronald Orr, of Craven Arms, Shropshire, and Bibury, Gloucestershire.

Mr N. F. Rennie and Miss K. S. Gratton
The engagement is announced between Nigel, younger son of Mr and Mrs D. C. Rennie, of Moor Park, Northwood, Middlesex, and Sally, younger daughter of Mr and Mrs J. Gratton, of Moor Park, Rickmansworth, Hertfordshire.

Mr B. A. Rutter and Miss J. C. Perkins
The engagement is announced between Ben, eldest son of Mr and Mrs J. M. Rutter, of Stower Row, Shaftesbury, and Joanna, only daughter of Mrs and Mrs J. E. F. Perkins, of Streatham, London.

Mr N. Stevenson and Miss J. C. Palca
The engagement is announced between Nicolas, younger son of Lieutenant Commander and Mrs D. E. Stevenson, of Warblington, Hampshire, and Julia, daughter of Mr and Mrs H. Palca, of Compton, Surrey.

Latest appointments

Latest appointments include:

Mr R. Q. Braithwaite to succeed Sir Crispin Tickell as Deputy Under-Secretary of State (Economic) Foreign and Commonwealth Office.

Dr A. E. Sloman, Vice-Chancellor of Essex University, to be Chairman of the Universities Council for Adult and Continuing Education, in succession to Professor G. D. Sims.

Mr J. R. Bambrough, President of St John's College, Cambridge, to be Chairman of Governors of Sedburgh School, in succession to Dr W. G. Barr.

Corporation of the Sons of the Clergy

The 306th annual Court of Governors of the Corporation of the Sons of the Clergy took place at Lambeth Palace on November 8. Mr Paul Griffin, senior treasurer, was in the chair. The following were elected treasurers for the year ensuing: Mr Paul Griffin, Mr M. L. J. Marshall and Prebendary A. R. Royall.

The court of governors received the resignation from the Court of Assistants of Mr S. K. Hodson and elected Mr H. C. Cottrell to be a member of the Court of Assistants.

Clifford Longley

A tactful message for Jenkins's ear

THE Archbishop of Canterbury, Dr Robert Runcie, has conveyed an open message to the Bishop of Durham, the Right Rev David Jenkins, that he ought to be more careful what he says in public. Out of tact, the destination of the message was not spelt out; but it is understood on good authority that there is no reason to doubt it.

Speaking to his diocesan synod, Dr Runcie said "rather too rarely" did churchmen consider the effect of their words before they spoke, particularly the effect on the simple, the wavering, and the puzzled.

They should ask themselves, in other words the Bishop of Durham should ask himself, "How will this conduct look to my colleagues, my flock, my parishioners, perhaps less instructed or sophisticated than I am and yet still, as St Paul says, brothers and sisters for whom Christ died?"

It was wrong, he said, to exercise one's gifts or functions in the church without thought of the effect they would have on the church's more fragile parts.

The church was a body, to be built up: it was a principle of building that stronger beams should take the greater strain so that weaker beams could also be incorporated and have their place.

The archbishop's main thrust was in contradiction to the proposition which Shakespeare put in the mouth of a "very foolish old man", Polonius: "This above all – to thyself be true".

To many people it seemed self-evident but "it is not the Gospel". Rather too often and rather too assertively in the church was it said: "I must be myself", "I must put things my way", "I must assert my principles".

He doubted whether the self-knowledge required to take such a stand was really possible; but in any event it was against the Christian principle that the standard and goal was Christ, not the self.

Dr Runcie clearly intended to include in the scope of his rebuke more than one individual target, the controversial new bishop, but it is not much of a secret in the church that he deplores the Bishop of Durham's insistence that simple people must be confronted sharply with the truths held by libera theologians to be self-evident.

In his own theological opinions he is rather to be counted among the "simple" himself. He has a fairly literal understanding of the doctrines of the Virgin Birth and the Resurrecton: he does not think they are "myths".

It is also clear that the Church of England has something of an authority problem. The Bishop of Durham is not, in fact, answerable to anybody, and Anglicans are generally opposed to the idea of a central authority.

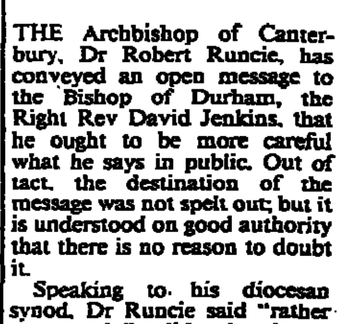
It is not unknown for a Roman Catholic bishop in England to find a high Vatican official on the telephone within 24 hours of him being linked publicly with some controversy; and hitherto Anglicanism has felt rather superior to that way of behaving.

Ironically it is now the Evangelicals, traditionally the least inclined to favour any copying of the Roman Catholic Church, who are pressing for a firmer display of central authority in the Church of Englad.

Dr Runcie's response, the only one possible, is to express his concern about the Bishop of Durham's controversial manner with gradually increasing volume and sharpness until the message gets through.

To some extent the Archbishop of York, Dr John Habgood, shares Dr Runcie's view that controversial questions must be handled delicately. Their difficulty is that the Bishop of Durham believes, obviously, that delicacy equals evasion of the issues, which must be faced.

That at least unites him with his critics: they do not want him to be quiet, but to believe what they believe.



The Bishop of Durham, the Right Rev David Jenkins: An open message.

Marriages

Mr C. Boxer and Miss K. Forshall
The marriage took place in Chichester on Friday, November 2, of Mr Charles Boxer, only son of Mr Mark Boxer and Lady Arabella Stuart, and Miss Katie Forshall, daughter of the late Mr Peter Forshall and Mrs Diana Forshall.

Mr A. T. Fisher and Miss R. E. Kornberg
The marriage took place on Saturday in the Chapel of Christ's College, Cambridge, of Mr Andrew Thomas Fisher, youngest son of Mr and Mrs J. O'N Fisher, of Bridgnorth, Shropshire, and Miss Rachel Kornberg, younger daughter of Professor Sir Hans and Lady Kornberg, of Christ's College, Cambridge. The Rev Dr A. Lenox-Conyngham and Dom Christopher Jenkins, OSB, officiated.

The bride, who was given in marriage by her father, was attended by Miss Philippa King. Dr Andrew Pitts was best man.

A reception was held at Christ's College and the honeymoon will be spent in Sri Lanka.

Mr H. B. de Klee and Miss C. S. Clarke
The marriage took place on November 3 at All Saints Church, Highbrook, of Mr Hugo de Klee, son of Colonel and Mrs Murray de Klee, of Auchnacraig, Isle of Mull, and Miss Caroline Clarke, daughter of Mr and Mrs Simon Stephenson Clarke, of Cridmore Farm, Chillerton, Isle of Wight.

Mr N. C. Last and Miss R. C. Oliver
The marriage took place on Saturday, November 10, at Woolwich, between Mr Nicholas Last, of Welwyn Garden City and Miss Ruth Oliver, of Manchester. Mr Barry Ashwin was best man.

An afternoon reception was held at The Trafalgar Tavern, Greenwich, and a dinner party in Greenwich.

After a honeymoon in the West Indies the couple will reside in Holland.

Birthdays today

Lord Justice Goff, 58; Mr J. A. S. Ingamells, 50; Sir Ronald Millar, 65; Major-General Sir Gerald Duke, 74; Mrs Peggy Fenner, MP, 62; Sir Charles Sopwith, 79; Mr Jeffery Thomas, QC, 51; the Rev Dr Chad Varah, 73; the Marquess of Zetland, 76.

Oakham School

The Trustees of Oakham School have announced that Mr Graham Smallbone, the Precentor and Director of Music of Eton College has been appointed headmaster in succession to Mr Richard Bull, who goes to Rugby School in January, 1985.

University news

Cambridge
Awards after performance in Tripos examinations, 1984:
Title of scholar: Oriental studies, A F Butler; history, P P Catterall; electrical sciences, M J Fice; veterinary medicine, M P Harrison; mathematics, B L Lapworth; chemical engineering, D Miller; natural sciences, K N Page, I A Rudy. Scholarship in mathematics: D Burns. Exhibitions: Economics, A E Ackrill, N Kherai; Mathematics, A D Smith; natural sciences, [illegible]

Trinity College. Fellowship under Title D: E W Handley, as Regius Professor of Greek. Staff Fellowship under Title C: J W Bowker, MA, as Dean of Chapel and college lecturer in theology; A M Strathern, MA, PhD, as college lecturer in social anthropology. Research fellowships under Title A: W A Boucher (applied mathematics), O G Figes, BA (history), D W Hughes (applied mathematics), J K Leonard BA (English), S C Ogilvie (history), D J Smith (molecular biology). Visiting Fellow Commoners, 1984-85: Professor G Grottanelli de Santi, professor of constitutional law, University of Siena; [illegible]

Bath
The university of Bath is to confer the honorary degree of doctor of letters on Sir William Glock at a degree congregation to be held on December 17.

Liverpool
Natural Environment Research Council: £134,789 to Dr J D Marshall for the application of stable isotope data to palaeoenvironmental and diagenetic studies.
Home Office, £54,906 to Mr H J Parker, for the exercise of the 1982 Criminal Justice Act on sentencing decisions for 14-20 year-olds.

Appointments in the Forces

[illegible]

Royal Air Force
GROUP CAPTAINS: D R Mc K Watson to HQ RAF Germany, Nov 16; D F J Chapman-Andrews to RAF Hospital Wegberg, Nov 12; K F Ashley to P A Hospital Wroughton, Nov 16.
WING COMMANDERS: M J H Walker to MOD, Nov 12; P G Masterman to HQ Strike Command, Nov 15; I D Blyth to RAF Finningley, Nov 16; R E Williams to RAF Northolt, Nov 16; A G B Vallance to MOD, Nov 16.
SQUADRON LEADER (with acting rank of Wing Commander): G Stewart to Brockzetel, Nov 16; J W Gilbert to RAF Brampton, Nov 15.

Memorial service

Miss A. I. Richards
A memorial service for Miss Audrey Isabel Richards was held in the Chapel of King's College, Cambridge, on Saturday. The Dean, the Rev J. H. Drury, officiated and the lessons were read by Mrs J. E. Floud and Sir Richard Faber. Professor Jean la Fontaine gave an address. Among those present were: [illegible]

Reception

Old Mercers' Club
A reception was given by the Old Mercers' Club at the Tower of London, on November 2. The guests were received by the president, Mr S. F. H. Glynn, and Mrs Glynn.

Parliament this week

Commons. Today (2.30): Continuation of debate on the Queen's Speech. Topic: Industry and employment.
Tomorrow (2.30): Conclusion of debate on the Queen's Speech. Topic: The economy.
Wednesday (2.30): Debate on Opposition motion on schools and further education.
Thursday (2.30): Elections (Northern Ireland) Bill, second reading.
Friday (9.30): Friendly Societies Bill and Mineral Workings Bill. Second readings.

Select committees. Today: Environment. Subject: Operation and effectiveness of the Wildlife and Countryside Act. Witnesses: Nature Conservancy Council; Countryside Commission (4.30).
[illegible] in Wales. Witnesses: Welsh counties committee; Transport 2000; Institute of Chartered Transport (4).

SOCIAL SERVICES
Subject: Community care, with special reference to adult mentally ill and mentally handicapped. Witnesses: Association of County Councils; Association of Metropolitan Authorities; Association of Directors of Social Services (4.15).
TRANSPORT
Subject: Financing of public transport. Witnesses: Association of Metropolitan Authorities (4.15); Association of District Councils (5).
FOREIGN AFFAIRS
Subject: The events surrounding the weekend of May 1 and 2, 1982. Witnesses: Mr C. Wallace(s), CMG, CVO

Lords. Tomorrow (2.30): Conclusion of debate on the Queen's Speech. Topic: Economic and industrial affairs.
Wednesday (2.30): Debate on relations between central and local government.
Thursday (3.00): Debate on occupational health and hygiene services.

Select committees. Tomorrow. EEC subcommittee G (Environment). Evidence on vehicle emissions (10.45).
Wednesday. EEC subcommittee B (External Relations, Trade and Industry). Evidence from CAA on air transport policy (10.30).
EEC subcommittee D (Agriculture, Food and Consumer Affairs). Evidence on unit pricing of foodstuffs (10.30).
EEC subcommittee C (Education, Employment and Social Affairs). Evidence on parental leave (11).

Progress of legislation

Commons. Outlawries Bill read a first time. Nov 7. New Towns and Urban Development Corporations Bill, Mineral Workings Bill, and Elections (Northern Ireland) Bill all read a first time. Nov 8: National Heritage (Scotland) Bill, Friendly Societies Bill, and Films Bill all read a first time. Nov 9: Civil Aviation Bill read a first time.
Lords. Nov 6: Select Vestries read a first time. Nov 7: Food and Environment Protection Bill, Brunei and Maldives Bill, and Charities Bill all read a first time. Nov 8: Companies Bill, Business Names Bill, Company Securities (Insider Dealing) Bill, Companies Consolidation (Consequential Provisions) Bill, Bankruptcy (Scotland) Bill, Family Law (Scotland) Bill, and Recreational Gardening Bill all read a first time.

Bridge winners

Paul Hackett and Tony Sowter, were convincing winners of the main event for the Two Stars Trophy at the English Bridge Union's autumn congress at Eastbourne on Saturday.

Results
Two Stars Trophy
1, P D Hackett (NW), Dr A P Sowter (Staffs) 631; 2, K Ford I A N. Swanson (Surrey) 592; 3, I Francis, T Dean (London) 578; 4, G M Brown, G T Beamiss-Bland (Kent) 582.
Lewis Levy Cup
1, A M Kay (Herts), P Nicholls (London) 165; 2, A Melbourne, D Sanders (Middlesex) 138; 3, M Kingsland, J R Willans (Kent) 134; A MacNair, G Horsley (London) 134.

Science report

New strain of hepatitis isolated

By Pearce Wright, Science Editor

A discovery which could help doctors to contain the spread of hepatitis has been reported from a joint medical research group in New York and in Liberia. Its findings, reported in the current issue of *The Lancet*, describe a new class of virus.

The importance of the discovery in halting the infection rests on how complete a picture the new virus provides scientists of the complicated nature of the types of hepatitis.

Two strains of virus have been known for a long time: hepatitis-A (originally called infectious or short-incubation hepatitis), and hepatitis-B (sometimes called post-transfusion hepatitis, because it is spread through donated serum and other blood products, and injections with contaminated needles).

The existence of at least one other strain has been apparent during the past six or seven years because research has shown that a large number of patients, particularly those infected from transfusion or injection, were not carrying the hepatitis-A or B strains. In the United States up to 90 per cent of transfusion-associated illness is caused by this third "non-a-non-b" agent.

The presence of that virus is hampering work on a vaccine that has at last been formulated for preventing hepatitis-B. The undetected virus is probably responsible for the occasions when individuals are apparently not protected after vaccination.

Although a test has yet to be invented to detect "non-a-non-b" virus in blood products, transmission of the illness could be lessened because the new research has shown how to inactivate the organism.

The work done by Dr Alfred Prince, of the New York Blood Centre, is the second discovery published in the past month that will help to isolate the "non-a-non-b" virus.

The importance of getting an effective vaccine against hepatitis-B is emphasized in the current issue of *The British Medical Journal* by Professor Arie Zuckerman, of the London School of Hygiene and Tropical Medicine.

He says the world reservoir of carriers is conservatively estimated to be more than 200 million people. And liver cancer is one of the 10 most common tumours in the world, with more than 250,000 new cases each year, and there is evidence that hepatitis-B is its cause in up to 80 per cent of the cases.

He lists the groups of people in Britain for whom immunization against hepatitis-B is recommended.

First, health care personnel, who have frequent contact with blood or needles; staff of residential institutions for the mentally handicapped; staff in direct care of patients who are carriers; those at work in haemodialysis, haemophilia, and other centres providing regular treatment with blood or blood products; dentists and ancillary staff with direct contact with patients, laboratory workers regularly handling infected material; and people on secondment to countries with a high prevalence of the disease.

Secondly, the patients who should be vaccinated include first entrants into residential homes for the mentally handicapped, those treated at haemodialysis centres, those having surgery needing multiple transfusions, and those with chronic kidney damage where dialysis or transplantation will be required.

Thirdly, vaccination should be offered to certain contacts of patients: the sexual partners of patients with acute hepatitis or carriers.

Other groups at risk include staff at reception centres for refugees and immigrants from areas where the illness is common. In addition, groups at "lower risk" include long-term prisoners, staff of custodial institutions, ambulance and rescue services, and selected policemen.

Source: *The Lancet*, November 10, *The British Medical Journal*, November 10.

OBITUARY

PROF L. F. LA COUR

Authority on plant chromosomes

Professor L. F. La Cour, OBE, FRS died on November 3 at the age of 77. A distinguished and respected biologist, he was an authority on plant chromosomes.

At the age of 15, he joined the staff of the then John Innes Horticultrual Institution at Merton, near Wimbledon, and retired at 65, from the John Innes Institute at Norwich in 1972 after 50 years' service. He then held an Honorary chair at the University of East Anglia, from 1973 to 1978.

La Cour rose from Laboratory assistant to professor and Fellow of the Royal Society, without university education or formal scientific training, and he worked actively in the laboratory for the whole 55 years of his career. This was extremely difficult to achieve then and, today, would be almost impossible, as rigidly defined professional qualifications are now all important for a scientist and many good scientists are channelled away from their laboratories into administration.

Leonard Francis La Cour was born in London on July 28, 1907. On leaving Merton School in 1922, he obtained a post as Laboratory Assistant at the John Innes. In 1926, he was promoted to Technical Assistant and in 1929 published his first paper, in *Nature*.

He soon came under the influence of C. D. Darlington, with whom he had a close professional relationship, jointly publishing ten papers between 1938 and 1952 and a very successful practical manual, *The Handling of Chromosomes*.

In 1948, La Cour was promoted to Senior Experimental Officer and in 1949 moved with the John Innes to Bayfordbury, near Hertford. In 1953, Darlington left the John Innes, and La Cour, having been appointed MBE the previous year, became acting head of the Cytology Department ("acting" because he had no university degree).

He was given the unusual status of Chief Experimental Officer in 1956 and, having again moved with the John Innes in 1967, this time to Norwich, he received an Honorary MSc at the University of East Anglia in 1969. Next year, he became a Fellow of the Royal Society and was promoted to Senior Principal Scientific Officer. His appointment as OBE came in 1973 and his ScD (East Anglia) in 1977.

As well as his outstanding research on chromosome structure and behaviour and his development of new cytological techniques, he bred a new triploid lily, "Formobel". Indeed, he was a keen and meticulous gardener.

Unlike many scientists of his generation, La Cour had strong Tory convictions. He seemed to feel that he had been able to succeed by his own efforts, despite his humble origins, and that egalitarianism would encourage idleness, which he despised. Although he appeared to have few illusions about the Establishment, he was respectful towards those in authority, without being in the least sycophantic. Strikingly, he did not make enemies.

La Cour was particularly good with the new members of the Institute and visitors from abroad and, later, with university research students. He will be remembered by the many who knew hiœas a kindly man, supremely competent at anything he undertook, generous in helping others with their work, but quite capable of expressing himself with asperity and indignaton on conduct which he considered outrageous.

In 1935, he married Anne Wilkes, who survives him.

MR PHIL WELD

Phil Weld, winner of the 1980 Observer Singlehanded Transatlantic Race died in Boston, Massachusetts, on November 6 at the age of 70.

A successful newspaper publisher he did not take up racing until after retiring from business.

A resolute amateur with the private means to support the passionate interest he developed for short-handed ocean racing, his exploits and the active encouragement he gave to others seeking outside support did much to foster the idea of sponsored yacht-racing within America.

Entering this competitive world at the age of 56, he finished third in the 1970 Round Britain Race in his 44ft trimaran Trumpeter. It was a position he seemed fated for, as he also finished third in the next two Round Britain events and in the first Route du Rhum Transatlantic Race from St Malo to Guadeloupe in 1978.

In 1976 his 60ft trimaran Gulfstreamer capsized in mid-Atlantic during the voyage across for the start of that year's single handed Transatlantic race, but the five days he and his crew were forced to endure inside the upturned craft failed to dim his appetite for short handed racing.

Four years later he returned to Britain to compete in the sixth Observer race with another Newick-designed trimaran, the 51ft Moxie, and at the age of 65 overcame a storm ridden Atlantic and 87 competitors, mostly half his age, to win this single-handed classic in record time.

VALENTIN SOKOLOV

Mr Valentin Sokolov, the Soviet poet who is reported to have died last month at the age of 58, became well known for his poems in dissident circles both inside and outside the Soviet Union. Many of them were composed either in labour camps or in the psychiatric clinic in which he was forced to spend the last years of his life.

Sokolov was first arrested in 1947 and sentenced to 10 years in a labour camp for belonging to an "anti-Soviet" underground youth group. He was released after the 20th party Congress in 1956, but arrested again the following year and sentenced to 10 more years, again for "anti-Soviet" propoganda.

After a short period of freedom from 1967, when he continued to write, he was arrested a third time, and was eventually sent to the clinic at Chernyakhovsk, in the northwest of the Soviet Union, where he died.

His poetry was published by émigrés in Paris.

THE REV H. R. T. BRANDRETH

A Correspondent Writes:

The Reverend Henry Brandreth, who died on October 31 made valuable contributions to the ecumenical movement and to the world of scholarship.

In 1939, at the request of the Church of England Council on Foreign Relations, he undertook to examine the complex subject of the *episcopi vagantes*, those self-styled bishops claiming to hold valid episcopal orders. The study was written for the benefit of the Lambeth Conference in 1948, his book *Episcopi Vagantes and the Anglican Church* having been published the previous year.

This book was an original and meticulous piece of sholarship and established itself as a classic. A revised edition was published in 1961 but was withdrawn almost as soon as it appeared due to threatened legal action. Brandreth was amazed as well as amused when he heard recently that copies of this second edition were selling for as much as £50 each.

His pioneer work, *Unity and Reunion*, was published in 1945. This annotated bibliography was a model of its kind, objective and detailed. The publication in 1974 of *The Oecumenical Ideals of the Oxford Movement* was followed in 1951 by *Dr Lee of Lambeth*, a work which paid close attention to Lee's part in The Order of Corporate Reunion and cognate schemes in the late nineteenth century.

When Brandreth was appointed Chaplain of St George's, Paris, in 1949 he found an ideal location, for St George's had a strategic and almost unique position as a meeting point between Anglican and other churches. At the suggestion of Dorothy L. Sayers, he wrote a life of J. K. Huysmans which was published in 1963.

Returning to England in 1965, he continued his close connexions with ecumenical groups and scholars, paying particular attention to Anglican Orthodox relations.

Over the years, Brandreth built up a fine working library and was always generous in assisting other scholars with information. He was delighted that Canon C. P. M. Jones was able to acquire for Pusey House, Oxford, his unrivalled collection of reunion pamphlets, bound in 108 volumes. The greater part of his library went to Pitts Theology Library, Emory University, Atlanta, Georgia.

Brandreth sensed that the interest and encouragement previously shown in his work was no longer maintained after the retirement of Archbishop Ramsey. Over a period of time he became dispirited and ill health overtook him in the late 1970s until finally he eschewed all intellectual pursuits. It was a very great waste that through want of the right encouragement, his unrivalled knowledge of important, if arcane, aspects of English church history and of modern reunion matters was never fully utilized.

Sir Arthur Bryce Duncan, who died on November 2, was chairman of the Nature Conservancy from 1953-61, Convener of Dumfriesshire County Council, and Lord Lieutenant of Dumfriesshire, 1967-69.

THE ARTS

Television
Lyrical honesty

Why is Tchaikovsky's music so *affecting?* What irresistible magic draws the coach parties forth for Tchaikovsky nights and ensures a houseful of misty eyes at the end of the second act of *Swan Lake?* In Sounds Magnificent (BBC2), André Previn asked these questions, then justified himself to those of austere musical taste by stressing that, despite his popularity, Tchaikovsky's music is nevertheless truly beautiful and demonstrates the composer's genius for lyricism.

Having thus proved that the quest for Tchaikovsky's appeal was a noble venture, Previn gave us a quick tour of the composer's private life, before discussing the major emotional hooks of the "Pathétique" Symphony in detail. Several times, he described Tchaikovsky's music as "honest", and perhaps it is necessary to know the unhappiness of a composer's sex-life before evaluating his personal distress and then proceeding to appreciate the truthfulness of its expression in his work. On the other hand, perhaps it is better to know nothing of the artist, but to allow him to communicate his experience directly through his music. Certainly, a handful of photographs and a brisk voice-over do much less to convey anguish than Tchaikovsky's Sixth Symphony.

This was the penultimate programme in a series which aims to explain symphonic music to those who know little of it. Such music on television is, in most cases, very much a case of "never-mind-the-quality, feel the width". A television speaker, which is a few inches square, emits the most sublime sounds as mere sonic semolina – but they are broadcast to an audience of millions, and so the exercise is deemed worthwhile.

A gifted director of television music can make up for the poor sound quality by playing on the over-riding strength of visual stimuli; a picture can be worth a thousand notes and the listener can almost be persuaded to hear sounds which have not been transmitted. Herbert Chappell, who wrote and directed *Sounds Magnificent*, is capable of such transformations, but in this programme there were several unhappy shots – notably the picture of Previn which appeared at intervals during the analysis of the symphony. This was framed so that the conductor's arms were out of sight, and without any visual reference to the orchestra. Every now and then, when Previn was required to conduct a passage to illustrate his point, he appeared to lurch towards the camera as if falling off his chair in an empty studio.

Celia Brayfield

Opera in New York
Glass breaking out of 'minimalism'

Akhnaten
Lincoln Center

Philip Glass's *Akhnaten* has arrived in New York, at the New York City Opera in Lincoln Center, in a production which originated in October at the Houston Opera. For the first time in many years, the fitfully soporific state of contemporary American opera shows signs of life, because Glass has become the focal point of vigorous, heated argument as to the worth of his music and of his operatic pageants, with opinions ranging from "feeble" to "masterly", from "pretentious and boring" to "inspired and gripping". Certainly Glass is the most individual force in American opera since Virgil Thomson.

His "operas" so far have been more music-theatre pieces than traditional operatic works: *Einstein on the Beach* (a collaboration with Robert Wilson), *Satyagraha* (about Mahatma Gandhi's early career in South Africa) and now *Akhnaten*. *Satyagraha* has been recorded, and will enter the City Opera repertory in 1986; a two-week run of *Einstein* is being given this Christmas at the Brooklyn Academy of Music.

All three operas are bound together by the musical repetitiousness for which Glass in either renowned or infamous, but *Akhnaten* differs in that it uses a fuller orchestra (without violins) in a more traditional manner, and is more coherent as a story and lyrically rapt in its music-making.

Akhnaten, however, is a distance from traditional opera. It consists of a series of scenes, or *tableaux vivants*, portraying the life of the Pharoah Akhnaten, who worshipped the sun god, from his sunrise (the death of his father, and his coronation) to sunset (the destruction of his civilization), in three 45-minute acts. The highest point is achieved at the noonday centre, when Akhnaten sings the longest "aria" of the opera, his Hymn to the Sun. For the rest, there are brief ensembles and duets and some choral passages of length, but the burden falls on the orchestra and onstage pantomime, linked by spoken dialogue.

The repeated patterns of the music change harmonically, rhythmically, in speed or in orchestration, and stretch over an extended time-frame. The patterns become a type of drone bass which serves to highlight the changes when they occur. Yet the deliberately mannered nature of the composition, which sounds extraordinarily simple when set against the complexities of twentieth-century composition, is in fact cunningly wrought. *Akhnaten* shows Glass in full control of his material, dramatic and musical.

Glass and his librettists (Shalom Goldman, Robert Israel and Robert Riddell) have chosen to emphasize the infantile, physiologically and psychologically deformed nature of the Pharoah, and to that end Glass has set the title role for counter-tenor. David Freeman, who produced the work, depicted Akhnaten as a hermaphrodite, either clinging to his mother Tye, or his child-wife Nefertiti, or playing in the sand.

The focus of the simple settings (by Israel and Riddell) is on the eternal and the immediate at once: the everlasting Egypt of someone winnowing wheat, someone making mud bricks and a group of men fighting (all onstage for the whole of the opera), and the events of Akhnaten's life. In the second act, when Akhaten banishes the priestly cult, establishes monotheism and begins contruction of his sun city, Freeman indicates the building by having Egyptians make sand houses across the stage. When the priests return to otherthrow Akhnaten they destroy the houses (as they in fact destroyed the city). This visual solution is brilliant in that it keeps the focus on a child's world of creation, with an adult's revenge.

The depiction of Akhnaten as a child diminishes him as both religious figure and thinker, leaving him his one moment of mature glory in the Hymn to the Sun, which is the musical highlight of the opera and a composition of extended ecstatic stasis. (It recalls, in emotionality if not in musical means, several passages of ecstasy in Messiaen's Saint Francis opera.) At the end of the opera, after present-day tourists have examined the sparse ruins that remain, the music recapitulates the opening, and Akhnaten returns to haunt the scene, surrounded by the continued evidences of eternal Egypt.

The production, in its conscious naiveté, is radically different from that of Achim Freyer for the Stuttgart première last March, which was a painter's inventive and personal response.

As Akhnaten, Christopher Robson sang with glacial purity and acted with appropriate childlike incomprehension. The orchestra, under Christopher Keene, needed more sharpness in the attacks and overlaps, which are crucial, and needed to relax into the music.

Whatever one's response to *Akhnaten*, two things are clear. One is that Philip Glass has attracted an enormous amount of attention in the United States for his stage works, and has in the process broken out of the "minimalist" shell towards a personal style of opera. The second is that he intends to devote a major share of his time in the next year or two to opera, specifically to an adaptation of one of the space novels of Doris Lessing in collaboration with the author.

Patrick J. Smith

● *Akhnaten* will be staged at the Coliseum next summer by the ENO, first night June 17, for seven performances. The producer, as in New York, is David Freeman.



Glacial purity, childlike incomprehension: Christopher Robson as Akhnaten

Dance
Pauline Daniels
Riverside

Guest appearances with the Dutch National Ballet at the Coliseum last June introduced Pauline Daniels as a dancer of remarkable clarity and distinctive personality. Those qualities are revealed more extensively in the solo programme she gave at Riverside Studios for Dance Umbrella on Friday and Saturday. Under the title *Profile*, she performs four contrasted pieces, each influenced by a different art form, which cumulatively make a satifying whole.

Hans van Manen's *Portrait*, to Satie piano music (the dance we saw before), begins the show. With different parts of her muscular but very feminine body picked out by a follow-spot, she is revealed physically and emotionally as if in photographic close-up.

Then, with no longer pause than is needed for a quick costume change, she puts off that stern character for a frivolous, flirtatious girl involved in a relationship, at least partly imaginary, with a womanizing unseen hero. This dance, called *Sonia and others*, has a literary source, a text by the Belgian writer Kurt Köhler, read by an actor and theatrical producer, Tom Jansen, who devised and directed the dance.

Film photography pays a large part in *Gotspe*, with choreography by Helga Langen (a fellow-member, with Daniels, of the group Dansproduktie). In this, Daniels plays a street urchin. She is seen both live on stage and recorded on a screen behind; at first only one or the other, but eventually both at once, the simultaneous appearances developing into a fight between her real and filmed selves, or even between two selves on film.

In the last dance, *13*, Daniels's own choreography is set in relation to music produced by Harry de Wit from his "costrument", a grey plastic overall inside which contact microphones are sewn. His gestures cause various noises amplified by a special seat like an electric chair – but it is the dancer's body that is convulsed as if by electric charges. The result is eccentric and compelling.

The programme's title, *Profile*, is justified by the final effect of revealing, through these widely varied dances, the range and quality of a fine and distinctive artist.

John Percival



Passion and stamina: Anne Lambton with Andrew Wilde

Theatre
Judith
Citizens', Glasgow

The Representative and *Soldiers* gave Rolf Hochhuth his reputation for confronting world leaders with controversial moral questions drawn from the Second World War. This new piece does set its prologue in 1943, showing the murder of a German commandant in Russia by a young partisan, Yelena. But the main action is contemporary: an old Yelena confronts Judith, an American journalist who, now that her President is reintroducing chemical weapons, thinks to assassinate him in turn.

As a Shavian plea for such an act as the last resort of the many against "undemocratic" arrogance, *Judith* would be sensational even without the immediate shadow of a President's re-election and Mrs Gandhi's killing, and, in our theatre, adult discussion of such issues is rare enough to be exhilarating. Older readers of *The Times* will remember the vigorous debate over the disclosure that the British military attaché in Berlin had plans, vetoed by the Foreign Office, to assassinate Hitler in 1939. Hochhuth mentions this extreme case: somewhat tendentiously, in this context.

How many assassinations change the world? How many democratic leaders, especially American Presidents, dominate policy that single-mindedly? Hochhuth has someone retort that it is individuals, "three, four, seven of them" who decide war: hardly an adequate reply.

In Robert David Macdonald's literate performing version, strong provocative points, red herrings, non-sequiturs and emotional pressure all appear intermittently in the long mêlée of debate. Whether or not Hochhuth deliberately batters us into perplexity, it does suggest that Judith's motives are actually emotional, not intellectual; the act is punishing, not practical. This sets her apart from her biblical namesake, who saved her city by beheading Holofernes – with his own sword, just as Hochhuth's heroine dosposes of the President with a whiff of his own poison gas triggered by remote control.

Increasing the discourse's emotional charge if not its clarity, Hochhuth makes Judith's main accomplice her brother (Andrew Wilde), a Vietnam GI half-paralyzed by American gas. He easily out-jesuits the wet Jesuit (Ian Reddington) who protests that possession of "defence" weapons does not constitute aggression. Meanwhile, lest we should start feeling detached, Judith's smooth CIA fiancé (John Sommerville) approves a war concept contained to Europe, as no one likes the Germans and since they started poison gas they deserve some back.

In fact, as usual, Hochhuth's impartial *saeva indignatio* towards war is very powerful. Judith and Yelena even weirdly encounter a visionary called Tiresias (honestly), half-crazed since entombment in a mass war grave, whose attendant ravens suggest the Christian god and the Greek seer and who quotes Revelation for Judith to expound, Jehovah's Witness-style, as a prophecy of chemical warfare.

For all their hi-fi and cafetières, the characters never belong to real life. Anne Lambton, great in passion and stamina, has to play Judith's confessional last act in hysterics. Kenny Miller's typically monumental sets include an unlikely drawing room like a carpeted garage and a cart that, aptly, perhaps, makes a lot of noise but cannot move.

Anthony Masters

● The production of Rolf Hochhuth's *Judith* at the Citizens' Theatre, Glasgow, is a world première. It was incorrectly stated in our background feature on Friday that it had been first staged at the Burgtheater in Vienna. In fact, a production at the Burgtheater is planned for May 1985.

Lay Up Your Ends
Drill Hall

To the numbing babel of a thousand machines, the girls arrive, hang up their shawls and disperse across the mill floor. A surreptitious pinch of snuff, and the daily grind begins. Behind them, in ascending order, on a backcloth are the stages in linen's life from blond tresses of flax fibre to the hallowed damask dinner napkin. But only old newspaper covers their own tables at home.

Charabanc is a new Belfast-based touring company notable, at least in this production of Pam Brighton's, not only for strong political commitment but for fluent, precise group playing that conjures up a full charabanc, a mill or Sunday hubbub at the Custom House Steps with minimal means.

But the subject of Martin Lynch's play, the spinners' brief strike in 1911, condemns it to trudge through the familiar stages of a hundred strike plays: defiance, elation, then attrition, doubt, defections and finally return to work. It claims interest because women, the "slaves of slaves", were both supremely exploited and, with an eye to their young children, nervous strikers at heart; and because what seemed like defeat led to the forming of a union branch almost at once.

In addition to doubling as the usual doggedly caricatured bosses and their wives, and the spinners' own menfolk who are naturally dismissed as worthless, the company seizes delightedly on the strong and colourful characters at the eye of the storm, from Marie Sarah Jones's doughty ringleader ("She'd start a quarrel in an empty house, so she would", says someone) to Brenda Winter's wheedling flincher. Nervously approaching marriage or selflessly renouncing it, Maureen Macauley and Eleanor Methven invest two private lives with real social significance, and Carol Scanlon, catching the eye as a waiflike Catholic mother of eight, develops from comic naiveté to desperate courage.

Anthony Masters

Concerts
Disturbing elation

One is perhaps beginning to get used to the idea that Huddersfield means contemporary music in November, but the festival continues to amaze by its enterprise. It is now bigger, richer, more coherently planned, and even more fully and enthusiastically attended than ever before, though still mounted with the same amiable modesty and frugality.

This year there are two presiding themes: music-theatre and Peter Maxwell Davies. They are not necessarily synonymous. Indeed, it is not until later in the week that the Fires of London will be arriving with a double bill of staged pieces. However, in concerts covering almost the whole of his career, one has been reminded time and again of how very theatrical his instrumental music often is: all those great percussion machines and heraldic trumpets in the orchestral pieces, and the sense of a purely musical theatre of inexorable progress and deep seriousness. Possibly this is just another way of saying that his music is powerfully argued, as he was ready quite simply to admit in a talk on his orchestral works. Less easy to accept was the view he expressed that the three scores we were to hear, *St Thomas Wake*, *Stone Litany* and *Worldes Blis*, represent an orchestral apprenticeship.

Elgar Howarth, conducting quite outstanding performances from the BBC Symphony Orchestra, proved how exceedingly potent and imaginative these works are. Davies's later symphonies may be orchestrated with greater sophistication, but there is nothing tentative about the awful merry-go-round of pavan, foxtrot and urgent symphonic development in *St Thomas Wake* or the tidal drifting similarly overcome by a more violently empowered music in *Stone Litany* or the colossal achievement of *Worldes Blis*, which at 40 minutes is only the mighty prelude to things that perhaps can never be said, even in music. Very little composed for the orchestra since Mahler's death disturbs and elates on this scale. Some apprenticeship!

Davies's real apprenticeship was represented rather by the Clarinet Sonata of 1956-57 which he wrote for himself and Birtwistle to play, but which had disappeared until unearthed for this performance by Kevin Corner and Russell Medley. It is in three short movements growing in style and substance out of the judgmental meditation of the Op 2 piano pieces: the second movement scampers off (or should scamper off) as a presto, and the finale is an adagio. Publication, and more performances, would certainly not shame the composer.

What happens to a work when it is performed often was shown by the Albany Brass Ensemble in an account of Davies's Brass Quintet that made thirty minutes pass like ten but contain as much as a hundred, so fiercely concentrating was their expert, virtuoso guidance. But the orchestral concert too was a rare experience, not only in being the first devoted to Davies but also in bringing out so much detail and in making the music work. In *Stone Litany* Elizabeth Parcells offered liquid cascades in the upper region, even if her lower voice was quiet, and the whole orchestra played this demanding but exhilarating programme as if they meant every bit of it.

Paul Griffiths

Bach Choir/Willcocks
Festival Hall

With the prospect of a film of *Amadeus* looming on the horizon (reports from California suggest a confection of gargantuan proportions) to keep alive the controversy about Mozart's death, it is unlikely that his unfinished Requiem will lose either its fascination for scholars or its hold on the concert platform, where it seems currently to be every choral society's favourite.

Whether the piece will continue to be sung in Sussmayr's discredited completion, or in the more recent attempts by Richard Maunder (which Hogwood has recently recorded) or Duncan Druce (yet to be heard in London, I think) is more doubtful. For such massive sing-ins as Friday night's Bach Choir performance, Sussmayr – with his ubiquitous trombones cheerily trolling along on the bass line – probably serves best, with a thickness of orchestration that complements the singing.

Nevertheless, Sir David Willcocks, who conducted as soberly as ever (though a sudden two-step on the podium near the end of Haydn's *Te Deum* was a moment of uncharacteristic frivolity), made some sensible choices: reduced strings in the "Recordare", and splendidly unanimous double-dotting in the "Rex tremendae".

Among the soloist, Patrizia Kwella's piercingly white soprano did not quite match the surroundings; Catherine Wyn-Rogers and Maldwyn Davies, natural and flowing, fitted better; Henry Herford was rhythmically vague.

It was an excellent idea to preface this Requiem with Haydn's all too rarely heard *Te Deum*, a magnificient late work of 1799 or 1800 which – like the Mozart – uses plainsong, has an old-style fugue which reanimates the baroque tradition, and makes powerfully expressive use of the diminished seventh. Its hard edges were softened by the choir's numbers, but the exultant counterpoint of "In te Domine speravi" bounced happily; and the unison cries of "non confundar in aeternum" were chillingly direct.

Nicholas Kenyon

PUBLISHING
Selling to the life

A few years ago Michael Balfour, then a publisher, contemplated opening a bookshop that would sell only biographies and autobiographies. He would not today consider any such thing and not only because he has become a successful packager. Their attraction to the book-buying public now appears on the wane.

As Philip Ziegler, himself a distinguished biographer and an editorial director of Collins, says: "There is no doubt that now sales of biography are far weaker than 10, or still more, 20 years ago. This is especially true of historical biography". Until recently, in so far as any books were sure-fire sellers in hardback, a "good" biography was likely to do well. Indeed, biographies were regarded as the last bastion of the hardback.

They have never done as well, comparatively, in paperback, and a few years ago disappointed even Penguin with their much publicized series of the "best" modern biographies – reprints mainly. (Penguin, though, are not beaten: Emma Tennant is currently editing for them a series of "Lives of Modern Women".)

Whereas the US trade paper, *Publishers' Weekly*, reports that in the States biographies are doing well, here they have definitely ceased to be a publisher's meal ticket. Ben Glazebrook of Constable, whose firm has brought out some of the most elegant lives by British writers, believes that "a good biography of a popular, well-known subject – Napoleon, Wilde, both Lawrences, etc – is more or less bound to have some success but lesser-known subjects can sell alarmingly few copies unless there is something going for them – usually sex or scandal".

As Peter Carson of Penguin and Allen Lane, now Viking, adds, it is increasingly difficult to come up with a first-rate biography of "many of the better subjects as a good or even very good biography of recent vintage exists".

However, John Curtis, of Weidenfeld & Nicolson, insists that "a good biography is still as good a publishing property as it ever was, although timing is all-important and what might once have been a good subject is not necessarily so for all time, eg. Frances Donaldson's *P. G. Wodehouse*, which just missed the centenary and didn't sell as many copies as it deserved to do". Christopher Sinclair-Stevenson, of Hamish Hamilton, points out that, as biographies tend to be long, so production costs have risen and thus prices, with the result that sales have fallen.

Is the identity of the author crucial? Mr Sinclair-Stevenson submits that "there is a school of thought that a new biography of Napoleon or Elizabeth I or Dr Crippen will sell more or less whoever writes it. I doubt this. The combination of Eliot and Peter Ackroyd is probably vital and that of A. N. Wilson and Belloc essential because they're made for each other."

"The best formula for success," says Mr Curtis, "is matching the right author with the right subject, eg. Victoria Glendinning on *Vita* or Kenneth Rose on *George V*." Mr Glazebrook, too, aspires to "the perfect fusion of author and subject" and mentions David Cecil's *A Portrait of Jane Austen*, of which Constable sold more than 20,000 copies, plus 30,000 to a book club and to Penguin.

Ben Glazebrook thinks price important, £15 being the maximum if major sales are anticipated. Philip Ziegler regards price as "critically important for showbiz-type biographies". And, as Christopher Sinclair-Stevenson philosophizes, "libraries are chary of using up their pittance in such high unit-cost investment, the general reader simply doesn't have that kind of money, and universities are suffering from cutbacks."

Why do publishers go on bringing out biographies if most people who need to be written about have been written about? Last word to Peter Carson: "What is still true is that a goodish biography probably can command more review space than virtually any other category of book."

E. J. Craddock

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225.0m	Kleinwort Benson	380	+20	17.9	4.7	9.6
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1,543.1m	Royl Bnk Of Can	£17	● −½	..	..	..
511.5m	Royl Bnk Of Scot	226	−2	11.0	4.9	6.0
106.9m	Schroders	683	..	23.6	3.5	11.5
5,760,000	Seccombe M	360	+10	28.6	7.9	11.9
13.8m	Smith St Aubyn	64	● +7	6.4	10.0	5.8
725.1m	Stand Chart	467	+3	40.0	8.6	6.5
74.9m	Union	743	+60	48.6	6.5	12.2
12.5m	Wagon	53	+5	3.9	7.4	14.8
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161.3m	Fleet	191	−10	7.1	3.7	19.8
6,507,000	Gordon & Gotch	136	..	10.7	7.8	60.7
11.5m	Haynes Publishing	230	+10	17.1	7.5	14.9
3,450,000	Home Counties	138	−5	..	..	..
—	Independent	148	..	12.0	8.1	..
1,357.2m	Int Thomson	474	−35	14.0	3.0	17.9
63.0m	Link House	525	● +15	22.4	4.3	15.7
24.1m	Liverpool	215	+3	15.9	7.4	10.0
191.1m	News International	480	● ..	12.1	2.5	55.5

OIL

OVERSEAS TRADERS

PAPER, PRINTING, ADVERT'G

PROPERTY

SHIPPING

SHOES AND LEATHER

TEXTILES

Capitalization £	Company	Price last Friday	Ch'ge on week	Gross div pence	Div yld %	P/E
61.3m	Sirdar	128	● −1	4.8	3.6	10.5
900,000	Small (JC) Tidmas	75	+1	..	..	9.4
900,000	[illegible] (F)	36	..	2.5	6.9	5.1
123.3m	Snia Viscosa	80	−1	2.1	2.6	..
4,310,000	Stroud Riley	61	−4	3.2	6.3	6.4
2,568,000	Textured Jersey	67	+1	5.7	8.5	6.6
3,171,000	Tomkinsons	110	+4	7.1	6.5	5.8
113.4m	Tootal	64	+4½	3.8	5.9	11.6
7,254,000	Yorklyde	155	+15	7.1	4.6	10.9

TOBACCOS

Capitalization £	Company	Price last Friday	Ch'ge on week	Gross div pence	Div yld %	P/E
3,970.0m	BAT	271	● −14	12.8	4.7	7.2
1,214.6m	Imperial	163	−6	11.5	7.1	10.1
330.6m	Rothmans 'B'	155	−6	8.6	5.5	9.9

● Ex dividend. a Ex all. b Forecast dividend. c Corrected price. e Interim payment passed. f Price at suspension. g Dividend and yield exclude a special payment. h Bid for company. k Pre-merger figures. n Forecast earnings. p Ex capital distribution. r Ex rights. s Ex scrip or share split. t Tax free. y Price adjusted for late dealings. .. No significant data.

هكذا من الاصل

THE TIMES

FINANCE AND INDUSTRY

Executive Editor Kenneth Fleet

Autumn test of candour for the Chancellor

Perhaps if Mr Nigel Lawson could come up with a dignified new title for this afternoon's Autumn Statement – or gild it with a bit of best British ritual – the process might begin to look less like the conclusion to an ill-managed cabinet firework display and more like the production of his major economic statement of the year.

The Autumn Statement has grown only by degrees, almost by stealth, certainly against government opposition, with the inclusion of extra pieces of the jigsaw of public accounts. First, of course, come the expenditure figures; even a government dedicated to cutting taxes still bizarrely begins its sums on the spending side.

Even more bizarrely, these so-called *expenditure plans embody plenty* of decisions which are really about revenue: what to charge for certain public services, what to demand from (or lend to) nationalized industries, what rates and thresholds to fix for Britain's payroll tax, or national insurance scheme.

Secretive Treasury

All these decisions had already made the autumn spending round as financially important to many individuals as the Budget, even before considering the implications of the next major element in the Autumn Statement: the Treasury forecast. From its projections of output, inflation and so forth can be calculated the total revenue likely to be raised by the existing tax structure – and that figure, too, is now published. Since the permissible level of government borrowing is supposed to be pre-determined (by successive medium-term strategies), then, *hey presto*, we can deduce the Chancellor's scope for tax cuts next spring – now coyly presented in the Autumn Statement as a "fiscal adjustment".

Yet the Autumn Statement still does not tell all, particularly this year. The Treasury, having been forced (largely by Parliament) to open its books in the autumn, has quickly developed devious new defences for its privacy. It has an instinctive determination to husband the good news. Mr Lawson's first tax-cutting Budget last March, remember, was actually heralded by an Autumn Statement which said he would need to put taxes up. So whatever figure appears this afternoon, in place of the £2 billion originally pencilled in for tax cuts in 1985-86, is bound to change again before next spring.

There are always real reasons for change behind which the Treasury can disguise its autumn caution. The forecast of the public *sector's deficit – the figure* that determines the need for borrowing and the scope for tax cuts – is the difference between two huge numbers. Small shifts in the total for either expenditure or revenue can easily double or destroy the Chancellor's horde of spare cash.

Take spending first. As stockbrokers Grieveson, Grant point out in a paper today, the present contingency reserve of *£2.75 billion for 1983-84 amounts to over* a third of the Government's target for public borrowing (which looks a healthy margin for error) but only just over 2 per cent of planned public expenditure (which looks, and has proved, too narrow).

Of course, the Government can claim special reasons for its breach of this year's reserve. Roughly £1.5 billion (including lost revenue as well as higher spending) has been added to public borrowing by the *miners' strike. Without that, the reserve* would have just sufficed so far, though with no margin for the remaining one third of the financial year.

This overshooting has massively complicated next year. It is not only that, without foreknowledge of when the miners' strike will end, the Chancellor's forecast of 3 to 3½ per cent growth and 4 to 4½ per cent inflation must be more provisional than usual. It also squeezed the room for growth in public spending allowed for by next year's targets.

Even the "victories" over Mr Lawson claimed by spending departments last week allow for total cash budgets to rise by less than the rate of inflation, and at about half this year's rate.

Hence the suspicion of Mr Lawson's contingency figuring for 1985-86. The Treasury's practice has been to build in larger and larger reserves for the years futher ahead, implicitly allowing for some ground to be lost in successive Cabinet battle. But Mr Lawson cannot cut far into next year's reserve, originally set at £3.75 billion, without the City crying fudge. Which leaves him with apparently litle to offer in the way of tax cuts.

But this Chancellor, as we know, is not prepared to be so constrained. He has shown hmself ready to tax Peter in order to untax Paul. The whole tax system is up for consideration – whatever the Chancellor's margin for overall tax cuts, the Budget will be an occasion for substantial redistribution of the tax burden.

'Green Budget'

This could mean that this afternoon's Autumn Statement will actually be less informative than in previous years. Over time, the Treasury has been nudged in the direction of producing a credible "Green Budget" – an overall statement on public accounts, plus calculations of the costs of possible tax changes. For the past two years it has provided simple tables of the cost of altering the rates and threshholds of major taxes; quite sufficient to enable back-of-the-envelope would-be Budget-makers to play around with different ways of distributing the Chancellor's spare change.

With more radical change in prospect, more information is needed. A major test of this Autumn Statement will be whether the Chancellor is prepared to divulge more about his options, in line with his enlarged ambitions. If not, the Budget process will have taken a step back into obscurity, and at a dangerous moment. Before Mr Lawson launches radical reform, involving costly adjustments, on the taxpaying public, he owes us the material for properly informed debate.

Sarah Hogg
Economics Editor

Alliance and Leicester plan to merge by mid-1985

By Richard Thomson

The Alliance and the Leicester building societies will today announce plans for the largest merger in building society history. *If the merger is* completed it will create the fourth largest society, to be called the Alliance and Leicester, with assets of about £6 billion.

Today's announcement will state that although there is no commitment between the two societies yet, talks have started which should lead to merger proposals. The societies hope that the merger will be effective around the middle of next year.

Before the societies can link up, however, they must obtain a three-quarters majority in favour of the move from their shareholders. They also need the agreement of their respective staff associations, and finally ratification from the Chief Registrar of Friendly Societies, Mr Michael Bridge*man, who supervises the building societies.*

The announcement will describe the merger as a union of equals. The Alliance is the eighth largest society, with assets of £2.8 billion at the end of 1983, while the Leicester is in tenth place with *£2.5 billion.*

But the new society will still be less than half the size of the Halifax and Abbey National, the two largest societies. It will operate on a similar scale to Nationwide, the third biggest.

The Alliance and the Leicester have staffs of about 1,800.

After the merger, Mr Roy Cox, chief general manager of the Alliance, and Mr Scott Durward, chief general manager of the Leicester, will act as joint chief general managers of the new society. But when Mr Cox *retires by the end of next year,* Mr Durward will remain as the sole executive head.

The merger is aimed at producing greater efficiency through economies of scale. In areas such as advertising and marketing, the two societies have spent several million pounds this year. As a single society they would spend about *half as much.*

As a single, larger unit, they also hope to be in a stronger position to take advantage of the new powers to be given to building societies under planned legislation. The societies want to get the merger sorted out now so that they are ready when the legislation goes through in two or three years' time.

The Alliance, based in Hove, and the Leicester, based in the Midlands, also complement each other geographically.

Both have been leaders among the building societies in introducing new financial services. The Leicester has links with the National Girobank and with Citibank Savings, a part of the US banking group, in connexion with whom it provides the "Leicester card" service.

The Alliance provides an interest-paying cheque account in connexion with the Bank of Scotland. The socieities claim that their services are complementary, not conflicting.

New Fraser share sale

Mr Rowland "Tiny" Rowland's Lonrho has already sold a million of the seven million shares in the House of Fraser it bought after selling out to the Al-Fayed brothers. The sale on Friday, made a short-term profit of £150,000, according to Mr Rowland. But he said he might *buy more to bring his stake* back up to 10 per cent. Mr Rowland's new shares came from sales by Mr Jack Hay*ward and Dr Ashraf Marwan.*

STOCK EXCHANGES

Change on week

FT-SE 100 Index: 1164.2 down 4.4
FT Index: 900.1 down 7.5
FT Gilts: 82.1 down 0.1
FT All Share: 549.61 down 1.8
Bargains: 21,662 up 2,216
Datastream USM Leaders Index: 104.49 down 0.1
***New York:* Dow Jones Industrial Average:** 1,218.97
Tokyo: Nikkei Dow Jones Index 11,239.28 down 10.67
Hongkong: Hang Seng Index 1,047.32 up 12.09
Amsterdam: 179.5 up 0.3
Sydney: AO Index 779.5 up 13.4

BOARD MEETINGS

TODAY – Interims: A and M Hire, Amersham International, Consoli*dated Co, Ferguson Industrial* Holdings, Framlington Overseas Income & Growth Fund, Griqualand *West Diamond Mining Co, Hunting* Gibson, New Throgmorton Trust (1983), Outwich Investment Trust, Regalian Properties. **Finals:** Lucas Industries, Murray Growth Trust, Scottish National Trust.

TOMORROW – Interims: Ambrose Investment Trust, Anglo American Coal Corporation, Audiotronic Holdings, Commercial Union, *Compsoft Holdings, De La Rue Co,* GEI International, A Goldberg and Son, Land Securities, FH Lloyd Holdings, Oxford Instruments Group, Seccombe Marshall and Campion, Unilever (third quarter), Unilever NV (third quarter), 1928 Investment Trust. **Finals:** Bellway, Burton Group.

WEDNESDAY *Interims:* Allied Irish Bank, External Investment Trust, Geers Gross, General Accident Fire and Life Assurance Corporation *(quarterly), Great Portland Estates,* LCP Holdings, Robert Moss, Renold, Tesco. **Finals:** Fitzwilton, Smiths Industries, Wade Potteries.

THURSDAY Interims: BP *(third* quarter), Bank of Ireland, Chamberlin and Hill, Electra Investment Trust, B Elliot, International Signal & Control Group, Kwik Save Discount Group, LEP Group, NMC Investments, Plessey (second quarter), Premier Consolidated Oilfields, Royal Insurance (third quarter), Scantronic Holdings, Staveley Industries, Ultramar, Usher-Walker, Valor, Whittington Engineering. **Finals:** M J Gleeson, *LWT Holdings, Maynards.*

FRIDAY Interims: Anglo Nordic Holdings, Black Arrow Group, DDT Group, Great Global Recovery *Investment Trust,* Save and Prosper, Smallshaw R Knitwear, Whitbread Investment Co. **Finals:** Stocklake Holdings, Somic.

NEWS IN BRIEF

S. Korea in attack on trade quotas

Protectionist trade measures by industrially advanced countries on South Korean television sets, *textiles and steel* products are expected to reduce the country's exports by $1 billion (£793m) this year.

The Seoul Gvernment has submitted a report to the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade to draw world attention to the adverse effects of trade protectionism.

In the first 10 months of this year, South Korean exports rose *19.9* per cent, compared with the same period last year and reached 23.8 billion according to the country's trade ministry.

● THE GOVERNMENT will face the choice between significantly higher taxation and raising the retirement age later this centry, says Charterhouse J. Rothschild in its latest forecast.

● DIXONS GROUP has sent a document to shareholders of Currys, the electrical retailing group, giving details of its new final offer to buy the company. *The document says that the* shares and cash offer, worth 498p per share, represents a premium of 44 per cent over *Curry's asset value.*

● THE BRITISH TELECOM share sale, even if it is successful with individual shareholders, will not prevent a net decline in personal shareholding over the next three years, according to the London Business School.

● A HIGH COURT decision is expected today on whether Statham Duff Stoop, the stockbrokers, may act for the Grovebell Group in its £5.6m takeover bid for Atlanta Investment Trust.

● THE IMF has approved Brazil's overall economic reform programme of austerity for 1985. This clears the way for $1.87 billion assistance and sets the stage for negotiations with banks.

● MONUMENT OIL and Gas joins the Unlisted Securities Market today at a share price of about 20p. The company consists of the North Sea interests of Minster Assets.

USM Review, page 18

Dollar in danger of 'precipitous fall'

By Our Financial Staff

The dollar could fall precipitously unless US federal budget deficits are reduced quickly, according to Mr Martin Feldstein, former chairman of President Reagan's Council of Economic Advisers.

The ability of foreign investors to continue to absorb dollar securities is fast approaching saturation point. Capital inflows into the US from the rest of the world are adding an estimated $100 billion to the US savings pool. Enough to finance more than half the deficit, but, writing in *The Wall Street Journal,* Mr Feldstein gives a warning that this cannot continue.

Mr Donald Regan, the US Treasury Secretary, said in an interview with Channel 4's *Business Programme* last night that defence and medicaire were prime targets in the Administration's determination to cut spending, and that taxes would be raised only "as a last resort".

But Mr Feldstein said that a stalemate this year could trigger a spontaneous fall in the dollar, *requiring a rise in interest rates* that would terminate the economic recovery.

That view is echoed by Lloyds Bank, which today forecasts a 12 per cent fall in the dollar's average value in the year to September 1985, and by the stockbrokers, Grieveson, Grant, who give a warning that delay could result in emergency action later on the budget deficit.

Firms could run trains, says study

By Graham Searjeant
Financial Editor

Competition from private companies should be inroduced into Britain's railways by treating them like airline routes, according to a study by Professor David Starkie in the latest issue of *Economic Affairs.*

It would be better for British Rail and for the public if BR were split into two parts, instead of piecemeal sales of railway lines, Professor Starkie says in the journal, which is published on behalf of the Institute of Economic Affairs.

The tracks, signalling and control and stations, he says, would remain as a state-owned British Rail.

But operations would be put into a separate company, perhaps called British Trains, which would compete with licensed private competitors to operate services, paying British Rail for the privilege.

This would make the railways like airways, where state and private airlines are licensed to operate services over the same routes.

The transition could be relatively painless, Professor Starkie says, as privately-owned wagons already carry 40 per cent of BR freight traffic and the Venice-Simplon Orient Express company uses BR infrastructure. Loss-making routes should only have one operator, but there could be competition in tenders for subsidies, he says.

Cuts hit civil engineers

By Edward Townsend, Industrial Correspondent

Continuing cuts in public construction work, possibly made worse by expected further restraint on local council spending, have plunged the country's civil engineering companies deeper into gloom.

Figures from the Federation of Civil Engineering Contractors show a "disturbing decline" in order books in recent months, a drop in tender prices, a further squeeze on profit margins and falling employment.

Construction industry jobs, of which civil engineering accounts for about 10 per cent, have fallen from a 1980 average of 1,325,000 to just over one million this summer.

The federation's October workload survey, covering 203 companies, reveals that 42 per cent have cut the number of operatives in the last 12 months and 36 per cent said they expected the employment trend *to be downward,* with the burden falling mainly on companies employing fewer than 500.

ORDINARY SHARES

Hope floats with P&O's Princess

Richard Hannah

The Princess of Wales will name P&O's new cruise ship, the Royal Princess on Thursday. The ship is the most expensive cruise ship ever built, at a cost of *$150m (£118.7m).* In keeping with its price, it is aimed at the top end of the world cruise market, on the West Coast of America.

After years of savage pruning of its traditional bulker and liner fleets, the purchase of the Royal Princess is a significant act for P&O. It represents an investment equivalent to a third of the group's total shareholders' funds.

The decision to invest on such a scale was taken by the previous top management team at P&O in 1981 on the basis that it was necessary to maintain the group's leading position in the market. Since then, the cruise markets have been hit by poor economic conditions and increased price competition.

However, given the current buoyancy of the US economy, *demand for cruises is* good and divisional profits seem on target to recover to 1980 levels this year. In this environment, there is little doubt that the Royal Princess will contribute well to group profits, particularly given its novelty appeal to the wealthy US cruise set.

Nevertheless, with depreciation and interest alone amounting to £15m a year P&O may have difficulties in generating an acceptable return on capital if economic conditions turn down again or competitive pressures intensify. To cope with such conditions, P&O will *at least have the* operational flexibility of already owning an established cruise fleet.

The structure of the P&O fleet will have undergone a major transformation in 1984, reflecting not only the delivery of the Royal Princess, but also the £77m writedown of the gas fleet – which has produced only a minimal return on capital since P&O invested about £100m in nine LPG-carrying ships in the 1970s. In the last decade, the structure of P&O's capital investment in shipping (including its associate, OCL) has altered dramatically.

P&O FLEET STRUCTURE Capital employed (%)	1974	1979	1984*
Cargo ships	74	57	38
Ferries	9	11	11
Gas carriers	5	23	5
Passenger ships	12	9	46
	100	100	100

*Phillips & Drew estimate

Ships are still important in *terms of P&O capital employed,* accounting for 45 per cent of the total in the last annual accounts, but their contribution to group *profits* was onlly 8 per cent. This experience has been common to all the major British deep-sea shipping groups in the recent years and, not surprisingly, has strengthened the industry's determination to dipose of shipping interests.

P&O's move out of shipping has progressed for about 10 years. Its major source of profit is now the construction *group,* Bovis, and it has a diverse and profitable range of other activities encompassing road haulage, banking and extensive overseas interests.

The stock market has witnessed P&O's profits recovery and chewed over endless permutations of bid possibilities, but the other major deep sea shipping company, Ocean Transport & Trading, has remained under a cloud. Nigeria continues to be the company's special problem, with its once highly profitable liner trades from Europe and the US now in loss.

However, like P&O, Ocean has also been restructuring, but without the blaze of publicity that attaches *itself* to a *bid* situation. Indeed, two of Ocean's actions in 1983 had the mark of genius. The first was the disposal of its Singapore-based subsidiary, Straits Steamship, for £88m. After a profits record of solid growth up to *1983,* Straits has moved into loss. After demonstrating impeccable timing in its disposal, Ocean then went on to use the proceeds to repay the majority of its dollar debt, at an exchange rate 20 per cent better than that *available today.*

Ocean has also followed British & Commonwealth's and P&O's lead in massively reducing its exposure to shipping. It is a sad reflection on economic realities that Ocean now has only *one bulk* carrier left, having sold another seven ships this year (other than its £60m LNG carrier, which has been laid up since its delivery in 1977 and is now virtually fully written off.

Ocean shipping activities are now restricted to two liner trades and a 33 per cent stake in Overseas Containers, the successful British container operator. A reduced exposure to shipping will allow the success of Ocean's other divisions to shine through.

Ocean Cory, the highly diversified business which includes interests in distribution, towage, air freight forwarding and waste management, has an enviable record and produced pretax profits of £15m in 1983 (the majority of which was offset by shipping losses).

Profits will be boosted in two months by the start of an important five-year contract to dispose of London's waste with a barge service on the Thames. This division's earning potential goes a long way to justifying the value placed on the whole group by the stock market.

High stakes have always been the nature of shipping business. P&O and Ocean both invested heavily in the gas carrier market in the 1970s and lost. Now the companies have adopted different strategies, with P&O substantially increasing its exposure to the cruise market while Ocean is content to become more dependent on its established land-based activities.

Ocean share price stands on a 40 per cent discount to its heavily written-down asset value and this compares favourably with P&O's price which trades at a 10 per cent premium.

Given the recovery in Ocean's profits expected in 1984, it seems reasonable for shareholders to expect a restored final dividend which would give a yield of 8 per cent, well above P&O's. Having seen P&O's share price rise dramatically in the last two years, we now favour Ocean for a re-rating.

The author is shipping analyst at Phillips & Drew.

THE GILT-EDGED MARKET

Conditions for beating 10% long yield barrier

Michael Hughes

Three factors, two relating to the US, *have combined* to promote a rise in bond prices in Britain. First, there were signs that the US recovery was slowing by more than had been generally expected. US interest rate reductions followed.

Second, there was a final sell-off of sterling relative to the dollar. Even at $1.25, British gilt prices in dollar terms were at their lowest levels for eight years. Like many occasions in the past, it was not until there was an extra stimulus to purchase in the form of a further price cut that the relative attractions of British assets were realized. Foreign purchases of gilts and other sterling assets increased. Sterling recovered sharply relative to the dollar.

Finally, the *expected* returns to gilts exceed those for British equities. High institutional cash flow has been directed towards the gilt market. Both overseas and domestic conditions for a gilt market rally were therefore fulfilled. The result has been a 12 percentage point rise in long gilt prices since the market's end July low point for the year.

Prices are back to those prevailing in the opening months of the year when gilt analysts considered whether the psychological 10 per cent long yield barrier was about to be broken. That debate has returned. Our contribution to it is to set three conditions for a sustained bull market in gilts which would break this yield barrier.

The first is that the British (Political) Experiment must succeed. Trade union power must be seen to be controllable within a free society and inflation eradicated within a democracy.

The second is that the dollar must keep falling and so allow British rates to truly decouple from those in the US.

Finally, domestic monetary conditions must be non-inflationary.

The indications are that the first condition can be fulfilled, albeit slowly. The resolution to the miners' dispute may provide the most important evidence to date for this. It is far from certain, however, that the second condition will fall into place.

Our evidence does not suggest that anything more than a modest correction to the dollar's overvaluation is in progress and even this could be swiftly reversed. Equally, it is not yet proven that the final and, at present, the most interesting condition has been fulfilled.

Expectations for money supply growth over the immediate future have been influenced by the Telecom sale and changes in the payment of value added *tax on imports. It is not* necessarily true that money supply will be depressed by the full amount of these influences. More importantly, a longer perspective suggests that money supply growth may still be excessive.

Excess money can either be spent, saved or flow overseas. If saved, it need not be inflationary. If either of the other two alternatives occurs, it could be. *In 1978, it was spent.* Spending was promoted by a Labour government preparing for the 1979 election. In 1981, it was saved mainly in the form of bank and building society deposits held by the personal sector.

This was effectively "neutralized" by increasing sales of National Savings and promoting gilt-edged sales to the personal sector to "mop-up" *this excess money.*

Now the situation is different. The excess money is held this time by the corporate, not the personal sector. Increasing National Savings is clearly not an effective option to neutralize it

Increasing gilt sales is a viable option, but not one which is especially appealing to the company sector. Increasing public sector asset sales could be. But projected asset sales are well below present estimates of the corporate cash surplus and in any case every effort is being *made to encourage individuals* rather than incorporated bodies to take up privatization issues.

With sterling still at relatively low levels despite its recovery, it seems unlikely, at least for the moment, that companies will aim to increase significantly their stock of overseas assets. The most likely outcome, therefore, is that this excess liquidity will be spent either in the form of higher wages or, more optimistically, on higher investment.

The projected investment growth from most surveys is encouragingly high. But the recession of the early 1980s led to reductions in capacity in *many companies* which are now beneficiaries of this investment boom.

The result is likely to be an excess demand for capital goods, which will lead to higher prices in some, but certainly not *all, of the investment goods* industries.

The consequence is that in the absence of any acceleration in the public asset sales programme, the excess money creation to date risks promoting a modest acceleration in inflation, even though this may not be reflected initially in the consumer goods sectors.

Taking all three conditions together, it does not yet appear certain that the next assault on the 10 per cent yield barrier will prove to be successful.

The author is partner and chief economist at the brokers de Zoete & Bevan.

US NOTEBOOK

Fed faces growing pressures

President Reagan has said that solid economic growth is on the way. Administration officials have made *it* known that 4 per cent compound growth between now and the end of the century is eminently "do-able".

However, the key player in the game of short-run economic management in America is the Federal Reserve.

It did not provide the President with the money growth boom that has so often preceded presidential elections. In fact it implemented a freeze on the growth of banks' reserves and money in May. Since then money M1 has not grown.

This has arrested the growth of the economy. It is now quite possible there will be negative growth early next year.

This is not satisfactory to the Administration.

Pressure from the Administration is not the only pressure on Mr Paul Volcker, chairman *of the Fed. In what appeared an* orchestrated performance, a former vice-chairman of the Fed, Mr Fred Schults, now a consultant for Drexel Burnham Lambert, forecast that Mr Volcker would resign early next year to allow the terms of chairmen of the Fed to be synchronized with the terms of the president. Mr Volcker's denial of this ensured he would be able to manipulate his term of office

Another source of pressure on the Fed emerged when the dollar fell a remarkable 4 per cent against the Deutschemark in the two weeks to November 7. The Fed stepped in and lifted *the federal funds rate, which* stopped the dollar's decline.

This exposed the dilemma of the Fed. Further substantial expansion of reserves is needed to promote faster money growth and avoid a 1985 recession

But as soon as the Fed begins to expand reserves interest rates fall and the dollar tumbles.

Maxwell Newton

USM REVIEW

Champagne flows for US debuts

The Unlisted Securities Market has celebrated a strengthening of its American connexion in champagne style. The growing US influence in the Stock Exchange's junior market was underlined last week, by the *arrival* of two *contrasting* newcomers.

CVD Incorporated is an American company. Instem is British. But it was the subject of a management buyout, in part funded by American cash. So when it came to market it picked an American sponsor.

Both made bright USM debuts. CVD, one of the companies involved in President Reagan's "Star Wars" research, was placed at 105p a share by Phillips & Drew, the broker.

The shares are now at 130p, pricing the company at £16.4m.

Instem, a computer group, arrived at 145p. It now rides proudly at 180p.

CVD is, even by USM standards, unusual. It is based *in Wilmington, Delaware, has* one British director (Mr Patrick Brenan, formerly finance director of the Hambros Group) and may hold a shareholders' meeting in Britain every other year.

Instem represents the first USM flotation by an American bank; in this case Citicorp International. Wood Mackenzie, the broker, was also behind the launch.

The four other USM newcomers, all British, did well. **Gabicci**, a clothing group, traded at 92p, against a 78p placing; **Plasmec** reached 76p (70p); **Alida Group** achieved 148p (140p) and **Klark Teknick** was 102p, against 85p.

Only **Health Care Services**, formerly London Private Health Group, failed to join the party. It is a revamp, at 27p, which is 1p below its placing price.

Derek Pain

UNLISTED SECURITIES

Capitalization £	Company	Price last Friday	Ch'ge on week	Gross div pence	Div yld %	P/E
7,251,000	A & M Hire	16½	+2	0.3	1.8	12.3
6,720,000	Aeronite	125	..	3.6	2.8	16.0
106.9m	Acorn Comp	87	−15	1.4	1.5	39.5
1,026,000	Acsis	19	● ..	..	..	14.8
3,500,000	Adam Leisure	14	−2	2.9	20.4	1.8
4,075,000	Addison Comms	163	..	2.0	1.2	30.8
25.4m	Air Call	448	● +20	8.6	1.8	19.0
7,400,000	Alida	148	..	9.3	6.3	11.8
15.6m	Alphameric	111	−2	..	..	..
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

Capitalization £	Company	Price last Friday	Ch'ge on week	Gross div pence	Div yld %	P/E
6,423,000	Garfunkels	155	+7	1.6	0.8	22.3
5,402,000	Gabicci	92	..	4.0	4.3	13.2
323,000	Gaunt (Roland)	48	..	..	..	..
13.1m	Gee (Cecil)	150	+6	3.0e	2.0	21.1
2,380,000	Geo/Rosso	34	..	2.1	6.3	14.2
7,729,000	Gibbs Mew	140	−5	3.7	2.6	77.3
6,629,000	Gilbert House	23	+1	..	..	..
3,120,000	Global Gp	78	−2	..	..	14.9
4,120,000	Godwin Warren	115	−3	2.4	2.1	17.1
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

Capitalization £	Company	Price last Friday	Ch'ge on week	Gross div pence	Div yld %	P/E
20.4m	Nth Sea & Gas	78	−2	..	..	..
13.3m	Northamber	178	+5	1.4	0.8	34.9
8,412,000	Oilfield Inspec	98	..	3.8e	4.2	7.2
9,241,000	Owners Abroad	16¾	−1¼	1.1	8.4	9.2
5,768,000	PCT	130	● +2	6.9	5.3	8.8
2,400,000	Pacific Sales	48	..	..	..	8.6
14.0m	Page (Michael)	220	+27	2.0	0.9	41.1
4,520,000	Pantherella	113	+2	4.7	4.2	14.9
2,070,000	Parkfield Frdry	39	+2	..	..	38.1
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

INVESTMENT TRUSTS

Capitalization £	Company	Price last Friday	Ch'ge on week	Gross div pence	Div yld %	P/E
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
19.3m	Drayton Far East	115	−8	1.2	1.1	..
95.1m	Drayton Japan	352	−20	1.4	0.4	..
107.5m	Drayton Premier	350	..	16.4	4.7	..
29.0m	Dundee Lon	155	−5	8.2	4.0	..
69.5m	Edin Amer Asset	180	−18	1.2	0.7	..
283.3m	Edinburgh	99	● −3	3.7	3.7	..
44.7m	Electric Gen	247	−1	4.5	1.8	..
22.2m	English Int	215	● ..	9.6b	4.5	..
49.8m	English Scot	61	−3	1.6b	2.6	..
71.4m	English NY	89	−3	3.3	3.7	..
35.7m	F & C Alliance	80	−2	2.3	2.9	..
73.2m	F&C Pacific	138	−5	5.0b	3.6	..
7,832,000	Family	178	−4	9.4	5.3	..
72.8m	First Scot Amer	230	−4	8.6b	3.7	..
—	First Un Gen	170	● ..	8.7	5.1	..
71.0m	Fleming American	430	−18	6.1	1.4	..

Capitalization £	Company	Price last Friday	Ch'ge on week	Gross div pence	Div yld %	P/E
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
86.9m	Merchants	84	−1	4.0b	4.8	..
112.5m	Monks	145	−4	3.4	2.4	..
80.2m	Murray Income	98	−3	4.3	4.4	..
113.9m	Murray Growth	86	−3	2.0	2.3	..
122.9m	Murray Int	111	−3	..	..	..
43.2m	Murray Small	156	−3	3.3	2.1	..
26.8m	Murray Venture	258	● −5	8.3	2.4	..
12.8m	New Court	340	+2	19.6	5.8	..
6,801,000	New Darien Oil	68	−8	0.4e	0.5	..
52.0m	1928	162	● −5	7.9	4.9	..
15.3m	Northrog Inc 83	39	..	3.2	8.2	..
34.9m	New Tokyo	347	−10	..	..	..
50.8m	Nth Atlantic Sec	276	−8	4.3	1.6	..
15.4m	Nth Sea Assets	128	−2	0.7	0.6	..
83.8m	Nthn Amer	250	..	7.7	3.1	..
62.5m	Outwich	124	−2	3.7	3.0	..

Capitalization £	Company	Price last Friday	Ch'ge on week	Gross div pence	Div yld %	P/E
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
86.9m	Tr Pacific Basin	253	−12	2.9b	1.1	..
57.6m	Tr Property	134	−2	4.5	3.4	..
181.4m	Tr Tech	84	−1	2.4	2.8	..
106.9m	Tr Trustees	120	−1	4.9	4.1	..
57.8m	Temple Bar	101	−3	6.2b	6.1	..
107.5m	Throgmorton	198	−3	9.3	4.7	..
8,645,000	Throg Secured Cap	247	..	..	..	..
52.6m	Trans Oceanic	146	−3	4.3	2.9	..
51.8m	Tribune	101	−1	2.8	2.7	..
17.8m	Triplevest Inc	74	−½	12.4	16.8	..
124.2m	US Debenture	180	−3	9.3	5.2	..
33.2m	Viking Resource	63	−2	1.6	1.9	..
67.0m	Westpool	68	● +4	2.0	2.9	..
22.9m	Wstrbottm Enrgy	95	● −3	1.0	1.1	..
228.6m	Witan	134	−2	3.6	2.7	..
30.7m	Yeoman	249	−3	11.7	4.7	..

APPOINTMENTS

Kitcat & Aitken: **Mr Desmond A. Shine, Mr John A. H. Chataway** and **Mr Peter H. Harvey** are being taken into partnership.

Burmah: **Mr Hugh Mellor**, an executive director of Dalgety, has been appointed to the board as a non-executive director.

United Kingdom Atomic Energy Authority: **Mr R. N. Simeone**, formerly personnel officer, has been promoted to comptroller of finance and administration. **Mr R. L. R. Nicholson**, formerly principal finance & programmes officer, has been appointed secretary and authority finance & programmes officer. He replaces **Mr P. J. Searby**, who has retired.

International Container Leasing Ltd: **Mr Martin Peploe** has been promoted to the post of Vice-President North America for the company's Tank Container Division.

Turner Porter Associates: Mr **Roland Jack** has been appointed a director.

Robert Fleming & Co Ltd: **Mr Peter D. English** and **Mr Bernard W. Fairman** become consultants.

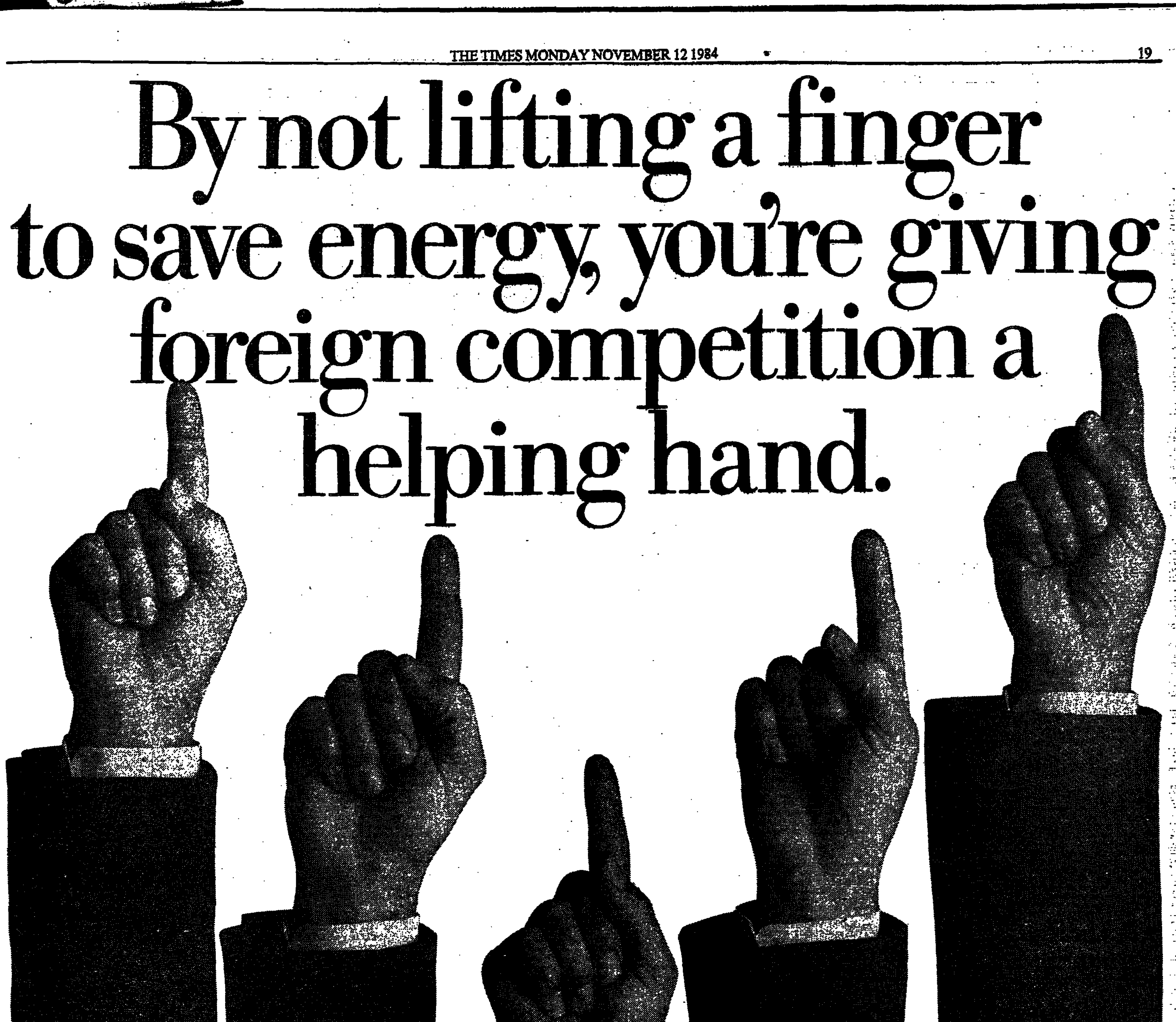
Base Lending Rates

ABN Bank	10%
Adam & Company	10%
Barclays	10%
BCCI	10%
Citibank Savings †	11½%
Consolidated Crds	10½%
Continental Trust	10%
C. Hoare & Co *	10%
Lloyds Bank	10%
Midland Bank	10%
Nat Westminster	10%
TSB	10½%
Williams & Glyn's	10%
Citibank NA	10%

† Mortgage Base Rate.

* 7 day deposits on sums of under £10,000, 6¾%; £10,000 up to £50,000, 7¼% £50,000 and over, 8½%.

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TENNIS: AN AMERICAN MONOPOLY IS BROKEN AT WEMBLEY

Lendl's barrage of aces deflates Gomez

By Rex Bellamy, Tennis Correspondent

Ivan Lendl took only an hour and 44 minutes to beat Andres Gomez 7-6, 6-2, 6-1 in the singles final of the Benson and Hedges championships at Wembley yesterday. Neither had previously lost a set. They brought to an end a sequence of six consecutive all-American finals.

This was also the first time since 1980 that anyone other than Jimmy Connors or John McEnroe had won one of London's three most important men's singles titles – those of Wimbledon, Queen's Club and Wembley. Lendl, competing at Wembley for the first time, had not won a tournament since he became French champion in June.

Lendl's win over Connors in the semi-final on Saturday produced another example – there have been far too many – of diffident, excessively tolerant conduct by an umpire and a supervisor, in this case Jeremy Shales and Ken Farrar. Under a modicum of provocation, Connors taunted Lendl in terms that could reasonably be construed as an invitation to stand up and fight.

The televised version of the incident suggested that the paternal response of the officials could almost be justified. But the edited BBC recording spared us an obscenity that should have earned Connors a warning and a fine. Lendl did ask the umpire to intervene. "I'm not exactly an angel on the court", Lendl said yesterday, "but I don't think anyone should get away with yelling obscenities."

Shales knows his players and the emotional stress under which they work. Doubtless he considered that firm intervention would merely make matters worse. But that was no excuse for failing to apply the rules. The whole affair, though trivial in itself, was bad for the game – because most of it was televised confirmation of the extent to which court conduct has been allowed to deteriorate.

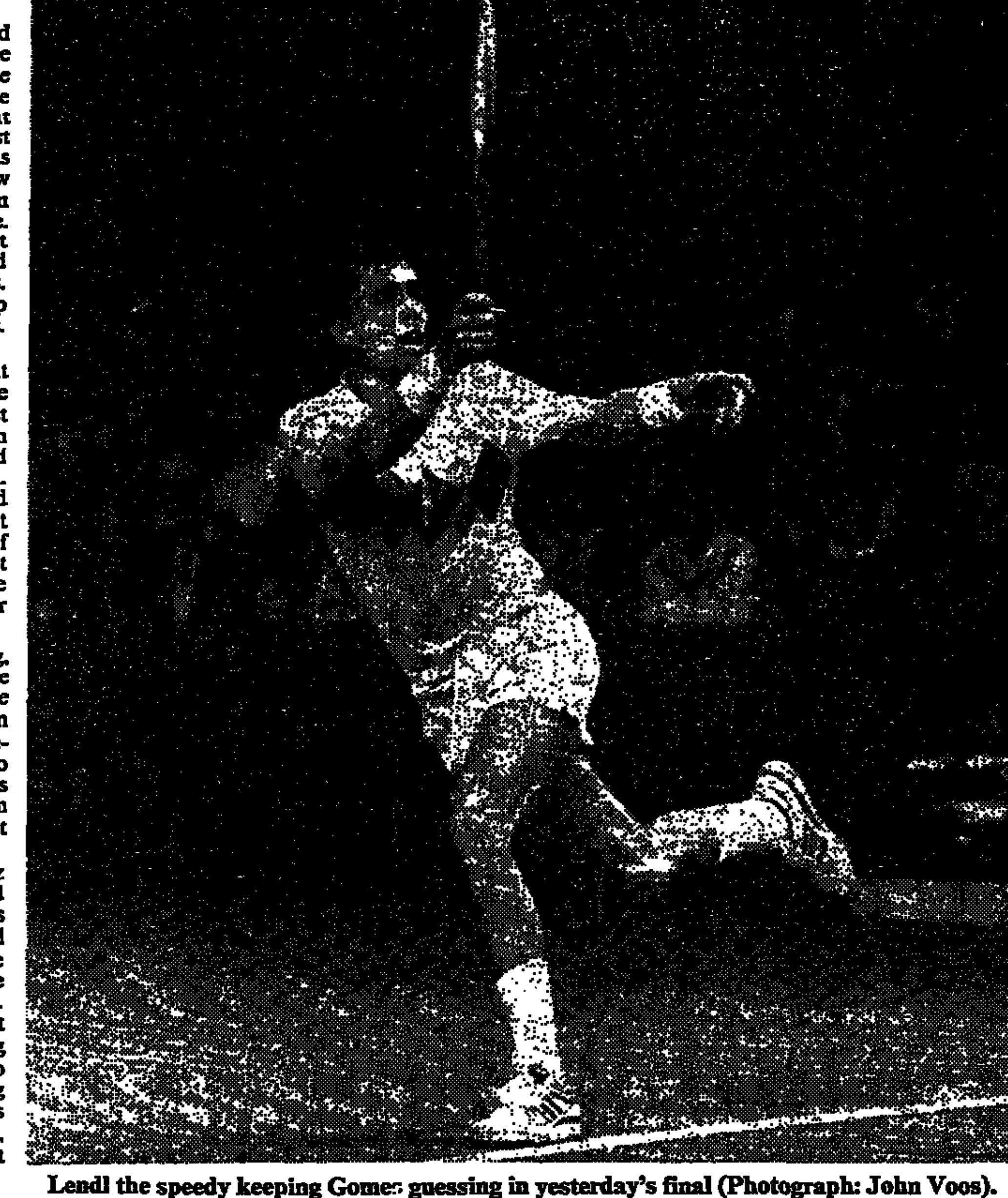
Yesterday Lendl conceded only 15 points in 14 service games, plus the four points he served in the tie-break. He served 15 aces: two of them at 2–3 and 15-40 down in the first set (the only break points Gomez had) and four in a row to win the eighth game. Four in a row is rare but not unique. Lendl modestly suggested that it just meant the receiver had guessed wrong four times. "Steve Denton and Chip Hooper have done it to me. Their serves are ridiculous."

In the first set, Lendl was at his best only when serving (nine aces). Gomez won the first point of the tie-break but then lost 13 consecutive points and reacted like a pricked balloon. His concentration wandered and the confidence drained out of him. In the fourth game of the second set Gomez went back to work but by that time Lendl was playing too well for him.

In addition to his serving, Lendl was unusually impressive because of his speed about the court. Later he said he had often overrun the ball and, consequently, had hit it too close to his body. Since August he has taen off 15lb. His game has been sharpened, too, by his recent interest in playing doubles.

Yesterday Lendl and Gomez (nine days older) practised together, played the singles final, and then beat Pavle Slozil and Tomas Smid 6-2, 6-2 in the doubles final. Lendl therefore won £40,640, Gomex £23,070. We already knew a lot about Lendl. But it has been pleasing to be reminded that Pancho Segura was not the beginning and end of Ecuador's tennis exports. Gomez, incidentally, prefers surfing – but cannot earn a living at it.

SINGLES: Semi-final round: A Gomez (Ec) bt P Fleming (US) 6-3, 6-1; I Lendl (Cz) bt J Connors (US) 6-4, 6-2. Final: I Lendl bt A Gomez 7-6, 6-2, 6-1.
DOUBLES: Semi-final round: P Slozil and T Smid (Cz) bt M Hocevar and J Soares (Br) 7-6, 3-6, 6-1; A Gomez (Ec) and I Lendl (Cz) bt B Becker (WG) and E Sanchez (Sp) 5-7, 6-3, 7-5. Final: Gomez and Lendl bt Slozil and Smid 6-2, 6-2.



Lendl the speedy keeping Gomez guessing in yesterday's final (Photograph: John Voos).

Miss Maleeva pulls out

Katerina Maleeva, the 15-year-old Bulgarian who won this year's junior US Open title, has withdrawn from the Lawn Tennis Assiciation's four-week indoor circuit for women which starts today at Telford (Lewine Mair writes).

At the time she sent her entry, Miss Maleeva, sister of Manuela, has a world ranking well below the 200 mark. However, after a number of good performances which culminated in her reaching the quarter-finals in teh recent women's indoor tournament in Zurich, she is now inside the top 100 and too highly placed to derive any real benefit from playing events in this category.

Isabel Cueto, who has leapt from nowhere to 178 on the computer since she came as one of a party of West German schoolgirls to play on last year's LTA tour, is among the most promising of overseas contenders, while much interest will obviously attach to the performance of such British players as Shelley Walpole and Sally Reeves.

BANGKOK: Thailand open championships, men's singles final: S Menon (India) bt S Uammongkol (Thailand) 4-6, 7-5, 6-3, 7-5. Women's singles final: S Hoonsiri (Thailand) bt S Klamsombat (Thailand) 6-2, 0-6, 6-4.

HELSINKI: ATP tournament men's singles final: J Hlasek (Switz) bt J Carlsson 6-4, 6-3. Men's doubles final: Hlasek and A Hocevar (Bra) and bt R Betheman and M Tideman (Swe) 7-6, 6-4.

TOKYO: Women's Hiroshima open tournament, singles final: J Cummins (US) bt A Kijimuta (Japan), 2-6, 6-2, 6-2. Doubles final: K Ito and F Furuhashi (Japan) bt J Warringa (Neth) and C Jones (US), 2-6, 6-2, 7-5.

Connors steals glory in defeat

Simon Barnes

If you want to become a lovable veteran tennis star, here are a few pointers to things to avoid. Do not behave with restraint and dignity. Do not politely leave things to the umpire. Do not treat a tirade of ill-tempered abuse with gracious contempt. Do not wipe out an almost established lovable veteran with a display of superb and powerful tennis. Ivan Lendl did all that at Wembley on Saturday, in his semi-final against Jimmy Connors. He did all that and was booed off the court.

Connors was out of sorts with himself and his game. He yelled at the crowd and the line judges, and he yelled at his opponent. He yelled himself into a right old state, so much so that he ruined his own nerve for the game and was rolled over, as the Lendl service came in at him with Garneresque ferocity. And yet Connors was cheered to the echo.

The crowd loved Connors. He behaved badly, but bad behaviour at tennis has ceased to shock. We are no more shocked by the tears-before-teatime tantrums of a tennis star than we are appalled by a footballer pinching a few yards at a throw-in. It's part of the game. Why else would the BBC show and reshow that clip of John McEnroe laying into the barley water during the Stockholm open.?

No, Connors has become a lovable scamp. An impish wit. He jibed at Lendl: "Don't give me the brave man staff, buddy boy." Hardly Oscar Wilde, was it? Connors is about as impish as Boris Karloff. He doesn't like jokes as much as scoring a point. He may have lost a tennis match, but he won the crowd and went on to a second victory in the post-match press conference. Here his technique is to say nothing quotably dangerous, but to imply all kinds of naughtiness with his eyes.

And he gets away with it, phoney charm and all. He gets away with it because his tennis can be so overwhelmingly lovely that we really do want him to be a lovely chap as well, so we can cheer him the more.

On the other hand, there is something permanently unappealing about Lendl. Partly this is because of his incredible face. In repose, if you can call a press conference repose, his face is splendid, compelling, extraordinary. On court, however, Lendl somehow looks like a gangling loony, the kind you dread will sit next to you on the Tube. He does not have the Connors talent for crowd pleasing. When Connors wastes time, he comes over as a bit of a lad. When Lendl does so, he looks like a petulant foreigner. The difference is that Lendl is a sportsman, while Connors is, to the point of nausea, a star, and on the way to becoming a lovable veteran.

On Saturday's showing, Lendl is now the better tennis player. He is nowhere near being lovable. But at least he is a lot further than Connors from being a veteran.

BOXING

Bruno should strike it rich in a home match with Holmes

By Srikumar Sen, Boxing Correspondent

A fortune awaits Steffan Tangstad, of Norway, if he comes to Britain to defend his European heavyweight title against Frank Bruno, Mike Barrett, the London promoter, said on Saturday. But it would be surprising if, after the events in Las Vegas, that "fortune" were not now spent in bringing Larry Holmes, the International Boxing Federation champion, to this country for Bruno.

After stopping James "Bonecrusher" Smith in 12 rounds on Saturday, Holmes said that he would be happy to defend against Bruno for $1m, which is really not extortionate. It is not the sort of offer that comes every day.

If Bruno's friends dispassionately take stock of this prospects, they can only come to the conclusion that Christmas has come early for our man. It is Bruno's best chance to make a bob or two for his old age.

Were Bruno to be beaten by Holmes, it would be no disgrace and Bruno could still box Tangstad for that Barrett purse, win the European title and go for the millions in another world title bout against the WBC or WBA champion.

If, however, his conexions go for the European title first, that road is full of dangers. First, Bruno may not get past Tangstad, who is not a bad fighter. He has been brought up in the American school and he is tough. Not as big as Bruno, but tough.

If Bruno did lift the European title, he would then be world ranked and all the more vulnerable, for he would be a target for others wanting his ranking. While he is waiting for a world title shot, his time may be to endure mismatches of the kind we saw the other day at the Albert Hall or even another "Bonecrusher"-type defeat.

Holmes's defence against Smith will have strengthened the view that the champion is beginning to lose his grip, though it would be best to remember that that was his first defence in a year. Holmes certainly looked slow and though his jab eventually split Smith's eyebrow and brought the contest to an end, those fast left-right combinations were not there.

Hoolmes's performance could encourage those who think that Bruno is world championship material that he could be the man to bring Holmes down. It could be a case of now or never for Bruno.

Barry McGuigan's European featherweight title defence against Farid Gallouze, of France, is almost certainly off after the Frenchman failed to go more than four rounds with Thailand's Samart Payakarun, on Friday.

The European Boxing Union may now see that the British board were right in being against McGuigan boxing the Frenchman. Gallouze could lose his nomination. The title bout has certainly lost what little appeal it had.

No move for Lloyd

Dave Lloyd, the Merseyside multi-record holder and former professional for TI Raleigh, will be riding for them again next year.

Gloucester profit

Gloucester County Cricket Club made a profit of £34,468 for the year ending September 1984, an increase of £8,376 on the previous 12 months.

JUDO

Miss Briggs retains world title

From Philip Nicksan
Vienna

Karen Briggs, the tough little judo fighter from Hull, brought the world bantamweight title back to Britain for the second time after a series of superb victories at the third women's world championship in Vienna yesterday.

The final was a replay of the 1982 final in Paris, which matched Miss Briggs against Marie-France Colignon, of France. But whereas the previous meeting was a hard fight and went the full distance, Miss Briggs ysterday showed how much she has improved in the intervening two years.

She said beforehand that she has spent time developing her judo skills, especially her groundwork, and the gold medal became hers when, despite conceding a knock-down score in the opening seconds, she pounced on Colignon and held her down. The hold was so tight that the French girl could barely move.

It was Miss Briggs's fourth fight and the fourth time that she had looked unbeatable. Earlier, she seemed as if on a training outing when she deposited Anna Chodakowska, of Poland all over the mat for a variety of scores before polishing her off with her favourite stomach throw.

She then held down Anna-Mario Valvano, of Italy, and then received a unanimous decision from the referee and judges against Darlene Anaya, a defensive American.

Miss Briggs' victory means that the bantamweight title has always resided in Britain since the institution of the championship in 1980.

The rest of the day was disappointing for Britain. Loretta Doyle, looking very strong and confident in her first two fights, saw her chances of retaining her featherweight title diminish when she injured her shoulder, already weakened in a training accident, in her third contest.

In avoiding a throw by Robin Takemori, of the United States, in the first few seconds, she landed on the point of her shoulder. After some medical attention she carried on fighting, but eventually fell badly again and was taken to hospital for X-rays, with a suspected broken collar-bone.

Diane Bell, the European lightweight champion, was forced to submit to a strangle applied by the former world champion, Gerda Winklebauer, of Austria, who went on to win a bronze.

Sandra Bradshaw, fighting in the openweight category, was held down by a West German for the second time in two days, this time by Karin Kurtz. The open title went to Ingrid Berghmans, the Belgian champion, who has been training in England to prepare for her subsequently successful attempt ot win both her own weight category (light-heavyweight) and the openweight.

RUGBY LEAGUE

St Helens go top as Oldham are undone

By Keith Macklin

The Oldham bubble burst with a vengeance as Hull Kingston Rovers romped home 31-5 and exposed the current frailty of Watersheddings' championship potential. The league leaders were reduced to a disorganized shambles by the reigning champions, as Rovers showed renewed pride, power and pace after three consecutive defeats.

After Oldham had gone ahead with a dropped goal by Parrish and missed a good chance after a break by Goodway, Rovers took a complete grip on the game with sparkling first-half tries by Kelly, Smith and Prohm. These tries showed up alarming defensive weaknesses by Oldham, while Rovers' ruthless tackling snuffed out the home side's few attacking breaks.

In the second half Rovers toyed with a dispirited Oldham, and further tries came from Prohm and Harkin and goals from Fairbairn (5) and Harkin. Taylor got a late try for Oldham.

St Helens went to the top of the table by thrashing Barrow 59-2. Meinga, their Australian, again inspired the Saints, scoring two tries, while Ledger, the international winger, ran in a hat-trick. Day kicked seven goals.

Bradford Northern returned to championship form with remarkable victory in a free-scoring game at Leigh. Trailing 28-24 with minutes to go, Northern produced a move from inside their own half and Hanley, their match-winner, raced away to score his third try. His goal gave Northern victory at 30-28.

The outstanding suprise performance cane from Featherstone Rovers, who tackled their hearts out at Headingley. Fox got the only try in Rovers' 8-4 win over Leeds, and Featherstone survived despite having Bell sent off midway through the second half.

The the second division, Mansfield marksman were beaten at home by Bramley, and Whitehaven took advantage to go to the top with a victory over hapless Bridgend.

FIRST DIVISION: Castleford 22, Hunslet 20; Halifax 6, Widnes 18; Hull 34, Warrington 12; Leeds 4, Featherstone Rovers 8; Leigh 28, Bradford Northern 30; Oldham 5, Hull Kingston Rovers 31; St Helens 58, Barrow 2; Workington 2, Wigan 28.

SECOND DIVISION: Batley 19, Southend Invicta 10; Bridgend 10, Whitehaven 32; Carlisle 15, Swinton 14; Doncaster 8, Rochdale Hornets 20; Huddersfield 27, Blackpool Borough 18; Keighley 19, Runcorn Highfield 10; Mansfield Marksman 8, Bramley 25; Sheffield E 2, Dewsbury 15; Wakefield Trinity 8, York 12.

Storming a Union citadel

By Peter Rochford

Rugby League, if one may paraphrase the Bard, "came as a stranger here in Gloucestershire". Judging by the remarks of the two former England internationals of the other code, both of whom won Blues of different shades, a not very welcome stranger, either.

J. V. Smith, a former president of the Rugby Football Union, was unyieldingly terse: "I know nothing whatsoever about it", and he put the phone down. The normal courtesies were noticeably absent. Graham Parker exclaimed: "Rugby League! In Gloucester, on a Sunday. Sacrilege." He did say "Goodnight", but then he was a Cambridge man.

Rugby League, of course, has spread to other Union strongholds, even Cardiff, and some years ago sides from unlikely places such as Ystradgynlais and Streatham and Mitcham, were seen in the north.

But to invade the cloistered confines of Cheltenham at noon on Sunday, then breach Gloucester's city walls two hours and half later, is really taking the battle to the enemy.

There was a Wooden Horse approach, one felt. The names of Oxford University and South Glamorgan Institute hardly evoked thoughts of the north's dark, satanic leagues. This, however, was universities and colleges amateur Rugby League. Despite the imbalance, Glamorgan scoring 13 tries and kicking 12 goals in their 74-4 win over the Dark Blues, Gloucester may not have seen the last of the stranger.

HOCKEY

Sussex in south final after Laly dismissal

By Sydney Friskin

Sussex 5
Buckinghamshire 3
(aet: score at full time 3-3)

Sussex reached the south final of the county championship for the first time since 1973 after an exciting win over Buckinghamshire at East Grinstead yesterday. The match went into extra time with the scores standing at 3-3.

Unfortunately it ended on a sour note with the dismissal of the Buckinghamshire inside forward, Ravinder Laly, in extra time, when Sussex were leading 4-3. He did not take too kindly to being presented with the yellow temporary suspension card for dissent. In fact he knocked it out of the umpire's hand and was given the red card instead, which meant that he was sent off permanently.

Much of the afternoon's drama revolved around Laly, who could have won this match

Sussex conceded several early short corners for stick tackling but it was from open play that Buckinghamshire took a third-minute lead, Dhak scoring from Bhaji Flora's back pass. Sussex equalized in the sixteenth minute from a penalty stroke converted by van Asselt. Jeremy Cox gave Sussex the lead with a brilliant goal all on his own, but three minutes before the interval Khehar redressed the balance from a penalty stroke, awarded for stick tackling inside the circle.

Laly crowned a 12-minute period of Buckinghamshire ascendency in the second half with a well taken goal, but the Buckinghamshire defence was caught napping nine minutes from the end when Head scored from van Asselt's back pass. Sussex won in the second period of extra time with goals by van Asselt from a penalty stroke and Jeremy Cox from Burley's free hit.

SUSSEX: T Gregory (Beckenham); A Barnes (Chichester), A Ashworth (Chichester), Jason Cox (Middleton) (sub: M Thompson, East Grinstead), N Longstreet (East Grinstead, captain), C Smith (Chichester), N Burley (Chichester), P Head (East Grinstead), Jeremy Cox (Bognor), B van Asselt (East Grinstead), P Langham (Chichester) (sub: R Christiansen, Chichester).
BUCKINGHAMSHIRE (Slough unless stated): M Cook (Amersham); B d'Souza, R Moat (Southgate), M Flora, S Khehar (captain), K Davatwal, B Flora, K Saini, B Saini (sub: M Shehzad, Lions), R Laly, K Dhak.
Umpires: M Martin, C Rockall (Southern Counties).

Wales let chances slip

By Joyce Whitehead

Wales came out on top with two wins and one draw in the four-nation three-day tournament, which ended in Cardiff yesterday. Having beaten Japan on Friday and Jamaica on Saturday, both by 2-0, they drew 1-1 with Scotland yesterday.

Lorraine Sharp scored against Scotland and throughout played a thoughtful game, initiating many attacks. Wales could in fact have beaten Scotland in the first half but let opportunities pass and allowed the Scots to take the initiative after the interval.

Forntunately for Wales, their defence was sound and the Scots almost played on to their sticks. In spite of having most of the play in the second half, it was extraordinary how oblivious to the spaces the two Scottish front runners were, and none of the others seemed to have the confidence to join them. They missed an open goal but eventually Maureen Smith equalized from a rebound at a penalty corner.

Japan came into their own yesterday, beating Jamaica 9-2 after losing 0-2 to Wales and 0-1 to Scotland. They had learned quickly and with the ball in attack they had a forward line of six and the ball shot into the goal from all angles. Yet when necessary they covered one another in defence like waves.

They were altogether too much for Jamaica. It was 6-0 at half-time and by the end Japan had scored from three penalty corners, three penalty strokes and had three field goals. Their play was an example to all in its intelligence and teamwork, coupled with speed and skill.

The final placings were Wales first, Scotland second, Japan third and Jamaica fourth.

Results: Wales 2, Japan 0; Jamaica 2, Scotland 1; Wales 2, Jamaica 0; Scotland 1, Japan 0; Wales 1, Scotland 1; Japan 9, Jamaica 2.

RESULTS FROM THE WEEKEND

LONDON LEAGUE: Premier division: Dulwich 2, Bechenham 3; St Albans 0, Slough 6; Teddington 0, Tulse Hill 2. League: Blackheath 1, Purley 0; Bromley 0, Southgate 0; Guildford 1, Reading 2; Hampstead 4, Hawks 2; Maidenhead 1, Richmond 3; Old Kingstonians 0, London University 0; Oxford University 5, Mid-Surrey 1; Spencer 1, Hounslow 1; Surbiton 1, Cheam 1; Wimbledon 2, Cambridge University 2.
EAST LEAGUE: Premier division: Bedford 2, Cambridgeshire Nomads 2; Blueharts 1, Norwich Grasshoppers 1; Brentwood 0, Fords 4; Broxbourne 1, Cambridge City 3; Harleston Magpies 0, Old Loughtonians 2; Ipswich 1, Bishop's Stortford 2; Long Sutton 0, St Neots 0; Norfolk Wanderers 0, Westcliff 1.
SOUTH LEAGUE: Premier division: Camberley 1, Tunbridge Wells 2; Canterbury 0, East Grinstead 6; Fareham 3, Indian Gymkhana 2; Oxford Hawks 1, Trojans 1; Walton 2, Lyons 4. Hampshire and Surrey division: Epsom 1, Barnes 0; Merton 1, Southampton University 0; Metropolitan Police 2, Fleet 3; Old Edwardians 3, Hamble OB 2; Oxted 3, Andover 0; Portsmouth and Southsea 1, National Westminster Bank 1; Winchester 1, Old Tauntonians 3; Woking 1, Havant 2. Kent and Sussex division: Eastbourne 4, Maidstone 3; Folkestone Optimists 1, South Saxons 0; Gravesend 3, Old Williamsonians 3; Herne Bay 2, Lloyds Bank 0; Marden Russets 1, Worthing 1; Old Beccehamians 1, Old Bordenians 2; Thames Polytechnic 3, Horsham 1. Middlesex and Berks, Bucks and Oxon division: Banbury 0, Hayes 2; City of Oxford 0, Amersham 3; Harrow Town Swans 1, Aylesbury 1; Hendon 5, Staines 0; Polytechnic 1, Reading University 1; Sunbury 3, Marlow 0.
COUNTY CHAMPIONSHIP: North: Cumbria 2, Cheshire 6; Lancashire 2, Northumberland 0; Yorkshire 4, Durham 0. Midlands: Derbyshire 2, Staffordshire 2; Nottinghamshire 5, Shropshire 0; Northamptonshire 2, Leicestershire 6; Worcestershire 0, Warwickshire 0; (Staffordshire and Worcestershire qualify for the final). West (Saturday): Somerset 1, Wiltshire 0; Hereford 3, Dorset 1; Cornwall 0, Gloucestershire 3. (Yesterday): Wiltshire 2, Cornwall 0; Somerset 2, Dorset 2; Devon 1, Hereford 1; Hereford 1, Cornwall 1; Gloucestershire 0, Dorset 0; Devon 1, Somerset 2. East: Semi-finals: Cambridgeshire 1, Norfolk 0; Essex 1, Hertfordshire 2. South: Semi-finals: Middlesex 1, Hampshire 0; Sussex 5, Buckinghamshire 3 (aet).
WOMEN'S COUNTY MATCHES: Bedfordshire 0, Staffordshire 4; Midlesex 2, Oxfordshire 0.

ATHLETICS

British team take a road title

Madrid (Reuter) – Aurora Cunha, of Portugal, won the second women's world championship 10,000 metres road race yesterday in 33min 4sec. Cunha, sixth in the Los Angeles 3,000 metres final overtook compatriot Roas Mota late in the race and went on to victory by 14 seconds.

Carole Bradford finished in 33min 25sec for third place, at the head of a pack of Britons who stuck close to the Portugese duo. Debbie Peel was fourth in 33min 51sec with Carol Haigh seventh in 34min 08sec, and Britain took the team title ahead of Portugal, with the United States third.

The race was run along Madrid's central boulevard, the Paseo de la Castellana, on the first sunny day in more than a week.

Cunha: slow time

IN BRIEF

Clarke sues Scunthorpe

Scunthorpe United, of the fourth division, face legal action from their former manager, Allan Clarke, who parted company with the club in August after a stormy 18-month spell in charge. Clarke and David Wraith, who was then the club's chairman, were said to have resigned their positions. But Clarke has brought an action against the club for wrongful dismissal.

The case is likely to be heard by an industrial tribunal in the New Year and Tom Belton, the club's present chairman, said: "The action will be contested and at the moment it is in the hands of the club solicitors.

BOWLS: New Zealand won their first international against Scotland 3½-2½ when Peter Belliss and Rowan Brassey tied the second pairs match with Willie Wood and Grant Knox. Belliss gave New Zealand two shots with his last bowl to tie the match.

GOLF

Japan meet a target as British challenge fades

Hongkong (AFP). – Japan upset the United States, the defending champions, to become the first Asian nation to win the Eisenhower Cup in the fourteenth world amateur team championships here yesterday.

The Japanese foursome of Tetsuo Sakata, Kiyotaka Oie, Noriaki Kimura and Kazuhiko Kato recorded a three-over-par 219 for a four-round total of 870, six over par and seven strokes clear of the Americans, who started the day 10 shots in arrears.

The Phillippines overtook Britain and Ireland to finish third with a respectable 220 for 879. Britain and Ireland slipped to fourth place with a disappointing 228 for 880, while Canada jumped to fifth with a strong final two-under par 214 for 882. New Zealand finished sixth with a four-day total of 883, followed by France on 885 and Sweden on 889.

Japan teed-off yesterday just one stroke ahead of the joint British team.

Sakata carded an even-par 72 and Kato and Kimura a 73 and a 74, respectively, to seal their team's victory.

Britain and Ireland, who have twice won this championship, ran into trouble yesterday when the British champion, Peter McEvoy, and David Gilford both returned uninspired 78s. Garth McGimpsey of Ireland and Colin Montgomerie of Scotland scored 75s, but the United States and Phillipines had already swept past

RACKETS

Blow on head proves real boon

William Boone and Tom Pugh gave Eton their tenth win when they retained the forty-ninth Noel Bruce Cup by defeating Harrow (John Prenn and Charles Hue Williams) 15–14, 8–15, 11–15, 15–7, 15–5, 18–17 at Queen's Club yesterday (William Stephens writes). Pugh, aged 46, has been in the winning pair five times, Boone four.

Harrow having lost the first game and won the next two, a crucial point occurred with Eton 5–7 down in the fourth game. Boone was hit on the head by the ball, which prorogued play for five minutes. Refreshed, Eton scored 21 points while Harrow scored one, so Eton were 2–2 and 11–2. With Boone fired up and smashing the ball past Hugh Williams's out-stretched racket. Prenn showed astonishing reflexes to return the ball from behind.

FOR THE RECORD

CRICKET

SHEFFIELD SHIELD: Melbourne: Victoria 245 for 5 (G Richardson 80, P Hibbert 61; W Clark 3 for 70) v Western Australia 389. Launceston: New South Wales 333- and 213 for 4 (D Wellham 115, G Matthews 61 not out) v Tasmania 313 (D Boon 136, R Woolley 55; T Chappell 3 for 55).

FOOTBALL

LAGOS: West African Cup: Final, second leg: New Nigerian Bank 1, Stade Malien 0 (agg 3-1)

FA YOUTH CUP: First round: Sutton 3, Orient 3.

JUDO

VIENNA: Women's world championships: bantamweight (under 48kg): 1, K Briggs (GB); 2, M-F Colignon (Fr); 3, J Reardon (Aus), D Anaya (US). Featherweight (under 52kg): 1, K Yamaguchi (Japan); 2, E Hrovat (Austria); 3, J Majdan (Pol), C Boyd (Aus). Lightweight (under 56kg): 1, A M Burns (US); 2, S Williams (Aus); 3, C Arnaud (Fr), G Winklbauer (Austria). Open: 1, I Berghmans (Bel); 2, M van Unen (Neth); 3, F Gao (China), N Lupino (Fr).

CYCLING

MUNICH: Third day: leading placings: 1, U Freuler and R Pijnen (Switz/Neth), 156 pts; 2, G Frank and H-H Oersted (Den), 154; 3, D Thurau/D Clark (WG/Aus), 126. One lap behind: 4, G Wiggins/A Doyle (Aus/GB), 50. Two laps: 5, H Rinklin/J Kristen (WG), 155; 6, E de Wilde/S Tourne (Bel), 76.

RACKETS

Noel Bruce Cup (Queen's Club, London): semi-final round: Eton I (W R Boone and C T M Pugh) bt Tonbridge I (J Spurling and A Spurling) 15-4, 15-9, 15-8, 17-15. Harrow I (J A N Prenn and C J Hue Williams) bt Tonbridge II (R K M Gracey and M G M Smith) 15-9, 15-10, 16-17, 15-4, 15-6. Final: Eton I bt Harrow I 15-14, 8-15, 11-15, 15-7, 15-5, 18-17.

CYCLO CROSS

EASTBOURNE: 8½: 1, G Person (Surrey RC), 1-11-59; 2, D Brooker (VC Etolley); 3, S Yates (Peugot).

SQUASH

WEST GERMAN OPEN CHAMPIONSHIP: Second round: Munich: Umar Haya Khan (Pak) bt R Schuldt (WG), 9-3, 9-2, 9-1; G Awad (Egypt) bt G Briars (GB), 9-4, 6-9, 9-10, 9-2, 9-0; S Davenport (NZ) bt D Lloyd (GB), 9-0, 9-0, 9-2; G Brumby (Aus) bt Zahir Khan (Pak), 9-3, 9-1, 9-5. Dusseldorf: S Bowditch (Aus) bt M Saad (Egypt), 9-8, 5-9, 4-9, 9-7, 10-9; S Vocatti (Aus) bt A Safwat (Egypt), 10-9, 4-9, 9-5, 9-1; R Norman (NZ) bt B Almstrom (Swe), 9-6, 9-1, 7-9, 9-4; D Williams (Aus) bt Daulat Khan (Pak), 9-6, 9-1, 9-6. Hamburg: C Dittmar (Aus) bt Mohammed Ali Somjee (Pak), 9-3, 9-7, 6-9, 9-9; R Thorne (Aus) bt K Smith (Aus), 2-9, 9-1, 9-0, 9-4; Masood Ahmed (Pak) bt T Moeller (WG), 9-4, 9-2, 9-7; M Bodimeade (GB) bt R Hill (Aus), 9-6, 9-4, 9-4. Cologne: G Williams (GB) bt F Johnson (Swe), 9-5, 9-7, 9-2; Qamar Zaman (Pak) bt J U Soederberg (Swe), 9-2, 10-8, 3-9, 9-7; R George (Aus) bt P Kenyon (GB), 9-5, 9-6, 9-2; H Jahan (GB) bt D Lee (GB), 1-9, 9-1, 9-0, 7-9, 9-2.

SQUASH RACKETS

HARROGATE: Inter-county championships: Yorkshire 3, Lancashire 2 (Yorkshire names first): C Wilstrop lost to D Pearson, 0-9, 0-9 retired; S Bateman bt B Watkins, 9-5, 9-6, 9-6; I Robinson bt M Hornby, 9-6, 9-0, 9-2; B Pearson lost to C McManus, 5-9, 9-7, 10-8, 5-9, 7-9; T Salisbury bt Z Saleh, 10-9, 9-8, 4-9, 9-5. Yorkshire 5, Leicestershire 0; Lancashire 5, Leicestershire 0; Lancashire 5, Buckinghamshire 0; Yorkshire 3, Buckinghamshire 2; Buckinghamshire 1, Leicestershire 4; Yorkshire 3, Lancashire 2. Yorkshire and Lancashire qualify for semi-finals. Final positions: 1, Yorkshire 20 pts; 2, Lancashire, 18; 3, Leicestershire, 7; 4, Buckinghamshire, 3 points.
MANSFIELD: Inter-county Women's Championships: First division A: Lancashire 3, Yorkshire 2; Kent 3, Nottinghamshire 2; Essex 4, Surrey 1; Sussex 5, Warwickshire 0.

VOLLEYBALL

OSAKA: Japan Cup: Soviet Union bt China 15-7, 15-3, 15-6; US bt Japan 15-9, 15-3, 15-11; Poland bt Bulgaria 14-16, 16-11, 15-13, 16-11; S Korea bt Mexico 15-1, 15-5 15-7.
SINGAPORE: Women's Superstar tournament: China bt S Korea 15-5, 15-8, 15-13; Japan bt US 15-3, 15-4, 15-4; China bt Japan 15-4, 15-11, 15-7; S Korea bt US 15-5, 15-4, 15-2.
ROYAL BAND SCOTTISH league: Men, Division 1: Scottish Farm 0, Volvo Trucks 3; Bellshill Cardinals 3, Dundee Kirkton 2; AT Mays 2, Falkirk 3; Glasgow Gregg 0, Murray International Metals 3; DV 81 3, KA's 2. Women, Division 1: Scottish Farm 3, West Coast 0; Telford 3, Larbert 0; Carluke 0, Finnies Sport 3, Jets 1, Inverclyde 3.

FIGURE SKATING

PRAGUE: International competition: woman's individual: 1, C Renner (WG), 2.2 points; 2, L Sikes (US), 3.4; 3, S Koch (EG), 4.0. Men's individual: 1, P Barna (Cz), 1.4; 2, R Zander (WG), 3.8; 3, G Vardanian (USSR), 4.0. Pairs: 1, J Bystrova and A Tarasov (USSR), 1.4; 2, D Kovarova and J Komar (Cz), 3.8; 3, M Lake and M Bricharski (US), 4.0. Ice dance: 1, N Sato and T Takahashi (Japan), 2.4; 2, K Beck and C Beck (Austria), 3.6; 3, M Bodo and R Berg, 6.0.

ICE HOCKEY

NATIONAL LEAGUE: Friday: Edmonton Oilers 8, Washington Capitals 5; New York Rangers 5, New York Islanders 4; Winnipeg Jets 7, Vancouver Canucks 5; Philadelphia Flyers 6, St Louis Blues 0; Los Angeles Kings 3, Buffalo Sabres 2. Saturday: New York Islanders 5, Pittsburg Penguins 4; Hartford Whalers 1, Quebec Nordiques 0; Washington Capitals 2, New Jersey Devils 2; Boston Bruins 4, Detroit Red Wings 2; Montreal Canadiens 3, Calgary Flames 3; Toronto Maple Leafs 4, Chicago Black Hawks 4; Minnesota North Stars 5, Vancouver Canucks 5.

LACROSSE

NORTH OF ENGLAND LEAGUE: First division: Old Stopfordians 13, Timperley 12; Old Waconians 8, Heaton Mersey 14; Sale 8, Stockport 10; Sheffield University 8, Sheffield 14; South Manchester & Wythenshawe 10, Old Hulmeians 10.
SOUTH OF ENGLAND LEAGUE: Bechenham 10, Buckhurst Hill 12; Catford 16, Hillcroft 10; Chipstead 6, Hampstead 16; Oxford University 7, London University 11.

BASKETBALL

EUROPEAN CUP: (Men): Second round second leg: Maccabi Tel Aviv 132, Sunair Ostend 75 (Maccabi won 212-165 on aggregate); Real Madrid 79, Vevey (Switz) 79 (Real 163-153); Bancoroma 90, Efes Istanbul 55 (Roma 163-130); Gv Bologna 98, Panathinaikos Athens 67 (Bologna 183-155); Limoges 69, CSKA Moscow 81 (CSKA win 182-162 on aggregate).
EUROPEAN CUP: (Women): Second round, second leg: Agon Düsseldorf 113, Naomh Muire Dublin 31 (Düsseldorf 217-77); Levski Spartak Sofia 108, Sporting Athens 44 (Levski 201-85); Tungsram Budapest 99, Canoe Madrid 71 (Tungsram 154-118); Stade France Paris 77, Universitatea Cluj (Rom), 58 (Stade Francais win 150-140); Slavia Prague 86, Wisla Krakow (Pol) 84 (Prague win 100-151 on agg); Vicenza Solu 97, Elitzur Tel Aviv 48 (Vicenza win 193-99 on agg); Partizan Belgrade 91, BBC Koksizde (Bel) 82 (Partizan win 194-118 on agg); TTT Daugawa (USSR) 103, Tampereen Pyrintoe (Fin) 66 (TTT Daugawa win 206-116 on agg.
RONCHETTI CUP: Royal Charles Quint (Bel) 98, Kremikovtzi Sofia (Bul) 76 (Sofia win 193-126 on agg); Slovan Bratislava 55, Slavia Sofia 62 (Slavia win 128-112 on agg); Olympia Bucharest 55, MTK Budapest 52 (MTK win 124-109 on agg).
NATIONAL ASSOCIATION: Chicago Bulls 118, Indiana Pacers 116; New York Knicks 113, Kansas City Kings 100; Washington Bullets 112, Boston Celtics 95; Detroit Pistons 104, Milwaukee Bucks 100; San Antonio Spurs 127, Cleveland Cavaliers 103; Houston Rockets 117, San Diego Clippers 92; Dallas Mavericks 106, Seattle Supersonics 102; Denver Nuggets 147, Utah Jazz 135; Atlanta Hawks 114, Phoenix Suns 107.
National League: First division: John Carr Doncaster 113 (Brandley 37), Davenport Birmingham Bullets 103 (Pyott 33); Bracknell Pirates 118 (Lawrence 44), Bolton Home Spares 99 (Crosby 40); Hemel & Watford Royals 105 (Balogun 33), Telford Turbos 84 (Owen 22); Kingcraft Kingston 108 (Bontrager 30), Manchester Giants 104 (Gardner 25); Sperrings Solent Stars 104 (Watson 26), Sunderland Maestros 79 (Heafner 18); Walkers Crisps Leicester 96 (Vaughan 32), Worthing Bears 89 (Cunningham 28); Crystal Palace Supersonics 63 (Lloyd 17), FSO Cars, Warrington 77 (Bons 18). Second division: Sandwell Mall 108, Camden 104; Stoke Potters 64, Brunel Ducks Uxbridge 78; Tower Hamlets 92, Glucodin Plymouth Raiders 90; McEwan (Tyneside) 82, John Eid (Derby) 79; Swindon Rakers 85, Calderdale Explorers 84. First division (women): Ashfield Glass, Nottingham 90, Manchester Vogue Travel 63; Daihatsu Crystal Palace 60, Worthing Wasps 45; Solent Suns 54, Bath 67; Enfield Browns 48, Avon Northampton 97; Home Spares Bolton 77, Sheffield Hatters 59; Kingcraft Kingston 100, London Bobcats 39.
SCOTTISH CUP: Second round: Perth 58, MIM 93; East Kilbride 45, Stirling 54; Falkirk 117, Bo'ness 66; Forth Steel 115, Cumnock 83.
NATIONAL LEAGUE: First division: Glasgow 148, Seahawks 77.

EQUESTRIANISM

AMSTERDAM: European circuit competition for World Cup: Final round: 1, Beethoven (W Melliger, Switz) 33.18sec, 0 faults; 2, Owen Gregory (M Whitaker, GB) 34.99, 0; 3, Silbersee (M Roping, WG) 37.70, 0.

BADMINTON

ASHINGTON: Open tournament: Men's singles: Quarter-finals: H K Sung (Korea) bt J Ford (Eng) 15-5, 15-9; D C Lee (Korea) bt P Sutton (Wales) 15-9, 9-15, 18-17; M S Kim (Korea) bt G Milton (Eng) 15-3, 15-10. Women's quarter-finals: S H Yoo (Korea) bt G Martin (Scot) 11-2, 11-2; G S Chung (Korea) bt M K Chung (Korea) 11-5, 11-6; H Y Hwang (Korea) bt Y S Cho (Korea) 11-8 11-0.

Men's singles: Semi-finals: M S Kim (Kor) bt C Rees (Wales), 7-15, 15-8, 15-9; H K Sung (Kor) bt D C Lee (Kor), 15-7, 15-5. Final: Kim bt Sung, 15-12, 15-6. Women's singles: Semi-finals: S H Yoo (Kor) bt G S Chung (Kor), 11-4, 11-1; H Y Hwang (Kor) bt K S Beckman (Eng), 4-11, 11-5, 11-5. Final: Miss Yoo bt Miss Hwang, 11-8, 11-4. Men's doubles: Semi-finals: H K Sung and D C Lee (Kor) bt D P Bridge and M Elliott (Eng), 15-4, 15-7; J B Park and M S Kim (Kor) bt D P Taylor and N G Tier (Eng), 15-12, 5-15, 15-4. Final: Sung and Lee bt Park and Kim, 15-9, 15-12. Women's doubles: Semi-finals: Y J Kim and S H Yoo (Kor) bt S Halsall and D Hore (Eng), 15-4, 15-3; H Y Hwang and G S Chung (Kor) bt C H Lee and M K Chung (Kor), 15-7, 8-15, 15-11. Final: Miss Kim and Miss Yoo bt Miss Hwang and Miss Chung, 15-8, 15-1.

CROSS COUNTRY

WINDSOR: South of the Thames junior 5½ miles: 1, O Foote, 28min 8sec; 2, J Gladwin, 28.16; 3, J Starling, 28.24. Team: 1, Belgrave; 2, Brighton and Hove; 3, Aldershot and Farnham.

ROAD WALKING

ENFIELD: 7 miles: 1, M Greasley; 2, C Smith, both 49min 37sec; 3, J Ball, 49.46. Team: 1, Sheffield; 2, Belgrave; 3, Anglia.

GOLF

HONGKONG: Men's World amateur team championship: Final scores: 870: Japan (T Sakata 72, K Kato 73, N Kimura 74). 877: United States (R Sonnier 69, S Verplank 73, J Inman 74). 879: Philippines (R Pactolerin 69, A Fernando 73, C Villaroman 78). 880: Britain-Ireland (G Mcgimpsey 75, C Montgomerie 75, D Gilford 78). 882: Canada (R Wylie 70, W Swartz 72, D Mijovic 72). 883: New Zealand (C Turner 73, M Barltrop 75, T Cochrane 75). Leading individual scores: 288: L Carbonetti (Arg) 68, 74, 70, 74; T Sakata (Japan) 68, 72, 74, 72. 289: Randy Sonnier (US) 70, 78, 72, 69. 290: Emmanuel Dussart (Fr) 71, 78, 70, 71; Bart Nolte (Neth) 72, 71, 75, 72. 291: Scott Verplank (US) 69, 77, 72, 73; Greg Turner (NZ) 67, 77, 74, 73.

WARRNAMBOOL, Victoria: PGA championship: Leading final scores (Australian unless stated): 274: Riley, 68, 65, 70, 71; I Baker-Finch, 69, 67, 68, 70 (Riley won at second play-off hole). 278: P Senior, 68, 67, 69, 71. 279: P McWhinney, 69, 67, 70, 73; W Grady, 68, 69, 73, 69. 280: G Brand jnr (GB), 69, 68, 71, 72; M Bembridge (GB), 66, 71, 75, 69. 282: R Davis, 67, 71, 71, 73; O Moore, 72, 67, 71, 72. 283: M Colandro (US), 69, 71, 74, 71; G Taylor, 71, 69, 70, 73. 284: I Stanley, 72, 72, 72, 68. 285: S Jones, 69, 72, 74, 70; F Nobilo (NZ), 71, 71, 70, 73, W Meikle, 70, 68, 71, 76. Other score: 288: L Higgins (Ire), 73, 70, 75, 70.
GOTEMBA, Japan: Final leading scores (Japanese unless stated): 275: Maeda, 69, 68, 66, 72. 276: N Ozaki, 68, 70, 67, 71; K Arai, 69, 68, 68, 71. 288: T Nakamura, 66, 70, 76, 68; W Wood (US), 67, 72, 68, 73; C Peete (US), 69, 71, 69, 71.

RUGBY UNION

SOUTH WEST: Devonport Services 19, Barnstaple 12; Bideford 27, Wellington 9; St Ives 13, Devon and Cornwall Police 6; Tiverton 15, Exeter 9; Plymouth 12, Gloucester 20; Sidmouth 12, Avon and Somerset Police 3; Bridgwater 17, Solihull 20; Taunton 41, Camborne 10; Wiveliscombe 8, Totnes 10; North Dorset 4, Yeovil 12; Avonvale 12, Burnham 15.

ROAD RUNNING

TWICKENHAM: 25 kilometres: 1, Graham Tuck, 1hr 19min 06sec (course record); 2, G Staunton, 1:19.36; 3, R Roath, 1:21.27.
MADRID: Women's 10km championships: 1, Cunha (Por), 33min 04sec; 2, R Mota (Por), 33:18; 3, C Bradford (GB), 33:25; 4, D Peel (GB), 33:51. Other placings: 7, C Haigh (GB), 34:08; 8, M Joyce (Ire), 34:09. TEAM: 1, Britain, 14 pts; 2, United States, 30; 3, Portugal, 32.
MACAO MARATHON: 1, A Erotavo (It), 2hr 24min 27sec; 2, J V Madeton (Fr) 2:25.11; 3, G Viegas (Por), 2:25.40; 4, M Hurt (GB), 2:30.28. Women: 1, R Wong (HK), 3:00.06.

GOLF: Philip Parkin, the 22-year-old Welshman who began his professional career in July by playing all four rounds in the Open championship at St Andrews, has won the 1984 Henry Cotton Rookie Golfer of the year award, sponsored by Alfa Romeo. Parkin receives £2,000 along with the award.

BADMINTON: Prakash Padukone, of India, hopes to play in the grand prix badminton finals in Kuala Lumpur in December despite a blood clot in his left arm, Finn Jacobsen, his trainer, said yesterday. The clot in Padukone's non-playing arm forced him to withdraw from the Scandinavian Cup in Denmark last month and spend four days in hospital.

TODAY'S FIXTURES

FOOTBALL

Kick-off 7.30 unless stated
SOUTHERN LEAGUE: Premier division: Corby v Alvechurch. Midland division: Hednesford v Oldbury.
NORTHERN: Premier League: Burton Albion v Worksop.
CENTRAL LEAGUE: Second division: Leicester City v York City (7.0).
FA YOUTH CUP: First round: Hartlepool v Huddersfield (7.15); Manchester United v Preston (6.45); Notts County v Chesterfield (7.0); Enderby v Wrexham (7.0); Walsall v Port Vale; AP Leamington v Grimsby.
OTHER MATCH: Burnham v Wimbledon.

RUGBY UNION

CLUB MATCH: Newbridge v South Glamorgan Institute.

OTHER SPORT

TENNIS: WTA satellite tournament (at Telford).

CRICKET

Moxon's return puts England batting strength to the test

From Richard Streeton, Bombay

England returned to Bombay yesterday evening to resume their tour of India without Martyn Moxon, the Yorkshire batsman. Moxon, who was unable to play in Sri Lanka last week because of a virus infection, flew to England on Saturday night to be with his father, who was seriously ill; but Derek Moxon died in a Wakefield hospital yesterday, aged 56, before his son could get to him.

Martin Moxon's absence leaves Fowler and Robinson as the only regular opening batsmen in the party. It is uncetrtain if he will be able to rejoin the touring team, or if a replacement might have to be summoned.

The issue could be linked with Cowdrey's continued unavailability. Cowdrey strained a groin muscle in training before leaving England. He also missed playing in Sri Lanka and has already been ruled out of the first match tomorrow against the President's XI in Jaipur. Another three-day game, starting in Ahmedabad on Saturday, and a four-day fixture with West Zone in Rajkot (November 21) make up England's revised itinerary before the first Test match starts in Bombay on November 28.

The unfortunate Moxon must be wondering if his representative career will ever get off the ground. He missed his first England cap last summer against West Indies due to a rib injury. Another Yorkshireman, Geoff Cope, the off-spin bowler, also returned to England for a while from an Indian tour eight years ago because his father died.

Allott proved his fitness in Saturday's 45 overs match with Sri Lanka, ruined by rain, and everyone is now looking forward to the serious cricket ahead. Gower has gone out of his way to brief the newcomers about Indian conditions, as in the light-hearted warning: "Don't take it personally if an orange hits you on the head in the outfield." To use the modern phrase, Gower's laid-back manner is deceptive, and masks a determination which one hopes is going to help him make a success of this tour.

It was a useful week in Colombo for the England players. English cricket owes a considerable debt to the Sri Lankan board for offering some cricket away from the tension in India that followed Mrs Gandhi's death. Colombo, though dreadfully hot and humid, has its own idyllic atmosphere, as well as unexpected reminders of home, with second-hand London buses to be seen and poppies on sale in the past week.

Sri Lankan cricket is clearly improving all the time, with a host of exciting young batsmen. Sri Lankans will always find it unnatural to play lengthy innings in first class matches – maiden overs are barracked in their domestic club fixtures – and it seems improbable that they will ever unearth any giant fast bowlers.

Edmonds went to bed with a severe stomach upset on Saturday evening, and it is possible this infection had something to do with his approach run problems in Saturday's match. Edmonds was no-balled on his second ball, and after this lost all rhythm, until his run-up became a jittery, two-step shuffle jeered by the crowd.

Edmonds had no trouble releasing the ball, and this distinguished the problem from those which once afflicted Swarbrook (Derbyshire), Harman (Surrey) and Edmonds himself three seasons ago. In those instances, the bowler could not find any semblance of line or length, cricket's equivalent of the putting jitters in golf.

Norman Gifford, the Warwickshire left-arm spin bowler and assistant manager on this tour, does not think Edmonds will take long to sort himself out. Edmonds, too, is confident it is only a temporary problem, that will be cured this week in the nets. Gifford recalled having similar worries with his approach run a few years ago. He continued to take wickets and his run-up quickly settled down again.

The late monsoonal storm, which rapidly flooded the ground, ruined what promised to be a splendid match for the capacity 16,000 crowd. The Sri Lankans, though they had just lost Dias and Ranatunga to consecutive balls from Foster, were mounting a spirited closing assault. With seven overs left, they must have hoped to reach around 230, and England would have been taken the full distance.



Moxon: family bereavement

SRI LANKAN XI

S Wettimuny b Gatting	43
†D S B P Kuruppu b Edmonds	24
R S Madugalle c Gower b Gatting	25
R L Dias c Robinson b Foster	45
A Ranatunga c Lamb b Foster	36
*L R D Mendis not out	0
Extras (l-b 4, n-b 1)	5
Total (5 wkts, 38 overs)	178

P A de Silva, A L F de Mel, J R Ratnayake, D S de Silva and V B John did not bat

FALL OF WICKETS: 1-52, 2-90, 3-104, 4-178, 5-178

BOWLING: Allott 5-1-15-0; Foster 6-0-25-2; Edmonds 7-0-39-1; Ellison 6-0-29-0; Marks 9-0-47-0; Gatting 5-1-19-2

ENGLAND: *D I Gower, G Fowler, R T Robinson, M W Gatting, A J Lamb, R M Ellison, V J Marks, P H Edmonds, †B N French, P J W Allott, N A Foster

Umpires: F de Mel, P W Vidanagamage.

Australia fight a losing battle

Perth, Western Australia (AFP) – West Indies are poised to crush Australia in the first Test match here. At the end of the third day, Australia were 158 for five wickets in their second innings, still needing 182 runs to make Clive Lloyd's men bat again.

The not out batsmen were Australia's captain, Kim Hughes, on 34, and their wicketkeeper Wayne Phillips, on 11, who have so far added 34 for the sixth wicket.

Earlier, Australia had their lowest ever score against the West Indies, collapsing to 76 all out in their first innings in reply to the touring side's first innings total of 416. Phillips was top scorer for the Australians with 22.

The previous worst score for Australia against West Indies was 82 in the 1951-52 season at Adelaide. Then Frank Worrell's six for 38 and John Goddard's three for 36 caused the damage.

So West Indies are left with the apparent formality of capturing another five wickets to ensure their ninth successive Test victory, which will beat the record for consecutive wins which they now share with Warwick Armstong's Australians, who achieved the feat in the early 1920s when they beat England in eight games in a row.

Australia, resuming their first innings at their overnight score of 36 for three, lost their last seven wickets for 40 runs in only 95 minutes before lunch.

The debacle was inspired by Michael Holding. The Jamaican fast bowler, now aged 30, who captured six for 18 from 35 deliveries to finish with six for 21 from 9.2 overs. Phillips was one of only three batsmen to reach double figures.

Following on 340 runs in arrears, Australia showed greater prupose in reaching 94 for one, thanks to a 90-run second wicket partnership by John Dyson (30) and Graeme Wood (56) after Kepler Wessels had been out for a duck in the first over.

But then four wickets toppled for 30 runs, including two with the score stuck on 107.

WEST INDIES: First innings

G Greenidge c Rackemann b Alderman	30
D Haynes c Yallop b Hogg	56
*R Richardson b Alderman	0
L Gomes b Hogg	127
V Richards c Phillips b Alderman	10
C Lloyd c Phillips b Alderman	0
†J Dujon c Phillips b Alderman	139
M Marshall c Hughes b Hogg	21
M Holding c Wood b Alderman	1
J Garner c Phillips b Hogg	17
C Walsh not out	9
Extras (lb 1, l-b 4 n-b)	6
Total	416

FALL OF WICKETS: 1-33, 2-83, 3-89, 4-104, 5-104, 6-186, 7-335, 8-337, 9-387, 10-416

BOWLING: T Alderman 39-12-128-6 (2 n-b), R Hogg 32-6-101-4, G Lawson 24-3-79-0, C Rackemann 28-3-106-0 (2 n-b).

AUSTRALIA: First innings

K C Wessels c Holding b Garner	13
J Dyson c Lloyd b Marshall	0
G M Wood c Lloyd b Garner	6
A R Border c Dujon b Holding	15
K J Hughes c Marshall b Holding	4
G N Yallop c Greenidge b Holding	2
W B Phillips c Marshall b Holding	22
G F Lawson C Dujon b Marshall	1
R M Hogg b Holding	0
C G Rackemann c Richardson b Holding	0
T M Alderman not out	0
Extras (b 4, lb 2, nb 7)	13
Total	76

FALL OF WICKETS: 1-1, 2-18, 3-28, 4-40, 5-46, 6-55, 7-58, 8-63, 9-63, 10-63.

BOWLING: Marshall 15-5-25-2; Garner 7-0-24-2, Holding 9.2-3-21-6

Second innings

J Dyson b Marshall	30
K C Wessels c Lloyd b Garner	0
G M Wood c Richardson b Walsh	56
A R Border c Haynes b Marshall	6
K Hughes not out	34
G N Yallop c Haynes b Walsh	1
W B Phillips not out	11
Extras (l-b 7, nb 13)	20
Total (five wickets)	158

FALL OF WICKETS. 1-4, 2-94, 3-107, 4-124.

BOWLING. J Garner 9-3-27-1, (11nb), M Marshall 13-3-33-2, M Holding 9-0-46-0, C Walsh 19-4-40-2 (2nb), L Gomes 1-0-1-0, V Richards 1-0-4-0.

Sarfraz chosen and Qadir dropped

Karachi (Reuter) – Pakistan have included Sarfraz Nawaz, the fast bowler, but dropped the spinner, Abdul Qadir, from their squad for the first one-day match against New Zealand at Peshawar today.

SQUAD: Saadat Ali, Sajid Ali, Zaheer Abbas (captain), Javed Miandad, Naveed Anjum, Manzoor Elahi, Mudassar Nazar, Sarfraz Nawaz, Tausif Ahmad, Anil Dalpat, Zahir Khan, Sultan Rana

A squad of 16 for the first Test match, starting at Lahore on November 16, has also been chosen.

SQUAD: Mudassar Nazar, Shoaib Mohammad, Qasim Umer, Javed Miandad, Zaheer Abbas (captain), Salim Malik, Abdul Qadir, Tausif Ahmad, Anil Dalpat, Sarfraz Nawaz, Azim Hafeez, Rameez Raja, Mohsin Hasan Khan, Atiqur Rahman, Mohsin Kamal, Sultan Rana

The New Zealanders' opening three-day match against the Pakistan President's XI ended in a draw at Rawalpindi. The touring side turned the match into a practice affair on the last day rather then going for a result.

Resuming at 19 without loss in the second innings, their acting captain, Wright, and Edgar batted doggedly for most of the day before their 166-run partnership was broken after lunch. Edgar was the first to go at 166, for 71, when he gave a return catch to the off spinner, Hafeezur Rehman.

Wright, who scored only three in the first innings, was soon in form, and was unlucky to miss his century by only seven runs.

At 93, Wright seemed set for his century, but was trapped leg-before by the fast bowler, Wasim Akram, going for a big hit. Wright seemed displeased with the umpire's decision as he took some time to leave the crease.

The New Zealanders, who led the President's XI by five on the first innings, delayed a declaration until tea, leaving an almost impossible target of 267 runs for the home side to win in the remaining 30 minutes

NEW ZEALANDERS: First innings 234

Second innings

J Wright l-b-w b Wasim Akram	93
B Edgar c and b Hafizur Rehman	71
M Crowe not out	50
J Reid l-b-w b Wasim Akram	0
J Crowe b Hafizur Rehman	3
E Gray b Hafeezur Rehman	4
I Smith c Miandad b Ghaffar Kazmi	30
Extras	10
Total (6 wkts dec)	261

FALL OF WICKETS: 1-166, 2-167, 3-181, 4-184, 5-190, 6-261

BOWLING: Wasim Akram 19-4-54-2, Asif Ahdr 10-2-50-0, Ghaffar Kazmi 8.3-1-50-1, Hafizur Rehman 21-4-63-3, Salim Malik 4-0-15-0, Javed Miandad 8-1-24-0.

PRESIDENT'S XI: First innings 229-7 dec

Second innings

Masood Anwar c M Crowe b Bracewell	9
Shoib Mohammad not out	5
Rameez Raja not out	11
Extras	5
Total (1 wkt)	30

FALL OF WICKETS: 1-14.

BOWLING. Stirling 4-1-10-0, Cairns 4-2-6-0, Bracewell 5-3-4-1, Gray 3-1-8-0.

IN BRIEF

Becalmed over advertising

Following the controversial decision to allow sponsorship, taken at the International Yacht Racing Union conference last Friday, the commercial implications became a major talking point at the Offshore Racing Council meeting in London on Saturday.

David Edwards, the former chairman of the council, said that the moral difference between th rich owner who can buy a new boat and innumerable sails each year and the young man who persuades a company to pay for him to do the same thing is not as wide as it once was.

The council decided to advise national authorities not to extend existing advertising on hulls for one year while they investigate.

SQUASH RACKETS: Yorkshire gained revenge for defeat by Lancashire in last season's semi-final, following eight successive championship victories, to win the premier group of the inter-county championships at Harrogate yesterday, beating their rivals 3-2. Everything hinged on the last match on court, in which Welsh international Teifion defeated Zain Saleh 10-9, 9-6, 4-9, in 55 minutes give Yorkshire victory.

MOTORSPORT: Stig Blomqvist, the new world champion, has pulled out of this year's Lombard RAC Rally.

WEEKEND RUGBY UNION RESULTS

INTERNATIONAL MATCH

Ireland	9	Australia	16

'B' INTERNATIONAL

Wales	29	France	20

(at Newport)

COUNTY CHAMPIONSHIP

First division

Gloucestershire	30	Yorkshire	19
Kent	9	Somerset	28
N'umberland	12	Notts, Lincs, D'bs	18
Surrey	12	Middlesex	16

Second division

Cornwall	9	Cheshire	6
Devon	38	Eastern Counties	25
Durham	21	Cumbria	9
Warwickshire	6	Lancashire	21

Third division

Dorset and Wilts	10	Hertfordshire	20
Hampshire	12	Buckinghamshire	16
Leicestershire	17	North Midlands	6
Sussex	13	Staffordshire	21

Fourth division

Oxfordshire	10	East Midlands	12

CLUB MATCHES

Bedford	15	Aberavon	6
Birkenhead Park	6	Orrell	25
Bridgend	10	Neath	3
Bristol	31	Stroud	17
Coventry	36	Northampton	7
Ebbw Vale	22	Cardiff	13
Fylde	11	Cheltenham	3
Harlequins (at Stoop Memorial Ground)	29	Richmond	4
Headingley	13	Bradford	9
Huddersfield	6	Sale	30
Leicester	33	Cambridge Univ	9
London Scottish	52	US Portsmouth	4
London Welsh	38	Moseley	4
Maesteg	48	Abertillery	19
Morley	37	Broughton Park	6
New Brighton	00	Waterloo	24
Oxford University	13	Blackheath	18
Penarth	0	Glamorgan Wndrs	40
Plymouth Albion	12	Gloucester	20
Pontypridd	48	Nuneaton	0
Roundhay	27	Halifax	3
Rugby	6	Metropolitan Police	11
Saracens	9	Wasps	27
West Hartlepool	16	Wilmslow	6

Cancelled: Liverpool v Loughborough Students

SCOTTISH FIRST DIVISION

Edinburgh	9	Boroughmuir	3
Hawick	69	Watsonians	9
Kelso	19	Heriot's FP	13
Melrose	9	Jed-Forest	9
Selkirk	13	Glasgow Acads	13

Stewart Melville FP	28	Gala	12
West of Scotland	12	Ayr	6

NORTH: Durham City 22, Hull and East Riding 5, Heaton Moor 16, Egremont 14; Hoylake 0, Bowdon 8; Keighley 12, Leigh 10; Liverpool Collegiate 7, Eccles 14; Lymm 6, West Park 6; Manchester 3, Preston Grasshoppers 15; Middlesbrough 31, Blaydon 15; Millom 7, Keswick 15; Morpeth 36, Gosforth 4; Oldham 3, Bramley 3; Otley 20, Northern 6; Rochdale 19, Kersal 9; Roundhay 27, Halifax 3; Sedgley Park 27, Manchester University 4; Stockton 9, Hartlepool Rovers 26; Vale of Lune 18, CIYMS 12; Widnes 17, Davenport 12; Winnington Park 16, Wrexham 11.

DEVON MERIT TABLE: Brixham 31, Teignmouth 6; Exmouth 32, Crediton 6; Okehampton 53, Newton Abbot 3.

CORNWALL MERIT TABLE: Newquay 35, Truro 3.

SEVEN COUNTIES MERIT TABLE: Maidstone 7, Havant 11; St Mary's Hospital 13, Southend 14; Sidcup 21, Woodford 7; Sutton and Epsom 20, Upper Clapton 7.

SOUTHERN MERIT TABLE: Newbury 6, Staines 10.

EASTERN COUNTIES MERIT TABLE: Brentwood 11, Ipswich 19; Eton Manor 31, Wanstead 6; Norwich 7, Cambridge 3.

HERTS MERIT TABLE: Bacavians 23, Hemel Hempstead 3; Barnet 10, Bishop's Stortford 8; Letchworth 7, Old Verulamians 3; Old Albanians 18, Cheshunt 9.

KENT MERIT TABLE: Old Brockleians 15, Old Beccehamians 28.

SUSSEX MERIT TABLE: Burgess Hill 4, Hove 6.

DIV ONE GROUP ONE

	P	W	D	L	F	A	Pts
Middlesex	3	3	0	0	42	27	6
Notts, Lincs, Derbys	3	2	0	1	48	31	4
Northumberland	3	1	0	2	37	48	2
Surrey	3	0	0	3	33	56	0

GROUP TWO

	P	W	D	L	F	A	Pts
Gloucestershire	3	2	1	0	52	36	5
Yorkshire	3	2	0	1	50	42	4
Somerset	3	1	1	1	43	34	3
Kent	3	0	0	3	22	56	0

DIV TWO GROUP ONE

	P	W	D	L	F	A	Pts
Lancashire	3	3	0	0	80	22	6
Warwickshire	3	2	0	1	50	39	4
Devon	3	1	0	2	48	73	2
E Counties	3	0	0	3	49	93	0

GROUP TWO

	P	W	D	L	F	A	Pts
Durham	3	3	0	0	59	25	6
Cumbria	3	1	0	2	40	41	2
Cheshire	3	1	0	2	35	45	2
Cornwall	3	1	0	2	16	39	2

RUGBY UNION: WALLABIES GO TWO UP IN THE INTERNATIONALS WITH TWO TO PLAY



Airborne attack: Bradley, the Ireland scrum half, launches his back line against the Australians at Lansdown Road

Australia solve the Irish problem

From David Hands, Rugby Correspondent, Dublin

Ireland 9
Australia 16

It is 37 years since Australia reached the halfway stage of a major tour of Britain and Northern Ireland with two of their four internationals safely stowed in their tucker bag. To have done so in these hither-thither days of modern touring is a significant achievement, even allowing for reduced standards of play in Britain.

Ireland's green scalp was added to England's white one at Lansdowne Road on Saturday by a try, a penalty goal and three drop goals to three penalties, and once again the Australians took their time. Having missed two try scoring chances, one in each half, they did not resume the lead until 73 minutes had gone. Yet, like recent New Zealand sides, they always hinted at having something in hand.

On this occasion the hand was Ella's, and since the Australian stand-off plans to stay on for three months once the tour ends there may be several clubs interested in acquiring his services. He dropped two of the three goals, thereby acquiring in Irish eyes the bogey status of the South African Naas Botha whose three dropped goals in Durban helped beat Ireland 12-10 three years ago. Ella also helped make and finished the move which eventually destroyed a gallant Ireland side.

If Ella is an acknowledged hero, Australia are rapidly acquiring a new one in Tuynman, the 21-year-old No 8 whose stature is growing game by game. His speed over the ground as well as his lineout ability have become considerable factors in Australia's tour success; it will be interesting to see his performance against the Welsh pack when his tight forwards may be under greater strain.

Yet with such a new side Ireland must have derived considerable encouragement for the New Year.

Ireland's faults were those of an inexperienced side and can be rectified.

Nevertheless Ireland needed some assistance to get into the match and they received it from Clive Norling, the Welsh touch judge. Lynagh's dropped goal from a tap penalty had been the only score in the first half, a meandering half in which the Australian backs proved tentative in the face of severe Irish tackling.

With Australia leading by six points Bob Francis the referee must have seen Ella's neck-high tackle – not malicious – on Mullin yet allowed play to continue. At the next stoppage he consulted Mr Norling, who had raised his flag to indicate dangerous play by Australia, and awarded a penalty some 10 metres nearer the Australian posts and well the right of where the offence took place. The New Zealander said afterwards that he had not seen the incident clearly but it did appear at the time as though he allowed his own judgment to be overruled. The penalty award was certainly correct; the placing of it equally incorrect.

Kiernan, who had not been far short with a first-half penalty from his own half, gleefully kicked the goal off an upright and then two more after a kind of stiff-arm tackle by Burke on Ringland and a late charge by Tuyman on Finn.

Australia's superior finesse and fitness wrapped up the game. Their use of the blind-side wing is an object lesson to British sides – and to wings who spend their time complaining they never see the ball.

SCORERS: Ireland: - Penalties, Kiernan 3. Australia: Try: Ella; Penalty: Lynagh; Drop goals Ella 2, Lynagh.

IRELAND: H P MacNeill (Oxford University), T M Ringland (Ballymena), B J Mullin (Dublin University), M C Finn (Cork Constitution), M J Kiernan (Lansdowne), P M Dean (St Mary's College), M T Bradley (Cork Constitution), P A Orr (Old Wesley), C F Fitzgerald (St Mary's College, captain), J J McCoy (Dungannon), P M Matthews (Ards), D G Lenihan (Cork Constitution), W A Anderson (Dungannon), W J Sexton (Garryowen), R K Kearney (Wanderers).

AUSTRALIA: R G Gould (Queensland), M P Burke (New South Wales), A G Slack (Queensland, captain), M P Lynagh (Queensland), D I Campese (ACT), M G Ella (New South Wales), N C Farr-Jones (NSW), E E Rodriguez (New South Wales), T A Lawton (Brisbane), A J McIntyre (Queensland), S P Poidevin (New South Wales), A Williams (New South Wales), S A G Cutler (New South Wales), C Roche (Queensland), S N Tynman (New South Wales).

Referee: R C Francis (New Zealand).

Bishop and Roberts combine to impress

By Gerald Davies

Wales B 29
France B 20

Wales won this entertaining match by one goal, two tries and five penalties to two goals and two tries, but the margin could have been so much greater. Thorburn, who is developing quite nicely as an all-round full back, missed four penalties, though he kicked five, and Glasson failed to take advantage of two glaring try-scoring opportunies on the wing.

The home team achieved all this on the minimum of possession. France were a heavier team

France were hesitant and, for most of the game, lacked the confidence and style which had brought them, in the best French manner, an effortlessly manufactured first try for Charvet which Bianchi converted.

Bishop, in the unaccustomed role of playing behind a losing and often retreating pack, came out of the game with a great deal of credit as he fought tigerishly, alongside Roberts, to hold everything together close to the pack. No doubt both of them will be in the forefront of the Welsh selectors' thoughts when they choose a Welsh team later this week to play Australia.

Bishop also formed a smooth partnership with Davies. It was his chip ahead on the blind side of the maul which created the space for Davies to carry on and send Glasson over to score Wales's first try. Thorburn kicked two penalties, one on either side of this score.

A pushover try, credited to Sanz and converted by Bianchi, might have given France a half-time lead, but Thorburn, with just one successful kick out of five, gave Wales a 13-12 lead at half-time.

Bianchi recovered the lead after the interval with a try before Davies, with a superb break, created the opportunity for Morris to dive over. Then Thorburn counter-attacked, chipped ahead and gathered to send Jones in for a try. Thorburn converted one of these and added two further penalties before Andrieu, late in the game, scored a final try for the visitors.

WALES B: P Thorburn (Neath); A Glasson (Newbridge, rep: P Rees), K Hopkins (Cardiff), L Jones (Pontypool), P Lewis (Llanelli); J Davies (Neath), D Bishop (Pontypool); J Whitefoot (Cardiff), M Richards (Neath, capt), P Francis (Maesteg), M Morris (South Wales Constabulary), H Richards (Neath), M Moseley (Pontypool), G Roberts (Cardiff), J Thomas (Swansea).

FRANCE B: J Bianchi (Toulon); P Jehl (Toulon), D Charvet (Toulousain, P Fort (Béziers), M Andrieu (Nîmes); P Escande (Béziers), H Sanz (Graulhet, capt); H Chabowski (Nice), D Minaro (Béziers), M-J Yanci (Boucau Stade), M Tonon (Montferrand), J-P Pelloux (Nice), J Santos (Montauban), K Janik (Toulousain), E Champ (Toulon).

Referee: J A F Trigg (England)

SCORERS: Wales B: Tries: Glasson, Morris, Jones. Conversions: Thorburn. Penalties: Thorburn (5). France B: Tries: Charvet, Sanz, Bianchi, Andrieu. Conversions: Bianchi (2)

Familiarity breeds a lack of intent

By Bryan Stiles

Surrey 12
Middlesex 16

The trouble with the rugby version of the old pals' act is that it is difficult to work up much aggressive intent against your old club colleagues. At least, that was what Middlesex seemed to find on Saturday. Both these county sides contain players from the same London clubs, with Middlesex able to put together a stronger combination with their collection of seven international players.

It all looked so easy and predictable before the kick-off at Rosslyn Park, with the unbeaten Middlesex side already having qualified for the semi-finals of the county championship, sponsored by Thorn EMI. All they were playing for was the right to stage their semi-final at home and for much of the game it seemed that that was not a sharp enough spur to bring out the best in them.

It was a pity that Marcus Rose, Surrey's erstwhile international full back, was not on reasonable kicking form. That might have encouraged Middlesex to produce the penetrative game of rugby of which they are capable. Eventually Middlesex scraped home by four tries to one goal, one dropped goal and one penalty.

The result condemned Surrey to a play-off with Somerset on Saturday week to avoid relegation and it secured Middlesex a home tie against Yorkshire.

Surrey, who have not won a championship game this season, were intent on salvaging some pride and two points from this encounter and for much of the first half it looked as if they might achieve their goal. They harried their more illustrious comrades with a fire that brought them a great deal of possession from the ruck and maul.

SCORERS: Surrey: Try: Edwards. Conversion: Rose. Dropped goal: Smith. Penalty goal: Rose. Middlesex: Tries Smith, Davies, Butcher, Cardus.

SURREY: M Rose (Harlequins); S Moriarty (Harlequins, rep: J Ager, Rosslyn Park), N Anderson (Rosslyn Park), D Goyatt (Richmond), M Jermyn (Rosslyn Park); S Smith (Richmond), G Porter (Metropolitan Police); J Probyn (Richmond), T Evans (Richmond), C Van de Merwe (Harlequins), P Taylor (Rosslyn Park), N Edwards (Rosslyn Park), M Slagter (Richmond, capt), S Marty (London Irish), R Montgomery (Rosslyn Park).

MIDDLESEX: N Stringer (Wasps); S O'Reilly (Metropolitan Police, rep A Gemmell, West London Inst.), R Cardus (Wasps), A Thompson (Harlequins), S Smith (Wasps); H Davies (Wasps), I George (London Welsh), P Curtis (Harlequins), J Olver (Harlequins), M Hobley (Wasps), K Moss (Wasps), A Ripley (Rosslyn Park), N Roberts (Harlequins), D Cook (Harlequins, capt), C Butcher (Harlequins).

Referee: D J Hudson (Lancashire).

Resilience tells for Gloucestershire

By Nicholas Keith

Gloucestershire 30
Yorkshire 19

Gloucestershire are two matches away from their sixteenth county championship, which is sponsored by Thorn EMI. They have a home tie against Notts, Lincs and Derbys in the last four, while Yorkshire must hope for another tilt at them in the final at Twickenham in March, although they give ground advantage to Middlesex in their semi-finals.

This was a thrilling match on a beautiful day, although handling and passing errors left the spectacle with some unpolished edges. Derek Morgan, chairman of the England selectors, expressed his reservations afterwards: "The crowd will have gone home wanting to watch rugby again next weekend, which is a good thing. But here were some elementary mistakes, considering this was the top level of county rugby." He thought that both sets of forwards would have been "tossed aside" by a good Welsh club pack such as Cardiff or Pontypool.

Admittedly, Gloucestershire were missing half their backbone, with Rafter, Gadd, Blakeway and Mills absent, but the residual resilience of their forwards told in the end.

Two late tries gave an unbalanced look to this seesaw match; Gloucestershire led by only 20-19 with five minutes left before winning by two goals, three tries, a dropped goal and a penalty to two goals, a try and a penalty.

Yorkshire raced to 12-3 in the first 13 minutes with tries by John Buckton and Harrison, converted by Old, sandwiching a penalty by Barnes, who converted a try between the posts by Knibbs. Hesford was awarded a pushover try to give Gloucestershire the lead and Barnes dropped his goal after Barley had made a mess of an attempted quick dropout. But Old narrowed the gap to 16-15 with a penalty.

The second half continued in the same breathless fashion and Yorkshire regained the lead after 10 minutes with a try by Underwood which was poorly contested by the Gloucestersire defence. Sustained pressure put Morley over in the corner from a pass by Teague, who later scored himself after a long counter attack.

Finally, Knibbs steamed in like a character from Starlight Express as Underwood unaccountably ambled in pursuit of a loose ball. Barnes converted this last try.

Scorers: Gloucestershire: Tries: Knibbs (2), Morley, Teague Hesford; Dropped goal: Barnes; Conversions: Barnes (2); Penalty: Barnes. Yorkshire: Tries: J Buckton, Harrison, Underwood; Conversions: Old (2); Penalty: Old.

GLOUCESTERSHIRE (Bristol unless stated): P Cue; A Morley, R Knibbs, S Hogg, A Richards (Gloucester); S Barnes, R Harding (captain); M Preedy, K Bogira, A Sheppard, M Teague (Gloucester), J Alwin (Gloucester), A Blackmore, D Pegler (Wasps), R Hesford.

YORKSHIRE: D Norton (Headingley, captain); M Harrison (Wakefield), B Barley (Wakefield), J Buckton (Saracens), R Underwood (Middlesbrough); A Old (Sheffield), N Melville (Wasps); P Huntsman (Headingley), P Lazenby (Morley), J Tinker (Harrogate), S Tipping (Sale), M Vorhoeven (Morley), A Fraser (Headingley), P Buckton (Liverpool), S Peacock (Middlesbrough).

Referee: R Parker (North Midlands).

Romanians exposed by France

From Chris Thau, Bucharest

Romania 3
France 18

The French forwards battered their hosts into submission on Saturday to an extent never seen before in Romania. The match cruelly exposed the flaws in Romania's 10-man rugby and will no doubt restart the soul-searching process brought to a halt by the victories against Wales and Scotland.

The so-called "Romanian approach", based on a crushing display of forward power and lineout domination, proved totally inadequate against a very hard French side. Romania's defeat by two goals and two penalties to one penalty goal has ended a six-year unbeaten record on their home ground and will go down in the history books as Romania's heaviest defeat on Bucharest. Even more impressive, the French win was achieved with a limited amount of lineout possession.

SCORERS: Romania: penalty: Alexandru. France: tries: Sella, Lescarboura: conversions: Lescarboura (two): penalties. Lescarboura (two).

RUMANIA: L Codoi; A Lungu, G Varzaru, M Marghescu, M Aldea; D Alexandru, M Paraschiu; I Bucan, M Munteanu, G Leonte, G Caragea, G Dumitru, F Murariu, A Radulescu, L Constantin.

FRANCE: S Blanco; P Esteve, P Sella, D Codorniou, B Lavigne; J P Lescarboura, J Gallion; P Dospital, P Dintrans (capt), J P Garuet, F Haget, J Condom, L Rodriguez, J Gratton, D Erbani.

Referee: J West (Ireland).

Three Counties reborn in second half

By Gordon Allan

One of the best performances in the county championship on Saturday was by Notts, Lincs and Derbys. They travelled to Gosforth in the morning and in the afternoon beat Northumberland 18-12, which puts them in the semi-final round for only the second time in 60 years. They now face what John Beddoe, their secretary, calls "a mountainous task" – an away match with Gloucestershire on November 24.

Their first semi-final was on the same ground in 1978, when Northumberland won 19-6. At half-time on Saturday, another defeat seemed imminent because Northumberland led 12-0 with three penalty goals and a dropped goal by Johnson, and could have been further ahead but for a try-saving tackle by Steve Holdstock.

The second half might have been part of a different game. Notts, Lincs and Derbys, looking fitter by the minute and kicking effectively, swarmed over Northumberland and Murphy, Cook and Steve Holdstock scored tries, all of which Drane converted.

Somerset, last year's runners-up, have finished in the relegation zone despite beating Kent 28-9 at the Rectory Field. Within their limits, which are necessarily those of Blackheath, Kent have played good rugby this season.

Oxford University's disappointment was marked after losing 13-18 to what amounted to Blackheath's second team at Iffley Road.

Cambridge made no excuses. Bailey, their captain, who did not play because of his foot injury, said they were "steamrollered up front" by Leicester, who won 33-9

Hawick turn on Gass

By Ian McLauchlan

For the second weekend in succession Hawick ran in over 60 points. Watsonians had no answer to the forward power and fluent back play of their opponents who scored 12 tries, twice by the flanker, Hogarth. Gass the stand off, kicked a goal and nine conversions. Millar scored a try for Watsonians which Forbes converted, and kicked a penalty, making the score 69-9.

Kelso, the only other unbeaten side in the first division, had a fine start against Heriot's. In the first minute Ker charged down an attempted clearance by his opposite number, Murdoch and Baird gathered the loose ball to set up a try for Tait. Flannigan converted and kicked a penalty for Kelso but, five minutes before halftime, Marshall was forced to leave the field with a shoulder injury and Heriot's came back into the game as Irvine scored a try and two penalties.

The home team were not to be denied however, as Flannigan kicked two more penalties and Hastie, the scrum half, scored a try. A late penalty by Irvine completed the scoring as Kelso won 19-13.

A tactically inept display by the Boroughmuir backs combined with magnificent Edinburgh Academicals cover defence gave Academicals a memorable 9-3 win at Raeburn Place. The visitors' forwards won about 75 per cent of the ball, but saw it frittered away as their backs showed little imagination and less penetration. For Academicls, Paton dropped a goal and Hutchison kicked two penalties. Russell kicked Boroughmuir's penalty.

At the other end of the table, a late penalty by Sheil gained Melrose their first league points as they drew 9-9 with Jed-Forest. Mercer kicked three penalties for Jed and Sheil had all Melrose's points with a dropped goal and two penalties. Selkirk and Glasgow Academicals drew 13-13.

FOOTBALL: ENGLAND'S PREPARATIONS FOR THEIR WORLD CUP QUALIFYING MATCH IN TURKEY RECEIVE ANOTHER SAVAGE BLOW

Knee injury puts Hateley out of action for six weeks

From Stuart Jones, Football Correspondent, Istanbul

The life of the England manager rarely runs smoothly, but the 24 hours spanning Saturday and yesterday afternoon must rank among the most disruptive periods. On his journey back from Highbury to Istanbul, where England meet Turkey in a World Cup *qualifying tie on* Wednesday, Bobby Robson stumbled across one setback after another.

His problems started at Arsenal's ground, after a game that was numbingly dull, largely lifeless and woefully short of anything but rugged commitment. Robson was as relieved as anyone when the 1-1 draw with Aston Villa was brought to a close, since all of his England representatives had seemingly avoided injury.

More encouragingly, three of them had helped to break the tedium. Withe, typically, had flicked on a throw-in for Burch, an outsider as far as Robson was concerned, to put Villa ahead after 10 minutes. Half an hour later, Mariner took advantage of the freedom that Anderson's header gave him to claim Arsenal's equalizer.

Yet apart from Day's instinctive saves in rapid succession from Stewart Robson, the anonymous Woodcock and the even more colourless Nicholas near the end, there were scarcely any other events of note. While appreciating that it was not a game for spectators, Graham Turner thought that his central defenders, Evans and Ormsby, had crucially contained Mariner and Woodcock.

Indeed, comfortably so – although it should be added that the service to the Arsenal forwards was far from adequate. Stewart Robson alone rose above the untidy, inaccurate mess for Arsenal and, because he has been suffering from leg injuries recently, was not named in any of the three England squads. That is just as well. Now he has damaged a foot.

When Bobby Robson went to check on the health of his squad members, he found Mariner, who had also been kept out for five matches with a hamstring strain, having stitches inserted into the back of his head. Then he came across a speechless Withe, rendered mute by a kick in the throat – from Anderson.

Robson spent 20 minutes *talking to* Mariner, who has been ruled out–of all but one of the last nine internationals, and told him that if he could play "as well as he had that afternoon, then that will do for me" – a surprising comment, under the circumstances. But, with the agreement of Don Howe, Mariner felt it was not worth travelling to Turkey.

The decision was curious, even though he has not trained recently. Both he and Howe, Arsenal's manager and England's coach, apparently considered that he was fit enough to play for his club but not for his country. Robson did not attempt to overrule them since "the decision was made in the dressing room, which is not my territory."

Robson, aware that the experienced Mariner would, with the assistance of the younger Hateley, have exposed the aerial weakness of the Turks, was clearly disappointed, but accepted his withdrawal with a rueful smile. "Apart from that", he said, "everyone is in good shape and feeling fine." Little did he know."

By the time he reached the *team's hotel in the evening, his* troubles had deepended. His first-choice right back, Duxbury, and his second-choice left back, Kennedy, had pulled out. And, equally significantly, so had Waddle, the Newcastle United forward whom Robson was thinking of promoting from the Under-21 party.

He turned instead to Allen, who has been ignored since he appeared in all three games during the summer tour of South America. Contacting the Tottenham Hotspur player, as *Match of the Day* viewers might have been led to believe, was not so difficult. He was staying with his parents-in-law in London.

It was locating Allen's boots that proved more of a problem. They were on the way down from Nottingham, with the rest of Tottenham's kit, but were found in time for the early-morning flight from Luton Airport. He might have been advised to borrow a pair. Woodcock did so two years ago *in Greece and went on the score* twice.

Robson's difficulties assumed even greater and darker proportions within minutes of arriving in Turkey. He heard that Hateley, of Milan, had been seriously hurt after a tackle by Torino's sweeper. His injury was officially described as "a distortion of the right kneecap". He will be out for at least six weeks and may even require an operation today.

"It is a very sad and serious blow for him and us", Robson said when the news was *confirmed. "the very thing I* was dreading has now occurred. Luckily, we have Withe here. He was our third choice, but he won't let us down." It was bravely optimistic note on which to end a day of such remarkable disruption.

● *Mike Hazard's hopes of gaining* his first representative honours were dashed yesterday when he was forced to withdraw from England's B-International against New Zealand with a slight hamstring strain.

● Jock Stein, the Scotland manager, yesterday agreed to a request from Hamburg to release Mark McGhee, the former Aberdeen foreward, from his international squad (Agencies report). The West German club have a league match against Stuttgart tomorrow and want McGhee in their side and Scotland meet Spain in the World Cup qualifier at Hampden Park 24 hours later. All of Scotland's senior squad escaped injury in matches over the weekend.



Stepping into the shadows: Mark Hateley limps off in Turin yesterday to leave a cloud hanging over England

Halifax manager

Halifax Town have appointed Mick Jones as manager to replace Mick Bullock, who was dismissed *three weeks ago.*

Clemence rebuffs Forest and title talk

By Michael Rowbottom

Nottingham Forest 1
Tottenham Hotspur 2

Ray Clemence shied away when asked if he thought Tottenham Hotspur would win the League. "I never talk about titles," he said. But then he had already let his actions, and reactions, do the talking at the City Ground on Saturday to secure a significant victory.

As befits a team managed by Brian Clough, Forest have a stubborn pride which, like a spring, becomes more resistant the greater the pressure on it. Without a win in the first division since September, and still smarting from an acrimonious Milk Cup defeat at Sunderland in midweek, they were in just the mood to snarl up the Londoners' smooth progress towards the top of the table.

Clemence, however, was having one of his days, as Davenport, Wigley and Hodge all learned. His defenders were grateful to see him in such form. Mabbutt, preferred to Hughton at left back, became increasingly discomfited by Wigley's direct running, and Miller looked perilously ponderous at times.

Hazard was the man who pulled things together for the visitors. Without the ball he struggles along as if he has a stitch, legs and elbows labouring at cross-purposes. With the ball he is transformed. He shares Hoddle's penchant for the flighted chip and the curved pass. Even more perturbingly for Hoddle, whose place Hazard effectively fills, he also can produce sudden, savage *shots from outside the area*, as he did in the fifty-third minute to give Tottenham the lead.

Davenport equalized within three minutes after a chaotic scramble and then sought to win the match single-handedly. He should have scored after an hour when Bowyer's mis-hit shot left him clear, but he fired straight at Clemence's blue jersey. He surely thought he had scored when he chipped towards the top corner after Miller's underhit *back pass had stranded Clemence*, but the old campaigner twisted in mid-air to parry the ball away.

Fifteen minutes from time Perryman's cross drifted to the unmarked Galvin, who scored the decisive goal with a low cross-shot. "With this result", Peter Shreeves, the Tottenham manager, said, "we have set ourselves up for a realistic championship challenge."

NOTTINGHAM FOREST: S Sutton; G Mills, K Swain, J Metgod, C Fairclough, I Bowyer, S Wigley, S Hodge, P Raynor, P Davenport, C Walsh.
TOTTENHAM HOTSPUR: R Clemence; G Stevens, G Mabbutt, G Roberts, P Miller, S Perryman, J Chiedozie (sub: C Hughton), M Falco, C Allen, M Hazard, A Galvin.

Costly feud

Damage estimated at £2,000 was caused to Bradford's main stand, according to club officials yesterday, during extensive fighting between rival spectators after Saturday's match against Derby County. The return of Derby's assistant manager, Roy McFarland, to the club he had left amid ill-feeling in November 1982, created a bad atmosphere. McFarland was given police protection.

Allison's appeal

Malcolm Allison, the former Middlesbrough manager, will have a claim for unfair dismissal heard at an industrial tribunal in Middles*brough starting today. Allison had* over a year of his contract with the north-east club to run when he was sacked following a dispute with the board over the sale of players. The hearing could last three days.

Quiet Everton may stay in shadows

By Clive White

West Ham United...............0
Everton..............................1

Beating Liverpool at Anfield and assuming the leadership of the first division is one thing, if not two things. But stepping out of the shadow of Liverpool is something else and Everton will have to accept that they may never do it, no matter how many gleaming trophies they decorate the sideboard with this season.

It must pique them when nationwide you rule, maybe even Europe-wide, but in your own backyard you are still the kid brother. Part of the problem is that Everton are still a team of non-celebrities: even their internationals, and they have only four involved in next week's World Cup games, are strong, silent types. And on last two season's form Southall is probably Britain's No 1 goalkeeper, yet the public do not know him.

Their collectively modest nature was encapsulated by a remark *Radcliffe, their* captain and another quiet one, made to me recently regarding Stevens, a rising star at full back. "He'd be an even better player if he knew how good he was", he said.

As if competing with Liverpool for home rule was not *difficult* enough, this present Everton team even have to accept second best within the bounds of Goodison Park. Man for man it is felt by many that they compare unfavourably with the Everton champion-winning side of 15 years ago, which boasted such individuals as Ball and Harvey.

But time has a way of beautifying the blemishes. Another illustrious but unassuming member of that company was Howard Kendall, now the manager. His own character seems to have filtered through to this team. No one is a star: they are all members of the supporting cast, and how they support.

West Ham United must have felt on Saturday as though Everton's renowned gang of four in midfield was double the strength, the way they were overwhelmed in the first half. Everton were eager, inventive and as positive as you could expect from League leaders. There was an abundance of movement and selfless running. Had Bracewell been more of a goal-taker than a goal-maker, they might have been two up by half-time.

West Ham's defence pushed up more on to Everton's midfield in the second half and got a much closer look at Southall, but still they never put a shot on target. Anyway Whitton, who looked the most likely to, is much more comfortable at distances beyond 20 yards. West Ham's coming opponents should take note of that fact. He once scooped the ball over the bar with Southall prostrate, but from a much greater distance impressively whacked in a shot frighteningly close.

West Ham's most illuminated avenue was down the right, where Allen was stretching the long-legged van den Hauwe, but Mountfield was always equal to the cross, just as his opposite number, Martin, once with Everton as a lad, was the equal of Mountfield.

This equilibrium was disturbed with 11 minutes remaining when Heath played a one-two with Sharp which left the admirable Bonds trailing while he zipped in on McAlister like a clockwork mouse before stealing the cheese by playing another one-two off McAlister's chest. It was a classic piece of smash-and-grab, but deserved. Everton are big enough to wear the crown, event if it is something of a hand-me-down.

WEST HAM UNITED: T McAlister; R Stewart, S Walford, P Allen, A Martin, A Gale (sub: A Dickens), S Whitton, A Cottee, P Goddard, W Bonds, G Pike.
EVERTON: N Southall; G Stevens, K Ratcliffe, D Mountfield, P van den Hauwe, T Steven, P Bracewell, P Reid, K Sheedy, G Sharp, A Heath.
Referee: J Ashworth (Rutland).

Rangers grounded

By David Powell

Queen's Park Rangers......0
Sheffield Wednesday........0

"There's a certain jinx about programme writing", Alan Mullery, the Queen's Park Rangers manager, *said in his match-day notes*. "Feature a player and it's a fair bet he won't be in the team because of injury or being dropped." Sure enough, there on the cover of Saturday's issue was a close-up of Simon Stainrod, out of the Rangers team for only the second time this season. But how Loftus Road could have done with his dextrous touch.

Mullery omitted Stainrod and Fillery from the team which started against Partizan Belgrade on Wednesday *when a four-goal lead in* the UEFA Cup tie was allowed to disintegrate into defeat. He introduced Byrne for his first home appearance, brought back Stewart and later with a point won, expressed satisfaction that stability had been restored. "It was a tremendous battling performance", Mullery said. The price to the fans was a game lacking in adventure as Rangers had no one to penetrate Sheffield Wednesday's stifling game.

After two successive League defeats, Howard Wilkinson, the Wednesday manager, voiced no complaints either. "It was an effective performance – I am very pleased", he said. But championship talk has been pushed to one side: Everton, one point behind Wednesday three matches ago, are now seven in front.

Playing five in a line across the back, Wednesday were a model of organization. With Lyons, Wednesday's captain, in the control tower, *Rangers were granted only* occasional use of the runway. Twice Bannister seemed ready for take-off but the colleagues with whom he shared the flight to promotion last season were spared an inglorious reunion. Byrne, neatly side-stepping two opponents, gave Bannister his first chance but he shot wide and, on the second occasion, he was intercepted by a tackle from Shirtliff.

Byrne showed promise but there were usually too many Wednesday shirts between him and goal. Once, when he did find a way through, Hodge saved his shot, and another of his goal attempts took a deflection off Smith. Chivers, who like Byrne was playing his first home game for Rangers, looked comfortable at right back in place of Neill.

Wednesday's near-misses came in the first and last few minutes. Varadi seized on a loose ball but fired over from 15 yards and Pearson headed against the bar. With Sterland injured and the inexperienced Oliver reluctant to venture forward from right back, *Wednesday's attacking options* were limited, particularly with their winger, Marwood, dropped to accommodate the more central forward, Pearson.

QUEEN'S PARK RANGERS: P Hucker; G Chivers, I Dawes, G Waddock, S Wicks, T Fenwick, W Fereday, I Stewart, G Bannister, J Byrne (sub: G Micklewhite), J Gregory.
SHEFFIELD WEDNESDAY: M Hodge; G Oliver, P Shirtliff, M Smith, M Lyons, N Worthington, J Pearson, A Blair, I Varadi, L Chapman, G Shelton.
Referee: A Robinson (Portsmouth).

The late, late show

The saying "Better late than never" was strikingly appropriate in the first and second divisions on Saturday. Goals in the last 10 minutes seemed the rule rather than the exception and in most of the *matches they had a significant* bearing on the result.

At Filbert Street a penalty by Strachan two minutes from the end brought joy for **Manchester United** and despair for **Leicester City**. Having twice equalized, Leicester must have felt that they were worth a point, but after Banks handled in the area Strachan confirmed his calmness under pressure by converting his sixth spot kick of the season. The victory takes United into second place and leaves Leicester last but one.

Liverpool, scorers of so many late goals themselves, were given a taste of their own medicine by **Southampton** at Anfield. Liverpool's concen*tration wavered in the closing stages* and Jordan, with a header, was allowed to cancel out the lead that Rush had given the hosts 14 seconds into the second half.

There was also a late flurry of activity at Vicarage Road, where **Watford** at last got off the mark by beating **Sunderland**. Watford's woe looked likely to continue when Hodgson equalized Jackett's first-half goal, but then Terry and Sterling put the match beyond *Sunderland's reach. Stoke City* are now five points adrift at the bottom after losing 2-0 to an improving **West Bromwich Albion**.

A missed penalty by Lee contributed to **Chelsea**'s 2-1 defeat at **Newcastle United** and the second division leaders, **Oxford United**, also paid dearly for doing the same thing. Aldridge was the culprit in their 2-2 draw at **Shrewsbury** but the division's top marksman redeemed himself by scoring both Oxford's goals. Shrewsbury's rousing second half comeback was rounded off by an equalizer from Stevens in the *eighty-ninth minute*.

At the other end of the table, **Cardiff City** were dead but would not lie down against **Oldham Athletic** at Ninian Park. With time running out, a brace of goals by Vaughan turned a 2-0 deficit into a 2-2 draw and lifted Cardiff off the bottom.

Late scoring was not restricted to the top two divisions. There was a grandstand finish at The Den by the third division pacesetters, Millwall, with all three of their goals against **Preston North End** coming in the last 11 minutes. However, Millwall were upstaged by **Hull City**, who won 5-4 at **Orient** after being 4-1 behind. Flounders scored the *winner with two minutes to go.*



Jordan: Anfield equalizer

Hearts defy critics

Heart of Midlothian are bringing the smile back to the footballing face of Edinburgh. Their 3-2 victory over **St Mirren** at Paisley stretched an unbeaten run to six games and saw them spring into fourth place in the Scottish premier division. If championship hopes remain remote, their current form entitles them to believe they can finish high enough in the table to earn a place again in next season's UEFA Cup.

After an uneasy start and failure in Europe, Hearts have confounded critics contemptuous of the club's policy of relying heavily on players who will not see 30 again by playing with a zest few others can match. The much-travelled Clark, recently *transferred from Rangers*, has inspired the attack and the striker scored twice against a determined but unimaginative St Mirren. It was, however, one of Hearts' most seasoned veterans, Bone, who gave his team two points, heading the winning goal in spectacular fashion. McDowell and Scanlon were the marksmen for a St Mirren side whose inconsistency is the despair of their supporters.

While **Hibernians**till occupy an embarrassing place in the league, there have been welcome signs recently that, under their newly appointed mangager, John Blackley, they may yet this season play their part in restoring the capital's prestige. They were unfortunate not to take two points in their hectic 2-2 draw with **Rangers** at Easter Road.

They had more to offer than the visitors but, although Rangers appeared drained after their admirable victory over Internationale on Wednesday, they twice fought back to equalize.

Perhaps having taken a tip from their **neighbours** at Tynecastle, Hibernian acquired a seasoned campaigner in the elegant person of Craig from Carlisle United, and the assurance of the veteran did much to give his team control in the *midfield*. Twice down, Rangers at least showed their fighting spirit is second to none as Fraser and Cooper hit back to eradicate leads established by Callaghan and Irvine.

Aberdeen remained firmly established as league leaders, showing all the resilience of champions in coming from behind at Pittodrie to beat **Morton** 3-1. The Greenock side, who had defeated Celtic last week, played courageously, scoring first through Clinging, but missed two good chances and were overwhelmed when Aberdeen turned on full power. McDougall, Miller and Simpson scored the goals which keep Aberdeen at the top of the table, still three points ahead of their nearest challenger, Celtic, who had an easy 2-0 victory over **Dumbarton** at Parkhead.

The outstanding performance of the afternoon came from **Dundee United** who beat **Dundee** in the Tayside derby 2-0 with fast, one-touch play that could be a warning to Manchester United that their UEFA Cup opponents have recovered the form which has earned them such high respect in Europe. Gough and Coyne were the scorers *in a first half in which United scaled* the heights.

Soviet switch

Mexico City (AFP) – Next year's world youth football championships have been switched from Chile to the Soviet Union, Joao Havelange, president of FIFA, said here

Davies demonstrates his true worth

By Simon O'Hagan

Fulham..................................3
Wimbledon...........................1

If Gordon Davies leaves Fulham this week – a Football League tribunal will decide on Wednesday how much Chelsea should pay for him – the pain of losing him will be all the greater for his contribution on Saturday, when he scored an equalizing goal and, in a dramatic finish to the match, played an important part in the one that gave *his side the lead.*

Davies' impending departure prompted an editorial in the match programme in which criticisms were levelled at Chelsea for offering a fifth of Fulham's asking price, and at the tribunal system for its alleged bias against the selling club. The editorial concluded: "In the crucial aspect of the sale of their assets, they (the selling club) are impeded by regulations which perpetuate the dominance of a wealthy elite. The rich will get richer, but the poor might not always be with us."

If Chelsea do not like the look of the tribunal's price, Davies's best chance of a future in the first division might rest with staying at *Fulham and helping them win* promotion.

This was Fulham's fifth win in six Canon League games, promotion-gaining consistency all right, though the performance itself was not *wholly convincing. It took them* most of the first half to come to terms with Wimbledon's long-ball approach, and it was defensive uncertainty which gave Kay the opportunity to whack his side in front in the thirty-third minute.

Fulham did not find their touch until Davies scored a neat goal from a pass by Wilson a minute before half-time. In the second half they stepped up the pace, with the ful backs Carr and Parker (whom Fulham fear could be the subject of Davies-type offers) pushing forward.

Despite becoming increasingly ragged, Wimbledon might still have won when Evans headed against the bar two minutes from the end. From *the clearance, however, the ball* reached Davies, who took it up the right wing. He sent a piercing cross to the far post where Carr, who had sprinted the length of the field to get there, touched the ball in. Coney *made it 3-1* in injury time after Houghton, the most skilful player on either side, had dribbled past most of the Wimbledon defence.

FULHAM: G Peyton; P Parker, C Carr, J Marshall, J Hopkins, K Lock, G Davies, R Wilson, D Coney, R Houghton, R Lewington.
WIMBLEDON: D Beasant; J Kay, N Winterburn, S Galliers, M Morris, S Hatter, S Evans, S Ketteridge, A Cork (sub: A Sayer), K Gage, G Hodges.
Referee: L Shapter (Torquay).

RACING

Rough ride for star of Hollywood feature

From a Special Correspondent
Los Angeles

Controversy raged after Slew O'Gold, previously unbeaten in five starts this year and America's champion elect, was sensationally squeezed out of the world's richest ever horse race, the $3m Breeders' Cup Classic at Hollywood Park, Los Angeles, on Saturday.

Sandwiched between Wild Again and Gate Dancer, Slew O'Gold, who was allowed to run only after the successful patching-up 24 *hours* before the race of a crack in his off-fore hoof, appeared to be bumped more than once as the three horses fought out an exciting battle all the way down the straight.

The race went to Wild Again, but after a stewards' inquiry Gate Dancer was relegated to third place for causing severe interference and Slew O'Gold promoted to second, a decision which met with hoots of derision from the crowd.

Angel Cordero, Slew O'Gold's jockey, said: "We went a little wide into the first turn, but that had no bearing on the finish. It was bump, bump, bump at the top of the stretch when Wild Again was coming out and got my horse twice on the *shoulder*."

Cordero, replacing the deposed Walter Swinburn, had earlier finished second on All Along in the $2m Breaders' Cup Turf but the French champion, who ran a brave race and led for a time in the straight, lost nothing in her neck defeat by Lashari.

The winner is also trained in France, and European horses filled four of the first five places, with Bill O'Gorman's Raami finishing third and Guy Harwood's Alphabatim fifth.

Harwood's Lear Fan, considered to be England's best hope of success, got within striking distance of the leaders but could not sustain his effort and finished a disappointing seventh in the $1m Breeders' Cup Mile behind Royal Heroine, formerly trained by Michael Stoute.

Running in the colours of Robert Sangster, Royal Heroine, who joined the English-born John Gosden *in California* at the end of last year after winning two European group races, set a new American record for a mile on turf with her time of 1min 32.3sec.

Prego, also owned by Sangster and trained by Barry Hills, finished ninth of the 10 runners after a poor start. Sangster's Concen Hall, for whom David O'Brien, the Irish trainer, had booked Willie Shoemaker, was never seen with a chance in the opening $1m Breeders' Cup Juvenile.

Hailed here as the thoroughbred Olympics, the $10m Breeders' Cup series of seven championship races attracted an estimated 51,000 crowd who were joined by a nationwide television audience of 32 million in a special four-hour continuous broadcast by NBC.

BREEDERS' CUP CLASSIC (£931,034: 1m 2f dirt) 1, WILD AGAIN (P Day); 2, Slew O' Gold (A Cordero); 3, Gate Dancer (L Pincay). ALSO RAN: Track Barrow (4), Desert Wine (5), Canadian Factor (6), Precisionist (7), Mugatea. 8 ran. Hd, ½l, 5l, 8½l, ¾l. V Timphony. Pari-mutuel (to $2 stake) $4.60: places (1-2) 10.80, 3.00; show (1-2-3) 8.60, 2.20, 2.60. 2m 3.4s. Gate Dancer finished 2nd, placed 3rd.
BREEDERS' CUP TURF (£620,690: 1m 4f turf) 1, LASHKARI (Y Saint-Martin); 2, All Along (A Cordero); 3, Raami (F Toro). ALSO RAN: Strawberry Road (4), Alphabatim (5), Majesty's Prince (6), Persian Tiara (7), Gato Del Sol (8), Who's For Dinner (9) Morcon (10), Treizieme. 11 ran. Nk, ½l, 1¾l, ½l, ¾l. A de Royer-Dupre, in France. Pari-mutuel 108.80; pl 33.40, 5.80; shw 16.00, 4.40, 7.40. 2m 23.2s.
BREEDERS' CUP MILE £310,345 (1m turf) 1, ROYAL HEROINE (F Toro); 2, Star Choice (J McKnight); 3, Cozzene (W Guerra). ALSO RAN: Tights (4), Tsunami Slew (5), Tonzarun (6), Lear Fan (7) Night Mover (8), Prego (9), Smart and Sharp. 10 ran. 1½l, nk, nk, 1l, hd. J Gosden. Pari-mutuel 5.40: Pl 4.00, 35.00: Show (1-2-3) 2.80, 10.60, 3.60. 1m 32.6s.
BREEDERS' CUP JUVENILE £310,345 2-y-o colts and geldings (1m dirt) 1, CHIEF'S CROWN (D Macbeth); 2, Tank's Prospect (J Velesquez); 3, Spend a Buck (A Cordero). ALSO RAN: Script Ohio (4), Bionic Light (5), Dauphin Fabuleux (6), Concert Hall (7), Spectacular Love (8), Proudest Hour (9), Secretary General. 10 ran. ¾l, ¾l, 6½l, 2¾l, 3l. R Laurin. Pari-mutuel 3.40: Pl 2.80, 12.80: Show 2.40, 6.00, 3.40. 1m 36.2s.
BREEDERS' CUP SPRINT £310,345 (6f dirt) 1, *EILLO* (C Perret); 2, Commemorate (C McCarron); 3, Fighting Fit (E Delahoussaye). ALSO RAN: Coy (4), Princess Tracy (5), Charging Falls (6), Aras an Uachtaran (7), Tangent (8), Pac Mania (9), Explosive Wagon (10), Reesh. 11 ran. Nose, 1½l, 2½l, 1½l, ½, 3l. B Lepman. Pari-mutuel 4.80: Pl 3.80, 7.00: Show 2.80, 4.20, 2.80. 1m 10.2s.

Swinburn is suspended

Walter Swinburn was suspended for five days for causing interference on Opale after winning the £26,764 Premio Roma at the Capannelle, Rome, yesterday. Geoff Lewis' four-year-old, Yawa, ridden by Joe Mercer, was awarded the race the disqualification of Opale, who badly hampered the Italian colt, Alan Ford (Willie Carson) when the two were fighting it out inside the last furlong.

Opale came home first by one *length from Yawa*, who had a clear run all the way, with Alan Ford, who was stopped in his tracks, another two lengths back in third. Carson objected and the stewards demoted Opale to third behind the other two. They suspended Walter Swinburn for five days, to run from November 20 to 24.

Bobsline not for sale at any price

From Our Irish Racing Correspondent, Dublin

Two of the brightest stars in the Irish jumping world, *Bobsline and* Ararun, put up splendid performances at Naas on Saturday to extend their unbeaten records. Bobsline was winning his seventh steeplechase and his first handicap when defying top weight of 12st 2lb in the two-mile Maddenstown Chase.

Frank Berry was content to ride a waiting race, but a splendid jump at the third last fence saw him improve several places. He was squeezed for room between the last two jumps but, coming on the outside, was about to take a clear lead over the final jump when he shied from a photographer, losing a couple of lengths.

Berry straightened him out and, regaining his momentum, Bobsline came home a decisive winner from the consistent Fallahassa. Bobsline will be remembered by English racegoers for his marvellous battle with the ill-fated Noddy's Ride in the Arkle Trophy Chase at Cheltenham in March.

Bob Kelsey, Bobsline's owner, said on Saturday that the day after Noddy's Ride had been killed at Devon and Exeter last month, his owner, Peter Hinchliff, tried to buy Bobsline as a replacement. "I had to tell him that he was not for sale at any price, not even £100,000", Kelsey said.

FOOTBALL RESULTS AND LEAGUE TABLES FROM THE WEEKEND

First division

Arsenal	1	Aston Villa	1
Coventry City	1	Ipswich Town	0
Leicester City	2	Manchester United	3
Liverpool	1	Southampton	1
Newcastle United	2	Chelsea	1
Norwich City	3	Luton Town	0
Nottingham Forest	1	Tottenham	2
QPR	0	Sheffield Wed	0
Watford	3	Sunderland	1
West Bromwich	2	Stoke City	0
West Ham United	0	Everton	1

	P	W	D	L	F	A	Pts
Everton	14	9	2	3	28	18	29
Manchester United	14	7	5	2	27	18	26
Arsenal	14	8	2	4	29	21	26
Tottenham	14	8	1	5	28	15	25
Sheffield Wed	14	6	4	4	25	17	22
West Ham United	14	6	4	4	20	20	22
Southampton	14	5	6	3	17	15	21
Newcastle United	14	5	6	3	28	27	21
Sunderland	14	5	5	4	22	18	20
Norwich City	14	5	5	4	21	19	20
Chelsea	14	5	4	5	22	15	19
West Bromwich	14	5	4	5	22	18	19
Nottingham Forest	14	5	3	6	21	20	18
Liverpool	14	4	6	4	16	15	18
Ipswich Town	14	3	7	4	17	18	16
Aston Villa	14	4	4	6	18	28	16
QPR	13	3	6	4	19	24	15
Coventry City	14	4	3	7	12	20	15
Luton Town	14	3	4	7	17	29	13
Watford	14	2	6	6	29	33	12
Leicester City	14	3	3	8	20	33	12
Stoke City	13	1	4	8	11	29	7

SOUTH EAST COUNTIES LEAGUE: First Division Cup: second round: Orient 1, Ipswich 1; Tottenham 1, Southend 1; Chelsea 0, Arsenal 4. First Division: Gillingham 2, QPR 3; Cambridge 1, Norwich 2; Fulham 2, Charlton 2; West Ham 2, Watford 1. Second Division Cup: second round: Brentford 5, Crystal Palace 2; Swindon 3, Southend 1; Brighton 5, Luton 3. Second Division: Oxford 2, Reading 5.

FA YOUTH CUP First Round: Oldham 8, Tranmere 2.

GOLA LEAGUE: Bath 2, Barnet 1; Dartford 2, Nuneaton 2; Enfield 2, Wealdstone 0; [illegible]

Second division

Blackburn Rovers	2	Brighton	0
Cardiff City	2	Oldham Athletic	2
Crystal Palace	1	Huddersfield Town	1
Fulham	3	Wimbledon	1
Grimsby Town	5	Wolverhampton	1
Leeds United	1	Carlisle United	1
Manchester City	1	Birmingham City	0
Middlesbrough	0	Barnsley	0
Portsmouth	3	Notts County	1
Sheffield United	1	Charlton	1
Shrewsbury Town	2	Oxford United	2

	P	W	D	L	F	A	Pts
Oxford United	13	9	3	1	30	12	30
Portsmouth	14	9	3	2	23	12	30
Blackburn Rovers	14	8	3	3	28	13	27
Birmingham City	14	8	2	4	15	9	26
Grimsby Town	14	8	1	5	30	22	25
Manchester City	14	7	3	4	18	12	24
Leeds United	14	7	2	5	24	15	23
Shrewsbury Town	15	6	5	4	26	20	23
Barnsley	13	6	4	3	14	7	22
Fulham	13	7	1	5	23	22	22
Brighton	14	6	3	5	15	10	21
Huddersfield Town	14	5	4	5	15	19	19
Wimbledon	14	6	1	7	24	29	19
Oldham Athletic	14	5	3	6	17	27	18
Wolverhampton	14	5	2	7	21	28	17
Charlton	14	4	4	6	21	18	16
Sheffield United	13	3	5	5	20	23	14
Middlesbrough	14	4	2	8	17	26	14
Carlisle United	13	3	3	7	8	21	12
Crystal Palace	14	2	4	8	16	24	10
Cardiff City	14	2	1	11	17	34	7
Notts County	14	2	1	11	15	35	7

SOUTHERN LEAGUE: Premier division: Alvechurch 2, Welling 3; Bedworth 0, Fareham 1; Chelmsford 4, AP Leamington 1; Cheltenham 1, Crawley 2; Gravesend and Northfleet 4, Folkestone and Shepway 1; Hastings United 3, Gloucester 2; Kings Lynn 5, Trowbridge 0; RS Southampton 2, Corby 0; Shepshed 6, Fisher 0; Willenhall 2, Witney 2. Midland division: Alesbury 0, VS Rugby 1; Banbury 1, Leicester 0, Bridgnorth 1, Redditch 0; Coventry Sporting 1, Stourbridge 1; Hednesford 2, Sutton Coldfield 2; Merthyr Tydfil 0, Moor Green 0; Milton Keynes 1, Forest Green 5; Rushden 1, Dudley 2; Wellingboro United 0, [illegible]

Third division

Bradford City	3	Derby County	1
Brentford	2	Lincoln City	2
Bristol City	3	Bristol Rovers	0
Cambridge United	2	Burnley	3
Gillingham	2	Rotherham United	1
Millwall	3	Preston North End	0
Newport County	3	Bolton Wanderers	2
Orient	4	Hull City	5
Swansea City	1	Reading	2
Walsall	0	Bournemouth	0
Wigan Athletic	1	Plymouth Argyle	0

	P	W	D	L	F	A	Pts
Millwall	14	9	3	2	28	12	30
Bradford City	15	8	4	3	20	11	28
York City	16	8	3	5	29	21	27
Bristol City	16	7	6	3	25	18	27
Hull City	16	7	6	3	24	17	27
Gillingham	16	8	3	5	29	30	27
Rotherham United	15	7	4	4	19	14	25
Bristol Rovers	15	7	4	4	19	15	25
Doncaster Rovers	15	7	3	5	27	22	24
Bournemouth	16	6	5	5	18	13	23
Brentford	15	6	4	5	21	17	22
Walsall	15	5	7	3	20	16	22
Wigan Athletic	16	6	4	6	15	18	22
Derby County	15	6	3	6	19	18	21
Burnley	16	5	6	5	25	26	21
Reading	16	6	3	7	20	25	21
Bolton Wanderers	16	6	1	9	30	28	19
Newport County	15	4	6	5	17	18	18
Preston North End	16	5	1	10	20	39	16
Lincoln City	15	3	6	6	20	19	15
Plymouth Argyle	16	3	6	7	24	34	15
Swansea City	16	4	2	10	20	31	14
Orient	16	4	2	10	21	38	14
Cambridge United	16	2	3	11	16	31	9

Yesterday
YORK (1) 3 Houchen 2, Ford — DONCASTER (1) 1 Douglas — 8,540

LONDON SPARTAN LEAGUE: Beckton 1, Waltham Abbey 2; BROB Barnet 0, Redhill 2; Corinthian Casuals 0, Collier Row 1; Danson 1, Brimsdown 4; Pennant 1, Beaconsfield Utd 3; Swanley Town 1, *Amersham 2; Thatcham 4, Edgware 1.* [illegible]

Fourth division

Aldershot	1	Port Vale	0
Blackpool	4	Stockport County	1
Bury	2	Crewe Alexandra	2
Chester	0	Torquay United	1
Chesterfield	4	Tranmere Rovers	2
Darlington	2	Wrexham	1
Exeter City	1	Rochdale	1
Halifax Town	1	Mansfield Town	0
Northampton	4	Swindon Town	0
[illegible]			

[illegible]

Scottish premier division

Aberdeen	3	Morton	1
Celtic	2	Dumbarton	0
Dundee	0	Dundee United	2
Hibernian	2	Rangers	2
St Mirren	2	Hearts	3

	P	W	D	L	F	A	Pts
Aberdeen	13	11	1	1	33	7	23
Celtic	13	8	4	1	24	9	20
Rangers	13	6	6	1	13	4	18
[illegible]							

Scottish first division

Ayr United	1	Motherwell	3
Clydebank	1	Clyde	2
East Fife	2	Brechin City	0
Falkirk	1	St Johnstone	3
Forfar Athletic	4	Kilmarnock	1
Hamilton	1	Airdrieonians	1
Partick Thistle	2	Meadowbank	0

	P	W	D	L	F	A	Pts
Airdrieonians	14	9	2	3	25	13	20
[illegible]							

Scottish second division

Albion Rovers	1	Arbroath	0
Dunfermline	1	Berwick	1
Montrose	2	Alloa Athletic	1
Queen of South	0	East Stirling	1
Queen's Park	1	Cowdenbeath	1
Stirling Albion	1	Raith Rovers	1
Stranraer	2	Stenhousemuir	4

	P	W	D	L	F	A	Pts
Dunfermline	14	9	3	2	28	11	21
[illegible]							
Stranraer	14	5	2	7	16	22	12
Stirling Albion	14	3	5	6	18	19	11
Queen of South	14	3	5	6	20	24	11
Queen's Park	14	4	2	8	21	26	10
East Stirling	14	2	6	6	16	23	10
Arbroath	14	3	3	8	11	23	9







Leading goalscorers

FIRST DIVISION: G Bannister (QPR), 14; K Dixon (Chelsea), 14; M Falco (Tottenham), 11; E Gates (Ipswich), 11; A Heath (Everton), 11; G Lineker (Leicester), 11; G Sharp (Everton), 11; G Thompson (WBA), 11.
SECOND DIVISION: J Aldridge (Oxford), 14; W Hamilton (Oxford), 12; G Stevens (Shrewsbury) 12.
THIRD DIVISION: G Oghani (Bolton), 14; S Lovell (Millwall), 13; K Wilson (Derby), 13; A Cascerino (Gillingham), 11; S Johnson (Wigan), 11; A Walsh (Bristol City), 11; J Chandler (Bolton), 10; P Randall (Bristol Rovers), 10.
FOURTH DIVISION: A Adcock (Colchester), 15; J Clayton (Tranmere), 15; S Phillips (Hereford), 10; R Clarke (Tranmere), 9; A Mayes (Swindon), 9; J Steel (Wrexham), 9.

Jones the race

Steve Jones, the marathon world *record holder, will run in the IAC* cross-country international at Chantry Park, Ipswich on December 15. Also competing will be Julian Goater, Dave Clarke, Tim Hutchings and Eamonn Martin.

Nevin chosen

Pat Nevin, the Chelsea winger, has been named Robinson's barley water Young Player of the Month for October by a panel including Bill Nicholson, Ron Greenwood, Joe Mercer, Jackie Milburn, Stan Cullis, Bobby Collins and Mike England and chaired by Bobby Robson.

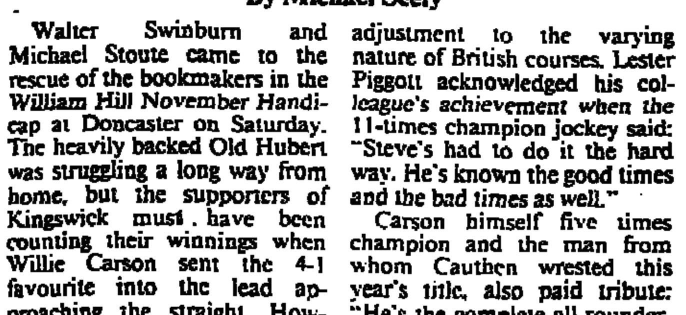
World of clay

The World Clay Pigeon Shooting championships will be held next year from May 31-June 2 at Wynyard Park, near Billingham, Cleveland, with around 300 competitors expected.

هكذا من الأصل

RACING: PIGGOTT AND CARSON PAY TRIBUTE TO FIRST AMERICAN CHAMPION FOR 71 YEARS

A great American dream fulfilled



By Michael Seely

Walter Swinburn and Michael Stoute came to the rescue of the bookmakers in the William Hill November Handicap at Doncaster on Saturday. The heavily backed Old Hubert was struggling a long way from home, but the supporters of Kingswick must have been counting their winnings when Willie Carson sent the 4-1 favourite into the lead approaching the straight. However, Swinburn was also full of confidence on Abu Kadra, who quickened entering the last furlong to win by two lengths.

Despite the starting price of 25-1, Stoute was not wholly surprised by Abu Kadra's success. "The colt had been working well and I knew he'd love the heavy ground. But as he is out of a Red God mare I couldn't be sure that he'd stay a mile and a half." Swinburn confirmed this. "I tracked Willie throughout and was always going well. But I had to wonder whether the horse would find it at the finish".

This victory gave Stoute's stable jockey no small measure of consolation for having been "jocked off" All Along by Patrick Biancone, but half an hour later his hopes of riding 100 winners in a season for the first time in his career on My Volga Boatman in the Cenotaph Stakes were foiled by Steve Cauthen on Parliament after a thrilling duel in the last quarter of a mile.

The fact that Cauthen was due to become only the ninth individual rider to win the British jockey's championship in more than 50 years, and also to become the first American to claim the title since Danny Maher in 1913, had been obvious for the past few weeks, but he was still a proud man when he said after Parlaiment's victory: "This achievement rates pretty high with me. I've had to plan it all out and work hard at it for the past few seasons."

Cauthen was a mere 16 when he collected three Eclipse Awards in the United States in 1976. The following year he rode 487 winners, earned more than $6m in prize money and was voted United States' sportsman of the year. In 1978, the year before he moved to England, he captured the American triple crown on Affirmed.

Cauthen has spent the past six years making the difficult adjustment to the varying nature of British courses. Lester Piggott acknowledged his colleague's achievement when the 11-times champion jockey said: "Steve's had to do it the hard way. He's known the good times and the bad times as well."

Carson himself five times champion and the man from whom Cauthen wrested this year's title, also paid tribute: "He's the complete all-rounder. And if he's got a weakness, I've yet to discover it." Those who watched that classic duel at Newbury in May, when Cauthen's mount Cormorant Wood and Wassl ridden by Carson dead-heated for the Lockinge Stakes, will understand the strength of Carson's feelings.

As well as being a worthy champion, Cauthen is also respected for his strength of character. His natural good manners and straightforwardness. "I don't want to be like Lester Piggott, or anyone else for that matter. I just want to go on improving myself and riding to the best of my ability."

Cauthen rode 130 winners. Pat Eddery came second in the table with 107 successes. Piggott rode 100 winners for the twenty-fifth time in his career and broke Frank Buckle's record of 27 classic winners with an inspired performance on Commanche Run in the St. Leger. However, although the maestro has recorded two more centuries than Sir Gordon Richards, Piggott is still well short of the record total of 4,870 winners ridden by the 26-times champion jockey. Of the others, Carson did remarkably well to finish on the 96 mark after losing several weeks of the season due to injury.





Henry Cecil, champion trainer, and Steve Cauthen, leading jockey, who will be teaming up for the 1985 season

Henry Cecil was champion trainer for the fifth time in the past eight seasons, saddling 108 winners of £551,939 in prize money. He was followed in the list by John Dunlop, Guy Harwood and Michael Stoute. Luca Cumani is the latest addition to the big time, having finished sixth in the list due mainly to the exploits of Commanche Run and Free Guest.

A special mention must also go to Ron Sheather for his brilliant training of Chief Singer, whose exploits enabled the Newmarket trainer to finish in the first dozen for the first time.

Robert Sangster was leading owner, also for the fifth time in the past eight years, but he was pressed hard by Khaled Abdulla, who finised under £15,000 in arrears. Other signs of the increasing Arab domination of the scene were shown by the fact that Shaikhs Mohammed and Hamdan Al Maktoum finished third and fifth respectively.

Statistics for 1984 Flat season

Jockeys

	1	2	3	unpl	mts
S Cauthen	130	107	108	436	781
Pat Eddery	107	93	72	362	634
L Piggott	100	79	72	240	491
W Swinburn	99	72	67	334	572
W Carson	97	106	99	374	676
T Ives	90	107	75	412	684
G Duffield	85	94	70	472	722
B Rouse	67	55	85	468	675
G Starkey	63	55	52	238	408
T Quinn	62	49	41	225	377

Trainers

	Horses	Races won	Value £
H Cecil	63	108	551,939
J Dunlop	52	89	516,607
G Harwood	59	93	472,378
M Stoute	62	96	434,840
W Hern	35	56	406,676
B Hills	41	58	356,083
L Cumani	30	50	346,717
D O'Brien (Ire)	1	1	227,880
G Wragg	17	22	223,153
P Cole	39	61	215,914

Owners

	Horses	Races won	Value £
R Sangster	24	31	395,901
K Abdullah	39	60	380,831
Shaikh Mohammed	54	79	359,556
L Miglitti	1	1	227,880
Hamdan Al-Maktoum	33	54	225,846
J C Smith	3	6	193,582
I Allen	3	9	179,747
Sir Robert McAlpine	3	6	177,038
E Moller	8	10	175,004
H H Aga Khan	20	34	174,651

Sires

	Horses	Races won	Value £
Northern Dancer (1961) by Nearctic	9	11	429,232
Sharpen Up (1969) by Atan	25	39	235,401
Habitat (1966) by Sir Gaylord	19	36	218,895
High Top (1969) by Derring-Do	12	21	214,192
Ballad Rock (1974) by Bold Lad (Ire)	4	8	201,739
Be My Guest (1974) by Northern Dancer	18	28	168,907
Youth (1973) by Ack Ack	3	5	160,844
The Minstrel (1974) by Northern Dancer	10	12	159,429
Run The Gantlet (1968) by Tom Rolfe	3	9	152,640
Home Guard (1969) by Forli	10	14	148,327

Wise can be on the mark again

By Mandarin

Ben Wise, the veteran Sussex trainer, who saddled Diddelo to land a handicap hurdle at the rewarding odds of 20-1 at Windsor on Saturday, could be on the mark again at Plumpton today with Russborough in the Cuckfield Novices' Hurdle.

The Polegate-trained three-year-old, who captured two miles and half handicaps in the early part of the Flat season, made his hurdling debut at Sandown Park nine days ago, but ruined his chance by swerving badly to the left at the second-last hurdle in the race won by Bigee.

Russborough was in the firing line at the time, but completely lost his momentum with that mistake and was a beaten horse when he unseated his rider, Roger Rowell, at the last flight.

Beat The Retreat, from the John Jenkins team, who finished runner-up to Bigee, six lengths behind the winner, and Brian Swift's Just Blake, fifth in the same race, renew rivalry again. However, Russborough, who relishs soft going, could prove a sporting nap if his jumping has been straightened out.

Martial Commander and War And Peace, who both opened their accounts at the last Plumpton meeting, clash in the Autumn Novices' Hurdle, but it may pay to give another chance to Brian Swift's Trumps, who was a short-price favourite to beat War And Peace, but let his supporters down when blundering badly at the fifth when Ross Campbell lost his irons.

Gavin Pritchard-Gordon, who made such a fine start to last year's National Hunt season, should take the Friends of St Francis Hospital Handicap Hurdle with Asia Minor, who ran credibly behind Janus at Huntingdon last month.

Richard Dunwoody, that capable young professional, has been booked for Milanessa in the Simpson Piccadilly Novices' Chase. This seven-year-old mare looks set to open her account if she can reproduce that good effort against Primrose Wood at Towcester recently.

Tom Tailor, who stayed on strongly to get the better of Crowning Moment at Fontwell Park last month, is expected to follow up successfully in the Injured Jockeys' Fund Handicap Chase.

At Carlisle, Gordon Richards, the Penrith trainer, has high hopes of a double with Doronicum in the first division of the Ambleside Novices' Hurdle and Pebble Island in the Keswick Novices' Chase.

As the final curtain was being dropped on the Flat at Doncaster, a fanfare of trumpets announced the fact that the 1984/5 jumping season is now in full swing at Cheltenham. Superbly ridden by Richard Linley, Half Free repeated for his jockey, his trainer, Fred Winter, and his owner, Shaikh Ali Abu Khamsin, Fifty Dollars More's 1982 triumph in the twenty-fifth running of the Mackeson Gold Cup. Unfortunately, the winner was struck into during the race and Winter reports that the injuries will keep him out of action for a month at least.

The other highlights of the afternoon were Robin Wonder's emphatic defeat of Marshall Key in the Allinson Bread Handicap Hurdle, Righthand Man's victory for Monica Dickinson in the Coombe Hill Handicap and Barnbrook Again's narrow victory over Against The Grain

PLUMPTON

GOING: Soft

1.0 AUTUMN NOVICE HURDLE (£548: 2m) (18 runners)

1 3202-p1 MARTIAL COMMANDER (CD) (C Read) C P Read 4-11-5 ... J Francome
2 004-021 WAR AND PEACE (CD) (M Hamper) D Mills 5-11-5 ... R Rowell
3 303/pp-p AIRBORNE DEAL (K Higson) A Moore 5-11-0 ... C Warren 7
4 8 ANSWER TO PRAYER (Mrs B Curley) D Thom 5-11-0 ... Mr D Murray 4
7 p-00 BERTHON GOLD (L Boakes) G Ripley 4-11-0 ... Mrs N Ledger
11 4049- GOLD OF A GUNNER (S Powell) S Mellor 4-11-0 ... G Charles-Jones 4
12 00/0042- JIMMY BOY (P Houlihan) H Beasley 5-11-0 ... M Furlong
13 004-3p3 MONIAR (J Bird) A Moore 5-11-0 ... G Moore
14 p REPAYMENT (S Grove) M Bolton 4-11-0 ... R Goldstein
[illegible]

[illegible]

1.30 INJURED JOCKEYS' FUND HANDICAP CHASE (£1,725: 2m 4f) (5)

[illegible]

1983: No corresponding race

[illegible]

FORM: [illegible] beaten 6l to River Rhein (11-6) 12 ran (Chepstow, 2m h'cap chase, good, Nov 3). NOOKIE BEAR (10-0) 4th, beaten 8l, to Morocco Bound (10-0) 10 ran (Plumpton, 2m h'cap chase, good to soft, Oct 30).
Selection: BOLD YEOMAN.

2.0 FRIENDS OF ST FRANCIS HOSPITAL HANDICAP HURDLE (£1,725: 2m) (8)

1 6lp0-00 UPPER NOTE (D) (M Owen) M O'Halloran 5-11-10 ... M O'Halloran
3 21110- ASIA MINOR (D) (Ld Derby) G Pritchard-Gordon 4-11-6 ... S Smith Eccles
4 402040- LUCKY MISTAKE (D) (G Allen) R Hodges 7-11-4 ... S Earle 7
5 100-00p LE PEARL (O Pierce) D Gandolfo 7-11-3 ... R Earnshaw
8 0p4ppp- CHARJIM (CD) (D Murrell) A Moore 6-11-1 ... Miss C Moore 7
10 114-00 THINK ON (CD) (I Campbell) I Campbell 4-10-8 ... R Campbell 4
11 043p40- TOPORI (J Pegley) S Woodman 5-10-5 ... R Dunwoody
12 29200-4 EUROLINK BOY (Eurolink Computer Services) Pat Mitchell 5-10-0 ... –

1983: No corresponding race

5-2 Asia Minor, 7-2 Lucky Mistake, 4 Eurolink Boy, 6 Le Pearl, 8 Topori, 10 Think On, 14 others.

FORM: UPPER NOTE (10-13) 10th, beaten over 25l, to Southernair (11-2) 18 ran. (Fontwell, 2m 2f h'cap hdle, soft, Nov 6). ASIA MINOR (11-3) 8th, beaten over 20l to Jennie Pat (10-12) 11 ran. Liverpool, 2m 5f hdle, good, Mar 31). LUCKY MISTAKE (11-3) unplaced to Faithful Don (11-5) 14 ran (Stratford, 2m h'cap hdle, good, May 18). THINK ON (11-7) 10th, beaten over 15l, to Too Familiar (10-0) 14 ran (Plumpton, 2m h'cap hdle, good to firm, Oct 17). EUROLINK BOY (11-0) 4th, beaten 20l, to War And Peace (11-0) 11 ran. (Plumpton, 2m nov hdle, good to soft, Oct 30).
Selection: ASIA MINOR.

Plumpton selections

By Mandarin

1.0 Trumps. 1.30 Tom Tailor. 2.0 Asia Minor. 2.30 Milanessa. 3.0 Doll Lars. 3.30 RUSSBOROUGH (nap).
Michael Seely's selection 2.0 Asia Minor.

2.30 SIMPSON PICCADILLY NOVICE CHASE (£1,853: 3m 1f) (8)

1 040321 ALUMNUS (C) (Mrs V Tait) R Hoad 8-11-0 ... NON-RUNNER
2 0-4223p BROWNTHORNE (Mrs T Bulgin) T Bulgin 8-11-0 ... B de Haan
3 0/30420- COMMANDER CHRISTY (H O'Neill) H O'Neill 8-11-0 ... A Webber
4 pp/ppu KRAKUS (Mrs T Palmer) T Palmer 8-11-0 ... Mrs P Palmer
5 up SHOW ME THE WAY (A Gawthrop) K Bailey 9-11-0 ... A Webb
6 040004- KINGMON'S GIRL (J King) J Long 7-10-9 ... R Rowell
7 4p03-22 MILANESSA (Capt G Prest) G Prest 7-10-9 ... R Dunwoody
8 04303-p SAFFRON'S DAUGHTER (G Clarke) D Gandolfo 8-10-9 ... R Earnshaw

1983: Viewed Away 8 10 10, J Lovejoy (7-2), T Clay. 8 ran.

5-4 Milanessa, 9-4 Saffron's Daughter, 4 Commander Christy, 10 Brownthorne, 14 Kingmon's Girl, 16 others.

FORM: COMMANDER CHRISTY (10-1) 7th, beaten over 35l, to Mr Snugfit (11-12) 12 ran (Southwell, 3m 110yd h'cap hdle, good to soft, Dec 15). Brownthorne pulled up latest run; earlier (10-1) 3rd, beaten 4½l, to Master Gerald (10-10) 8 ran (Dundalk, 2m 1f h'cap chase, good, Sep 5). Milanessa [illegible]

Selection: MILANESSA.



3.0 BEATRICE OAKLEY SELLING CHASE (£806: 2m) (8)

[illegible]

3.30 CUCKFIELD NOVICE HURDLE (3-y-o: £548: 2m) (18)

[illegible]

32 SUE HELEN (W White) A Moore 10-2 ... G Moore

1983: Tapiz 10 12 R G Hughes (100-30). P Mitchell. 9 ran.

2 Beat The Retreat, 11-4 Just Blake, 9-2 Tha, 5 Russborough, 10 Ask John, 12 Chazzy Girl, The Bossman, 16 others.

FORM: BEAT THE RETREAT (11-2) 2nd, beaten 6l, to Bigee (10-10) with JUST BLAKE (10-12) 5th, beaten 21l, and RUSSBOROUGH (10-10) unseated rider at last after swerving badly second last when every chance, 16 ran (Sandown, 2m Nov Hdle, good to firm, Nov 3). ASK JOHN (10-10) 8th, beaten over 25l, to Lector (11-4) 14 ran (Fontwell, 2m 2f hdle, good to firm, Sep 12). THA (10-7) 3rd, beaten 27½l, to Tigerwood (10-10) 15 ran (Plumpton, 2m hdle, good to firm, Oct 17). THE BOSSMAN (10-5) 5th, beaten 19l, to Miss Felham (9-10) 18 ran (Market Rasen, 2m hdle, good, Sep 29). BASSETT GIRL (10-5) 6th, beaten 31l, to Come On Gracie (10-8) 17 ran (Devon, 2m 1f hdle, soft, Nov 2). CAROLINE RANGER (9-9) 7th, beaten over 30l, to Life Guard (10-7) 14 ran (Taunton, 2m 1f hdle, firm, Oct 4).
Selection: Beat The Retreat.

● Robert Hughes, who broke his jaw in a fall from Double Quick Time at Kempton on Thursday, is expected to be out of action for eight weeks. He underwent a lengthy operation at Queen Mary's Hospital, Roehampton, on Saturday during which it was discovered that he had also fractured his skull.

● Mark Perrett, who injured a knee in a fall at Kempton last week, hopes to resume riding on Wednesday.

CARLISLE

GOING: soft

1.15 AMBLESIDE NOVICE HURDLE (Div I: £601: 2m 330yd) (15 runners)

1 2-00400 AQUA VERDE (B) (M Kellett) M Kellett 5-11-0 ... S Charlton
3 0 BEAU N'IDOL (E Robson) E Robson 5-11-0 ... C Pimlott
4 33P- BOARDMANS CORONET (Maj J Rubin) G Richards 6-11-0 ... J Kinane
5 P00-0 BORDER TINKER (D MacDonald) D MacDonald 4-11-0 ... M Barnes
6 BOUNTY'S CLOWN (R Shiels) R Shiels 4-11-0 ... Mr R Shiels 7
7 P/ BRAE TOP (Regent Decorators) H Johnson 5-11-0 ... Mr M Thompson 7
8 0 BULLOM (BF) (Mrs J Park) Denys Smith 4-11-0 ... C Grant
9 BUSK FUZZ (W A Stephenson) W A Stephenson 4-11-0 ... M Maguire 4
10 4220-22 DORONICUM (BF) (Ewart Engineering) G Richards 5-11-0 ... N Doughty
12 P0- GOLDISOCKS (T Robson) T Robson 6-11-0 ... Miss R Locke
16 00000-0 VICTORY MORN (Exors J Dixon) J Dixon 8-11-0 ... Mr P J Dun 4
17 03 BANNOW BURN (K Oliver) K Oliver 4-10-9 ... P Tuck
18 GREY LIL (T Ewing) R Allan 4-10-9 ... M Pepper
19 0- MILLISLES (M Morley) N Chamberlain 4-10-9 ... M Pepper
20 TAX CODE (J Ramsden) N Crump 4-10-9 ... C Hawkins

1983: Houghton Weaver 4-11-10 D Wilkinson (3-1) W Holden 9 ran.

5-4 Doronicum, 7-2 Bannow Burn, 4 Bullom, 6 Aqua Verde, 10 Boardman's Coronet, 12 Busk Fuzz, 16 others.

Carlisle selections

By Mandarin

1.15 Doronicum. 1.45 Stand Back. 2.15 Run N'Fly. 2.45 Starlight Rocky. 3.15 Pebble Island. 3.45 Tanas Performance.

By Michael Seely

2.45 STARLIGHT ROCKY (nap). 3.45 Tanas Performance.

1.45 THRELKELD HANDICAP CHASE (£887: 2m 4f) (6)

1 00-0312 POYNTZ PASS (D) (T Harty) R Fisher 9-12-7 ... J Doyle 4
3 31-0012 STAND BACK (CD) (W Crawford) W A Stephenson 7-11-10 ... R Lamb
4 112142- WEEWUMPAWUD (J Storey) J Storey 9-10-13 ... Mr C Storey 7
5 322R42- HAZY GLEN (J Graham) T Barnes 6-10-5 ... M Barnes
7 2213UP/ POLARS SMARTIE (D) (R Goldie) R Goldie 13-10-0 ... C Grant
8 014100- COMMAGH (D) (C Bird) S Leadbetter 8-10-0 ... G W Gray

[illegible]

2.15 PATTERDALE HANDICAP CHASE (£1,620: 3m) (6)

[illegible]

6 20-2233 SUCCEEDED (D) (W A Stephenson) W A Stephenson 7-10-13 ... Mr P J Dun 4
8 42P-213 CAPTAIN PARKHILL (D) (B McLean) B McLean 11-10-6 ... C Grant
10 034-332 WHO'S FREE (D) (I Pearson) J Charlton 9-10-0 ... B Storey
11 04-3041 VINY RIDGE (C Alexander) C Alexander 12-10-0 ... D Dutton

1983: Man Alive 12-10-0 J J O'Neill (7-2) R Peacock 6 ran.

9-4 Run'N'Fly, 5-2 Captain Parkhill, 3 Succeeded, 7 Who's Free, 10 Twilight, 20 Viny Ridge.

2.45 COCKERMOUTH AMATEURS RIDERS HANDICAP HURDLE (£684: 2m 330yd) (11)

1 11211-0 SOLARES (CD) (J Berry) J Berry 4-12-1 ... A Berry 7
2 F/00-142 STARLIGHT ROCKY (CD) (Miss Z Green) Miss Z Green 8-10-12 ... C Storey 7
3 40143-3 SHAW BROW (Denys Smith) Denys Smith 4-10-10 ... P Johnson 7
4 2100PP- TALLYRAND (Mrs S James) A James 5-10-10 ... –
5 002210- BLUE TARQUIN (Col Sir R Houldsworth) J Fitzgerald 5-10-8 ... P Niven 7
6 00000/1 ABERCATA (CD) (Miss J Salkeld) Miss J Salkeld 12-10-5 (10 ex) ... –
7 32012/3- ARMENISTIS (S Leadbetter) S Leadbetter 5-10-0 ... R Shields 7
8 40U000- REAY'S SONG (CD) (M Naughton) M Naughton 10-10-0 ... D Franks 7
9 22034-2 HOLLY BUOY (R Wood) Mrs G Reveley 4-10-0 ... G Harker 7
10 3312/ PART-EX (J Ratter) R Allan 11-10-0 ... K Toner 7
11 000-000 VINO FESTA (A Hambly) P O'Connor 5-10-0 ... A Hambly 7

1983: Colourful Paddy 8-10-13 Mr K Darley (11-2) G Richards 16 ran.

5-2 Starlight Rocky, 3 Solares, 5 Abercata, 6 Part-Ex, 8 Holly Buoy, 10 Blue Tarquin, Shaw Brow, 15 others.

3.15 KESWICK NOVICE CHASE (£825: 2m) (8)

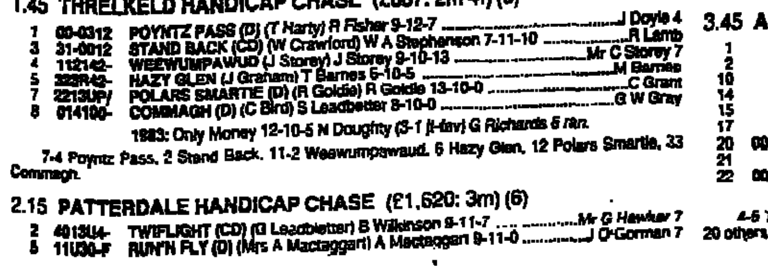
2 F330-01 THELMAS SECRET (D) (S Brown) T Barnes 7-11-8 ... M Barnes
3 0000P-F ANOTHER WAGER (Hitchens for Kitchens) R Fisher 7-11-3 ... J Doyle 4
5 0112- BROTHER GEOFFREY (G Brittain) C Thornton 5-11-3 ... D Wilkinson
8 43300/0- DUSTY ISLES (Mrs E Jestin) F Jestin 8-11-3 ... D Nolan
9 014P/4 GRAY THATCH (Mrs R Carr) C Parker 8-11-3 ... B Storey
10 P4/F-240 IMPERIAL AMBER (Mrs M Corrie) B McLean 8-11-3 ... C Grant
11 212F21- PEBBLE ISLAND (Mrs R Docchar) G Richards 5-11-3 ... N Doughty
15 FP223-3 JOYFUL STAR (Exors J Dixon) J Dixon 7-10-12 ... K Doolan 4

1983: Villierstown 4-10-1 K Jones (3-1 jt-fav) W A Stephenson 9 ran.

9-4 Pebble Island, 5-2 Brother Geoffrey, Thelmas Secret, 10 Joyful Star, 12 Imperial Amber, 14 Another Wager, 16 others.

3.45 AMBLESIDE NOVICE HURDLE (Div II: £609: 2m 330yd) (9)

1 AVON OAK (D MacDonald) D MacDonald 7-11-0 ... P Tuck
2 BRILLIANT FELLOW (Mrs M Cowan) P Monteith 7-11-0 ... D Nolan
10 3-F ROYAL LASER (R Bowden) D Moorhead 4-11-0 ... C Grant
14 03 TANA'S PERFORMANCE (Miss D Dalzell) N Crump 5-11-0 ... C Hawkins
15 00-F TARGET MAN (W A Stephenson) W A Stephenson 4-11-0 ... R Lamb
[illegible]



Saturday's results

Doncaster

1.15: 1, Almushmmir (3-1); 2, Lanve (9-1); 3, Count Colours (11-1); Rushad 2-1 fav. 13 ran. NR: Topsoil, Tangognat.

1.45: 1, Bollin Knight (13-2); 2, Mr McGregor (14-1); 3, Ernie Bilko (16-1); 4, Qualitair Flyer (12-1). Great Northern 9-4 fav. 18 ran. NR: Prince Hab, Kamoglow.

2.15: 1, Polly's Brother (11-4 fav); 2, Milk Heart (4-1); 3, Vintage Toll (7-2). 10 ran. NR: Amarone.

2.50: 1, Abu Kadra (25-1); 2, Kingswick (4-1 fav); 3, Kesiby Kavalier (10-1); 4, Lobkowiez (22-1). 23 ran. NR: The Small Miracle, Quickstep.

[illegible]

Cheltenham

[illegible]

Catterick Bridge

[illegible]

Windsor

[illegible]

2.0 1, Jugador (10-1); 2, Silver Cam (8-1); 3, Ten Bears (16-1). Benny's Boy 100-30 fav. 10 ran.

2.30 1, Diddelo (20-1); 2, Kassak (7-2 fav); 3, Applalto (8-1) 4, Look At That (9-1). 25 ran.

3.0 1, Sailor's Return (12-1); 2, Triska (4-1); 3, Weavers Loom (16-1). Straight Accord 11-10 fav. 9 ran.

3.30 1, Creeum (12-1); 2, Overaway (7-2 fav); 3, Romana Mia (6-1). 14 ran.

4.0 1, Neder (11-1); 2, Karnatak (6-1); 3, Batu (20-1). Runaway Lover 4-1 fav. 21 ran. NR: Marston Moor.

Leaders over jumps

TRAINERS

	1st	2nd	3rd	Days since win	Level stakes
J Jenkins	39	25	15	3	−32.18
G Richards	28	17	11	2	+18.67
W Stephenson	16	14	7	0	+7.72
F Winter	15	6	4	0	+10.83
D Elsworth	13	6	5	0	+42.89
D Gandolfo	11	10	9	15	−7.01
R Hodges	11	6	4	1	−16.60
S Mellor	11	1	2	0	+8.03
T Forster	10	5	5	1	+4.88
R Holder	9	9	9	3	+15.10
R Perkins	9	10	3	7	−9.23

JOCKEYS

	1st	2nd	3rd	Losing sequence	Level stakes
J Francome	52	23	16	0	+1.75
N Doughty	27	8	4	3	+10.49
C Brown	15	10	12	13	+3.53
R Earnshaw	15	12	8	4	−3.73
R Lamb	15	8	4	3	+8.67
P Scudamore	15	22	18	5	−73.10
S Smith Eccles	15	15	12	2	+23.49
G Bradley	14	11	8	0	−12.73
R Lindley	13	4	3	0	+7.85
S Morshead	13	7	10	25	−12.63
P Tuck	13	7	8	6	−22.07

Course specialists

CARLISLE

TRAINERS: C Thornton, 9 winners from 27 runners, 33.3%; G Richards, 38 from 191, 19.9%; W A Stephenson, 24 from 190, 12.6%.

PLUMPTON

TRAINERS: B Wise, 17 from 85, 20.0%; J Gifford, 30 from 157, 19.1%; J Jenkins, 20 from 121, 16.5%.

● Jenny Pitman plans to run Burrough Hill Lad and Corbiere in the Hennessy Gold Cup at Newbury on November 24.

Law Report November 12 1984

Irregularity in proceedings curable only by court

Metroinvest Ansalt v Commercial Union Assurance Co

Before Lord Justice Cumming-Bruce and Lord Justice Slade

[Judgment delivered November 21]

Where there was a technical irregularity in a step in an action, such as a failure to comply strictly with the Rules of the Supreme Court, the party who had failed so to comply was not entitled to rely on the irregular step pending the exercise by the court of its powers under Order 2, rule 2 to decide whether to kill or cure the proceedings.

The Court of Appeal so held dismissing an appeal by the plaintiffs Metroinvest Ansalt from a judgment and order of Mr Recorder Collins made on May 21, 1984 that the sum standing in court to the credit of the action be paid out forthwith to the solicitors of the defendants, Commercial Union Assurance Co.

Mr Bruce Reynolds for the plaintiffs; Mr Crawford Lindsay for the defendants.

LORD JUSTICE CUMMING-BRUCE said that by a writ dated June 30, 1982 the plaintiffs claimed under an insurance policy when their property at Hounslow was destroyed by fire.

On April 27, 1983 the defendants paid £23,500 into court in satisfaction of the plaintiffs' claim. At 4.19 pm on May 18, 1983 the plaintiffs gave notice to the defendants of the acceptance of that sum.

However, the acceptance did not comply with the provisions of Order 22, rule 3 of the Rules of the Supreme Court that the notice should be given in the prescribed form 24.

On the same day the defendants decided that they had been alerted by information they had received from scrutiny of documents received by the district surveyor that the value of the property was or might be significantly less than the value previously attributed to it.

The defendants therefore sought to withdraw the sum paid into court and the recorder exercised his power under Order 2 and allowed them to do so.

On behalf of the plaintiffs it was submitted that failure to give notice strictly complying with the form prescribed was an irregularity but that on the proper construction of Order 2 an irregular step in an action was valid *inter partes* unless and until it was set aside.

Therefore the notice of acceptance given on May 18 was a good notice and the plaintiffs would have been entitled to take the money out of court.

In his Lordship's view that construction was quite wrong. On the proper construction of Order 2, rule 1, from the moment that proceedings were tainted by irregularity through failure to comply with rules, the irregular step or document was not valid *inter partes* until the matter was brought before the court and the court decided in which way to exercise its jurisdiction conferred by Order 2, rule 1.

Order 2, rule 2 did not restrict the power of the court nor did it have any effect in continuing as valid an irregular step or document until the application under that rule was made. Accordingly the recorder exercised his jurisdiction correctly.

The next submission on behalf of the plaintiffs was that as a matter of principle the practice should be for the court to see whether any prejudice had been caused to the opposite party by the irregularity as such, and if it had not, as in the present case, the court should not contemplate setting aside the proceedings.

It was submitted that extraneous circumstances were irrelevant and the court was concerned only with the consequences of the irregularity. His Lordship did not agree with that submission.

Order 2, rule 2 was framed so as to give the court the widest possible powers in order to do justice. There was ample material before the recorder to entitle him to say that the circumstances of the case would make it quite unjust to order payment of the money in court to the plaintiffs.

Lord Justice Slade delivered a concurring judgment.

Solicitors: Chethams; Herbert Smith & Co.

Cross-examining upon assets

House of Spring Gardens Ltd and Others v Waite and Others

Before Lord Justice Cumming-Bruce and Lord Justice Slade

[Judgment delivered November 1]

In the case where the defendants to an action seemed determined to put their assets beyond the reach of the plaintiffs, the High Court had jurisdiction to order a cross-examination upon the affidavits of defendants who were subject to Mareva injunctions, for the purpose of ascertaining the true extent and location of their assets.

The Court of Appeal so held allowing an appeal by the plaintiffs, House of Spring Gardens Ltd, Armourshield Ltd and Mr Michael Sacks from an order made by Mr Justice Scott who on May 21, 1984 discharged an order made by Mr Justice Nourse on February 8, 1984 granting the plaintiffs leave to cross-examine the first defendant, Mr William Edward Waite and the second defendant, Mr Seamus Waite on their respective affidavits.

Mr Gavin Lightman, QC and Mr A. G. Boyle for the plaintiffs; Mr L. G. Kosmin for the first defendant; Mr R. W. Kirk for the second defendant.

LORD JUSTICE SLADE said that the source of the court's jurisdiction to grant Mareva injunctions was section 37 of the Supreme Court Act 1981 which gave the court power to do so if it was "just and convenient".

It was submitted on behalf of the defendants that it could not be "just and convenient" for the court to order cross-examination on a defendant's affidavit except for the purpose of determining issues which had to be determined by the court. That argument was not well founded.

The court had to see that the Mareva jurisdiction was not used as a weapon, but cases could arise where on the facts the court could take the view that to cross-examine on an affidavit was the only "just and convenient" way of achieving the purpose of the injunction by identifying the assets.

Accordingly his Lordship differed from Mr Justice Scott's view that the court had no jurisdiction to make an order for cross-examination on affidavits relating to the defendants' assets and that the order was a nullity.

LORD JUSTICE CUMMING-BRUCE agreeing, said that the Mareva jurisdiction was in many respects anomalous and the court had power to take such steps as were practical to procure that where an order had been made, the defendants identified their assets and disclosed the whereabouts of those assets, and that such steps were taken as would enable the order to have effect as completely and as successfully as possible.

There could be situations where in the circumstances of a case it would be more sensible, if only for reasons of speed and urgency, not to order further affidavits to fill a vacuum in the affidavits, but to proceed at once to order the defendants to be cross-examined on their affidavits, the purpose being to elicit with greater particularity the extent and whereabouts of their assets.

A situation often arose when it was urgently necessary for the court to intervene to prevent a defendant from frustrating the object of proceedings and an order to cross-examine upon unsatisfactory affidavits was one course which the court had jurisdiction to take. When such cross-examination took place it was entirely a matter for the presiding judge properly to control the cross-examination.

Solicitors: Philip Conn & Co, Manchester; Beachcrofts; Pocknell Crick & Co, Aldershot.

Sanctioning scheme of arrangement

In re Minster Assets plc

Before Mr Justice Harman

[Judgment delivered November 6]

The role of the court in sanctioning a scheme of arrangement under section 206 of the Companies Act 1948, when there had been changes in the directors' interests after their recommendation to the shareholders and before the shareholders' meeting to approve the scheme, was to be satisfied that no reasonable shareholder would have acted differently had the changes in shareholdings been disclosed in a separate circular.

Mr Justice Harman so held in the Chancery Division in sanctioning, subject to amendments, such a scheme.

Miss Mary Arden for the company.

MR JUSTICE HARMAN said that between the issue of the circular recommending a scheme of arrangement by the directors of Minster Assets plc and its merchant bank advisers, Hill Samuel & Co Ltd, and the date of the shareholders' meeting to approve the scheme there had been certain dealings by directors in the company's shares.

Miss Arden, having referred to *In re Dorman Long & Co Ltd* ([1934] Ch 635) to the Cohen committee's report (which led to the passing of the Companies Act 1947) and to section 207 (1) (a) of the Companies Act 1948, pressed the court to hold that the dealings in question were not such that the court should withhold its sanction to the scheme as a whole.

She had also referred to the unreported decision of Mr Justice Slade in *In re Jessel Trust Ltd*, given on July 31, 1979, where he had refused to sanction a scheme on the ground that between the issue of the circular and the approval of the scheme there had been a very substantial dealing by the company's chairman, Oliver Jessel, in the company's shares, holding that while no question of good faith arose the views of the shareholders might very well have been affected had they known of it.

In the *Jessel* case, as in the present case, the explanatory statement was entirely accurate when set out. His Lordship followed Miss Arden's argument that the circular could not possibly give details of, or be concerned with, as yet non-existent interests, but none the less he considered that the observation of Mr Justice Slade to the effect that the legislature, in enacting section 207 (1) (a), contemplated that, in general, shareholders should always be informed of the directors' material interests, was certainly the right view as to the policy which should underlie all interpretations of the companies Acts.

It was of the most fundamental importance that persons should not be given recommendations, even if made on a disclosure of true facts, if at the same time there was a covert or secret intention to alter the facts then disclosed immediately or shortly after the circular and before the relevant meeting.

Mr Justice Slade had expressed himself in two ways, in one place saying that if the circumstances were such that it might affect a shareholder's attitude, then the matter must be disclosed before a conclusive vote was taken and, in the other place, that if a reasonable shareholder, if he had known of the change of circumstances, would have been likely to take a different course, then the material changes must be disclosed.

It was quite plain that in the *Jessel* case the facts were such that a reasonable shareholder might quite likely have taken a different course and, in his Lordship's view, the reference by Mr Justice Slade to circumstances which might influence a shareholder, reasonable or not, was not the essence of his judgment, and was not a point that should trouble the court.

Miss Arden's final submission was correct, namely that the court's role was to be satisfied that no reasonable shareholder would have changed his decision as to how to act on the scheme if the changes had been disclosed.

In the result, his Lordship would sanction the scheme, subject to certain amendments, and would confirm the reduction of capital. He would give the necessary direction under section 12 of the Companies Act 1980, that the company should be registered as a public limited company although its capital would be reduced to below £50,000.

Solicitors: Freshfields.

Cross-border company

In re Baby Moon (UK) Ltd

No company registered in England should have its registered office in Scotland Mr Justice Harman said on November 6, giving leave in the Chancery Division for a petition to be served out of the jurisdiction on Baby Moon (UK) Ltd, a company registered in England, but whose registered office was at Livingston in Scotland.

HIS LORDSHIP said that it appeared that an extraordinary state of affairs existed which was never intended to be allowed by the Companies Acts.

It was the duty of the registrar to register companies in England, pursuant to section 12 of the Companies Act 1948, as amended, if the memorandum stated that its registered office would be in England. Therefore the company was correctly registered in England. The address of the registered office did not refer to any country, but merely to "Livingston".

His Lordship accepted the petitioner's submission that the court had jurisdiction under section 218 (1) of the 1948 Act to wind up any company registered in England. The certificate of incorporation showed that the company was registered in England, and that was conclusive under section 3 of the Companies Act 1980.

No company registered in England should have its registered office in Scotland.

It was right that the company should answer its obligations here, and his Lordship therefore gave leave for the relevant and necessary adjournment to serve and advertise the petition out of the jurisdiction.

European Law Report

Court of Justice of the European Communities

Residence rule not unlawful if for all

Robert Fearon and Co Ltd v The Irish Land Commission

Case 182/83

Before Lord Mackenzie Stuart, President and Judges O. Due, C. Kakouris, U. Everling, K. Bahlmann, Y. Galmot and R. Joliet

Advocate General: M. Darmon

[Judgment delivered November 6]

A residence requirement imposed by a member state for the purposes of exemption from compulsory purchase measures and which applied equally to its own nationals and to those of the other member states did not amount to discrimination which might offend against article 52 of the EEC Treaty.

The Irish Land Commission decided to acquire compulsorily land owned by the appellant, Fearon and Co Ltd, a company registered under Irish law. Section 32 (3) of the Land Act 1933, as amended by section 35 of the Land Act 1965, provided that the Irish Land Commission could not exercise its powers of compulsory acquisition against persons who had resided for more than one year on or within three miles of the land concerned or against bodies corporate all of whose shareholders fulfilled the same requirement.

All of the five shareholders of the appellant company were British nationals none of whom met that requirement.

The company was not therefore allowed to avail itself of the exception but, following its submission that the residence requirement was incompatible with the principle of freedom of establishment laid down by article 58 of the EEC Treaty, the Supreme Court of Ireland stayed the proceedings and referred the question for a preliminary ruling under article 177 of the EEC Treaty.

In its judgment the Court of Justice of the European Communities held as follows:

Since Fearon was an Irish company for the purposes of article 58 of the EEC Treaty, it could not claim in Ireland the benefit of the right of establishment granted to companies formed under the laws of the other member states.

The question raised by the Supreme Court of Ireland sought to ascertain, however, whether nationals of other member states who had exercised their right of establishment in Ireland under article 52 by participating in the formation of a company within the meaning of article 58 could be required to meet a residence requirement.

That question must be answered in the affirmative if the obligation to reside on or near land was imposed by a member state, within the framework of legislation concerning the ownership of rural land, both on its own nationals and on those of the other member states and was applied to them equally. A residence requirement so delimited did not in fact amount to discrimination which might be found to offend against article 52.

On those grounds the court ruled that:

Article 52 did not prevent a member state from making exemption from compulsory acquisition measures adopted under legislation governing the ownership of rural land subject to a requirement that nationals of other member states who had taken part in the formation of a land-owning company reside on or near the land if that residence requirement also applied to nationals of that member state and if the powers of compulsory acquisition were not exercised in a discriminatory manner.

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We can't promise everyone who rings an instant solution, but we don't believe that there's an Agency in London that could do better.
DID YOU KNOW THAT *ECCO* ARE AMONGST THE HIGHEST PAYERS FOR TEMPS?

Whether it's for WP Operators; audio or copy typing, a telephonist, receptionist or legal sec. vacancy if we haven't exactly what you want, you could earn more simply by temping with us, just until the right job turns up for you.

Now what better Christmas bonus could we offer than that?

For a preliminary interview call Elaine Crawley on 01-439 8311

ECCO EMPLOYMENT AGENCY LTD.

SNR SH/SEC
£9,000

To assist Snr Director of City investment house. Good work record and experience in City environment. Plush offices, 2 mins Liv St. BUPA, bonus, NCP's, free life ins. Call Mrs Hayes, CVs welcome.

ACME APPTS,
158 Bishopsgate, EC2
01-247 9701

FRENCH/ENGLISH spk exp. Export clerk. E15. £8,000. Language Staff Agy 486 8922.

SPANISH/ENGLISH spk exp PA. English sh. £8,600. Language Staff Agy. 486 8922.

CREME DE LA CREME

PARTLY PR!

Interesting, varied secretarial job. Working for charming director of non-commercial promotional org. Audio/typing and some S/H and will learn WP. Duties include helping him with sporting events as well as general company secretarial work. Someone bright, intelligent and personable. 20's, early 30's. £8,000 to £8,500 AAE. SW1.

Tel: Mrs Byzantine
222 5091

NORMA SKEMP
Personnel Services
(opp St James Pk Tube)

Ask Alfred Marks

URGENT

SHORTHAND SECRETARY

A super boss is in need of a shorthand secretary with skills 100/60. You should have a good general education and a lively sense of humour. Experience of audio and the Wang WP would be helpful. In return he'll pay you a salary of £7,500+, 5 weeks holiday p.a. To find out more phone Liz Berth-Jones.

AUDIO SECRETARY

A fast accurate audio/secretary is sought by two good humoured *managers who need someone (pref age 28–40) to organise them* and get totally involved. Must have sales background. A salary of £7,350 is being offered with a bonus at Christmas and a 7% rise in January. Phone Liz Berth-Jones on 486–1576 now for more details.

TOP CLASS SECRETARY/PA required for recently formed company in communications field W.1.

If you are literate with excellent shorthand and typing skills and you would like more involvement than an ordinary typing/clerical job offers, this could be the job for you.

We have dramatic growth plans and are looking for someone who wishes to progress along with them.

In the first instance write to:

Paul Bridge, MSPR.
2 Goodge Street, London W1P 1FF.

SKI SUPERTRAVEL

are looking for special people to fill their

LAST TWO VACANCIES IN THE ALPS
WINTER SEASON – DECEMBER 1984 to APRIL 1985

Resort Representative/Ski Companion — You must speak fluent French and have enough Skiing experience to double up as a Ski Guide.

Chalet Girl/Representative — A German speaker capable of taking on the responsibilities of a Rep as well as acting as a Chalet Girl.

Remuneration includes board and lodging, ski pass, travel out and back, full insurance cover.

If you are between the ages of 24 and 30 and are hardworking and willing and able to take on responsibility, please contact our:

ALPINE OPERATIONS DEPARTMENT ON: 01-589 5161

NORTH OXFORDSHIRE ADMINISTRATIVE SECRETARY

The opportunity has arisen in a small successful Executive Recruitment and Counselling Consultancy for a versatile Senior Secretary. 'A' level English is essential as is previous commercial experience at Director Level and an intelligent, sympathetic personality. Age 28-40. Excellent salary & benefits. Please telephone 01-493 5787 or write in confidence to:–

GORDON YATES LTD
35 Old Bond Street, London W.1
(Recruitment Consultants)

ASPIRING P.A. ....

Rare opportunity to gain experience at the highest level in a prestigious International organisation. Main Board Director seeks a Professional Secretary to work with his P.A. and assist in the smooth running of an exceptionally busy office. For this important responsible role with an interesting subject matter you should be 20+ with at least one years experience (100/55). Starting at £7,500 you will receive 2 early reviews and an excellent benefits package. Contact Barry Eaglestone.

Price·Jamieson & Partners Ltd
Telephone 01-631 1541

BE IN FASHION

to £8,000

A very well known fashion company, retailers of very up to the minute clothes, seeks a Secretary to an executive. You'll need to be very well organised as you screen his calls, liaise with clients and management on his behalf and help set up and attend fashion shows. Excellent benefits offered. 100/60 skills needed.

PERSONNEL SECRETARY

£8,000

Do you have a personnel related background? If so, the personnel department of a well known firm of management consultants would like to meet you. This position is 60% administrative as you help organise their graduate recruitment, organise temporary staff and look after new recruits. You should have a bright, outgoing personality and 80/60 skills.

01-236 3712 City
01-499 8070 West End

Elizabeth Hunt
RECRUITMENT CONSULTANTS

INVOLVEMENT IN THE CITY

£8,000++

If you enjoy complete involvement in a small office environment where you'll be trusted and appreciated, read on! The secretary to 2 partners of this friendly Australian stock broking firm in EC3 should be presentable, pleasant and poised, be 21-25, have skills of 80/60 with ideally some WP experience. You will handle a wide variety of duties in your very busy day. Salary £8,000 + overtime + excellent bonus + good benefits.

STELLA FISHER
110 STRAND WC2 01-836 6644
Recruitment Consultants

... its appreciation of the sterling efforts during the year of our loyal staff, especially that nice temporary typist we took on for a week last June ...'



Bernadette of Bond St.
Recruitment Consultants
No.55. (next door to Fenwicks)
01-629 1204
FOR EXEMPLARY TEMPORARIES

PARAGONS ONLY PLEASE – £12,000

The particular paragon we are looking for is well educated, poised and able to cope with long hours, often under pressure. Our client, small dynamic and rapidly expanding Investment company, seeks a Secretary/PA to work as part of their team with a direct responsibility to the Senior Partner. The atmosphere is stimulating and the position demands excellent skills (100/60 minimum). Experience in banking/investment. The job involves many and varied responsibilities, demanding absolute discretion and a sense of humour and client contact at a senior level. Luxurious offices near Liverpool Street. Age 25-30. Excellent package includes salary of £12,000.

Tel: 01-606 1611

Senior Secretaries
Recruitment Consultants

Who's the Fairest ...?

Circa £12,500

The energetic American president of this successful retail chain needs an efficient Secretary to assist him in his role. His work flow is heavy and the US and European trips constantly undertaken create fluctuations which his Secretary must be flexible enough to carry.

If you get things right the first time, have speeds of 100/60 (+ audio), want a W1 location, and are aged between 26 and 40, please apply.

Telephone 629 9686
West End Office

ANGELA MORTIMER
A Secretarial Recruitment Consultancy

BIJOUTERIE CONTEMPORAINE

to £14,000

A top W1 firm of exclusive contemporary jewellers seeks a bilingual executive secretary to their director. You should be extremely well presented with a good standard of education. You will become very involved in all areas of the business including sales. You should have perfect written and spoken French and 100/60 skills. A jewellery or fashion background would be a great asset. Aged 27-40.

INTERESTED IN CURRENT AFFAIRS?

£10,000 neg

Then join this privately funded research organisation as PA/Secretary to the Director. They publish books and reports on their findings, and so an interest in economics or current affairs will be needed in order to become very involved in all areas of their work. Training given on the latest word processor. 100/60 skills needed.

Elizabeth Hunt
RECRUITMENT CONSULTANTS
23 College Hill London EC4
Telephone 01-236 3712

SECRETARY

VICTORIA
c£8,500 pa

Established Oil Company seeks a capable shorthand typist. 21-35 years for their Marketing division. Will train on word processor. Interesting and varied duties. Speeds 100/60 essential. Good promotion prospects.

VERONICA LAPA 01-937 6525

CENTACOM

PA SECRETARY

Required for Finance Director

Candidates must have accurate shorthand and typing, word processing experience and be numerate. Though there is a fair proportion of routine work, the ideal candidate will be able to demonstrate drive and initiative. The position includes some secretarial duties for the administration manager. Please reply with C.V. to Elizabeth Fraser, Hamish Hamilton, Garden House, 57-59 Long Acre, WC2 9JZ.

THE STARS COME OUT ON...

Junior Sec to become involved with "The Champions" required by fun young co. Lots of telephone liaison with overseas clients. Team spirit a must! Accurate typing more important than speed, age 19+, sal. £6,000-£6,500. Please call now. 493 9441.

MAYFAIR APPOINTMENTS

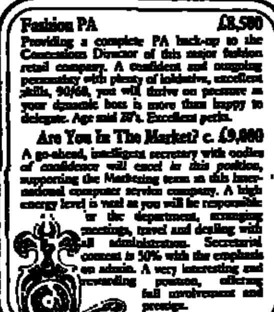
ADVANCE IN ADVERTISING KNIGHTSBRIDGE

You'll have every chance to get on and prove yourself in this famous advertising agency in the heart of Knightsbridge. Working in the chairman's suite means that you'll be totally involved in the running of the agency and your calm agreeable personality and poise will make you a valued member of his small team. Excellent shorthand and good typing are essential, whilst age is immaterial. Beautiful offices.

SALARY UP TO £6,500 + BONUS AND GOOD PROFITS





Fashion PA — **£8,500**

Providing a complete PA back-up to the Concessions Director of this major fashion retail company. A confident and outgoing personality with plenty of initiative, excellent skills, 90/60, you will thrive on pressure as your dynamic boss is more than happy to delegate. Age mid 20's. Excellent perks.

Are You In The Market? c. £9,000

A go-ahead, intelligent secretary with oodles of confidence will excel in this position, supporting the Marketing team at this international computer service company. A high energy level is vital as you will be responsible for the department, arranging meetings, travel and dealing with all administration. Secretarial content is 50% with the emphasis on admin. A very interesting and rewarding position, offering full involvement and prestige.

Handle Recruitment
Secretarial Consultants in the communication and commercial fields.
2nd Floor 10 New Bond Street
London W1Y 9PF
Telephone 01-493 1184

DEAL WITH GERMANY IN ST ALBANS

£8,000 +++ neg

A trading company which has considerable dealings with Germany has two exciting jobs for PA/Administrators with 5-6 commercial experience who are *career minded and aged 30+.* One with English shorthand/typing speeds of 80/50 and fluent German. The successful applicant could be expected to travel to Germany if necessary. They also need someone with English shorthand/typing speeds of 80/50 who is hard working and dynamic. No languages are needed for this post.

174 NEW BOND ST, W1

International Secretaries
01-491 7100

Sensitivity £10,000

Sensitivity and sensibility are the keynotes to this delicate PA position in W1. You will be working for an extrovert mid 40's Chartered Accountant who holds the balance of power between the revenue comers and management. He requires subtle organisation and the ability of a PA to give him a total admin and secretarial back up in a discreet but effective manner. A busy job with lots of opportunity for sheer involvement if you are a Secretary who is a real professional. 100/60 wpm. Age 25-30 years.

499 9175

MacBlain Nash
Recruitment Consultants
18 Hanover Square, London, W1
(3 minutes Oxford Circus)

P.A./SECRETARY FOR STOCK BROKERS

£10,000 neg

A mature well groomed secretary 35-45 is sought for this well known firm of stock brokers in WC1. If you've discretion, have a sense of humour and have skills of 100/60, you will enjoy easing the work load of this senior executive. He will delight in you coping with his problems and generally organising his time. Excellent benefits.



GREGARIOUS?

£9,500 + PACKAGE

Do you enjoy working in prestigious surroundings and meeting people? If so, this leading international executive search consultancy needs you. Working for 3 consultants, your responsibilities include senior level liaison, travel and social arrangements, greeting visitors, answering telephone and fast audio typing (60 wpm). Immaculate appearance combined with charming personality and excellent educational background to 'A' level essential. WP experience helpful (training given). Age 24–30. Benefits include free lunch and bonus.

Please call 434 4512

Crone Corkill
Recruitment Consultants

JCR JANE CROSTHWAITE RECRUITMENT LTD

DESIGN, SW1

French £10,000 neg

Our client, the MD of a leading specialist interior design showroom needs a PA with fluent written and spoken French. Fast typing, rusty shorthand, good administrative skills and an accomplished phone manner essential. Age 25-40.

Please call
Harriet Middleditch

21 Beauchamp Place SW3
Tel: 01 581 2977

WEST END ART DEALERS

Experienced secretary required with good shorthand and accurate typing. The applicant should also be numerate. A knowledge of French and/or German would be useful.

STARTING SALARY £7,500

Apply Box 2910Y
THE TIMES

FILMS!

£6,500

Super 2nd Jobber for MD. Good sec skills, confident personality to liaise with producers, distributors. Wonderful variety and exciting environment for a film buff!

01-730 5148

(Rec. Cons.)
JAYGAR

MUSIC IN MIDDLESEX. £8,600. A well known company connected to the music industry seeks a secretary to their Sales Promotion Manager. You'll need a strong confident personality and 80/55 skills. Benefits include free car park. Please telephone Elizabeth Hunt Recruitment Consultants 499 8070 (West End) or 236 3712 (City).

PERSONAL ASSISTANT

Age 25+ for Director General of Trade Association, W1.
Salary £7,000+.

Please telephone:
SALLY ANNE BLAKE
01-493 6699
(No Agencies)

PA/SECRETARY TO DIRECTOR

to £9,500

The highly successful Director of this new Management Consultancy needs a confident, cheerful, PA/Sec with excellent skills – 100/60. He is very dynamic and there are excellent prospects for the company. The spacious offices are part of a beautifully restored Adam house in a lovely garden square very convenient to Warren Street tube station. Non-smoker preferred. Age 24-40. Please telephone 01-493 5787.

GORDON YATES LIMITED
35 Old Bond Street
London, W1
(Recruitment Consultants)

EDITORIAL Secretary/Assistant

£7,000–£7,500

Tip top opening for publishing Secretary (with S/H) and experience in Editorial or Production Depts. You must be well organised, unflappable and interested in Illustrated Books covering travel guides, atlases and consumer interests, books of reference. Early/mid 20's. Interview now, begin New Year.

Covent Garden Bureau
53 FLEET STREET EC4
01-353 7696

SWITCHED ON £10,000

Fast thinking, self-motivated, project-oriented secretary with good skills (100/60) required by large EC1 Co. Initially working for the Chairman and MD, you would soon be responsible for specific large scale projects requiring initiative and Admin ability.

439 7001 (West End)
377 8600 (City)

Secretaries Plus
The Secretarial Consultants

JUST BEFORE CHRISTMAS

If you are seeking a career move just before Christmas then this is the time to come in and see us. If, on the other hand you wish to wait until after Christmas we could be happy to see you now so that we can ensure you are off to a flying start in the New Year.

01-236 3712 City
01-499 8070 West End

Elizabeth Hunt
RECRUITMENT CONSULTANTS

ADVANCE INTO PROPERTY OR PR

Enthusiastic, socially poised and hard working? If so, we have two exciting opportunities for 2nd jobbers with good skills (90+/60). One working for two dynamic, young executives in a prestigious property company near Berkeley Sq. and one with a successful public relations organisation in W1, working as a right hand for two busy executives. Both jobs offer scope for involvement within small, friendly teams using your initiative and charm. Age 20-23. Salary ranges £7,500-£8,000 + benefits.

Ring 434 4512.

Crone Corkill
Recruitment Consultants

PA/SEC Mid 20's

£8,000 + fringe benefits

(100/60) marketing. Interesting position for applicant with lively, outgoing personality. JUNIOR SEC (2nd Jobber). £6,500 + fringe benefits. (100/50). Good educational background and friendly personality needed to work for young executive. Both positions offer an excellent opportunity to join superb merchant bank in City.

Phone 734 3768 or 437 3476
133 Oxford Street, Rec Cons

Miller/McNish

PUBLISHING £7,500. This is a developing role as a secretary to the Business Manager and Art Director in the Special Books Section of this prestigious publishing company EC4. 40% administration to include adhoc projects, diary arrangements and client liaison. Ideally 18 months secretarial experience. A-level education and accurate typing (55 wpm), shorthand useful but not essential. Contact Carol Daniels, 01-631 1541. Price Jamieson and Partners Recruitment Consultants.

PUBLISHING SECRETARY – Working with people who create beautiful books, this job offers interest & involvement you must be organised, confident enjoy responsibility have excellent typing audio and a little shorthand. Friendly colleagues, small team, 5 weeks annual leave. £7,500 pa. Hendersons Recruitment 370 5066.

JUNIOR SECRETARY/Receptionist, age 19+ for friendly co in WC1. Flexibility essential when you become involved in telex, switchboard, reception and secretarial duties. They'll give you training on WP too! And an interest in cooking would be ideal! Salary £6,500. Ring Stella Fisher Bureau, 836 6644.

COLLEGE LEAVER SEC? Interested in PR, Marketing, and Advertising? Join a small young and dynamic company in Covent Garden, where you will have the opportunity to learn, be fully involved and develop your secretarial and communicative skills. You will possess polish, panache and a sense of humour, and accurate typing skills. £5,000 to £5,500. 01-631 1541. Contact Janette Palfrey, Price Jamieson and Partners Recruitment Consultants.

WELL ORGANISED? If you have good secretarial skills involving telex, are well spoken, smartly dressed with good organisational abilities, a well known furrier in the West End needs you! Age 32-42. £9,000 neg. 439 7001 West End. 377 8600 City. Secretaries Plus. The Secretarial Consultants.

£8,500, WELL PRESENTED PA for busy MD of technical consultancy. Sales-marketing background an advantage. No shorthand but Telex and WP knowledge helpful. Age 26-32. Smart appearance and good telephone manner. 439 7001 West End. 377 8600 City. Secretaries Plus. The Secretarial Consultants.

THEATRE WORLD, artiste management, famous character merchandising, advertising, & publishing – a rich selection of well paid secretarial openings. Interviews now, begin soon or New Year. Covent Garden Bureau, 53 Fleet St, EC4. 353 7696.

MATURE SECRETARIES (28-45) – If you would like to become involved in something worthwhile we have several jobs that are both interesting and unpressurised, with friendly people and pleasant surroundings. Skills 90/60. £6,500-£7,500. Call Angela Mortimer Limited 629 9686.

ARTISTIC PUBLISHING

Career Prospects

Literate PA/Assistant needed to work with Director of Museum and Publishing Company specialising in arts publications. Degree or 'A' level education will enable you to take advantage of the career prospects offered in this position. Commonsense, a cheerful disposition and good sh/typing skills essential. Salary up to £8,000. Preferred age 22-30.

Susan Beck
TEMPORARY & PERMANENT RECRUITMENT
10 BEAUCHAMP PL. SW3. 01-584 6242

PUBLIC RELATIONS PA/SEC with S/H for high profile top peoples business organisation commenting widely on Events of the day. Good team atmosphere for 24+ Sec to £9000. Covent Garden Bureau, 53 Fleet St. EC4, 353 7696.

PERSONNEL exp Sec/PA (sh not ess) with an interest in WP, who also enjoys people, contact and admin, sought by leading publishing house. c. £8,000 + 28 days hols. Ring 581 1254 (9-1pm) or 661 1701 (4-7pm). Watton Staff Consultants.

SECRETARY/PA to Group Marketing Exec.

£9,000 p.a.

Senior position has become available in this International company. Working for an executive in his 40's. You will be responsible for organising seminars, hotels and meetings. Dealing with people like ambassadors of European countries. Shorthand / typing requirements. 90/60wpm. Age 28-40.

PRIME PERSONNEL
637–8922

LEGAL SECRETARY

£8,500 neg

for newly created post in oil company, WC2. Duties will include assisting young Solicitor with proposals, agreements and dealing with international government depts. Wang word processor, good shorthand and typing preferred. Excellent working conditions.

VERONICA LAPA 937 6525

CENTACOM

Receptionist/ Secretary

An experienced unflappable receptionist/secretary is urgently sought by a leading hairdressing & beauty company based in W1. The successful candidate will possess a high standard of personal presentation and secretarial ability. However the essential requirement is the ability to cope under pressure in an often hectic environment.

Please telephone:
01-629 2085
For an application

PA TO CHAIRMAN

Not afraid of a challenge! If you want real involvement and job satisfaction, this highly successful but often demanding Chairman of a computer leasing company in EC4 needs a calm, flexible and well organized PA. In addition to your secretarial duties, you will plan his busy travel schedule (he flies his own helicopter) and assist in the company's sponsorship of motor racing events. Fast audio typing essential, rusty shorthand and WP helpful. C £9,500. Age 25-35.

Please ring 588 3535

Crone Corkill
Recruitment Consultants

KEEP YOUR HEAD ...!

£9,500+

Do you possess presence, enjoy pressure and want prosperity? If so, join this successful expanding Commodity Brokers in SW1. Working for an experienced trader, you will take charge of his travel, diary and international telephone liaison. For the right person there is ample opportunity for involvement by monitoring shipments and invoices and direct client contact. Skill of 100/60 and a team spirit necessary. Superb offices and benefits. Age 22+.

Please ring 434 4512

Crone Corkill
Recruitment Consultants

SW1 – Consultants

c £9,000

Ace PA needed by charming partner. Client liaison and admin are part of busy day in this lively, expanding office. Good sec skills essential, non-smoker, 25+.

01-730 5148

(Rec. Cons.)
JAYGAR

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ad venture

YOUNG SECS IN ADVERTISING

We've three new jobs in ad agencies – ideal for 2nd jobbers. Good sh/typing please. To £7,500.

Please ring Gillian Hecklet at the agency.
Telephone 01-499 8882

NO SHORTHAND in Publishing! lively job for bright well educated young sec dealing with leisure interest books with a marketing slant to your work. Free lunch. To £6,500. Covent Garden Bureau, 53 Fleet St. EC4. 353 7696.

JUNIOR TYPIST/PERSON Friday required for busy professional office in West End. 30 wpm minimum. Suit school/college leaver. Must be well presented. Tel: Jane Rossiter, 437 0775.

ADVETISING c£8,000 + bonus. International agy urgently require an excellent organiser for prestigious clients. Strong personality needed to assist executive. gd sh/typing. 495 6241 New Image Rec Cons or after 7pm 908 4680.

ADVERTISING c£7,600 + bonus with your ability to handle clients as a PA/Sec. 3 extrovert client handlers need your personality urgently. 80 s/h OK. 495 6241 New Image Rec Cons or after 7pm 908 4680.

£8,500, SENIOR SEC. 28-40, required to work for taxation manager of W1 hotel group. Minimum skills 100/60 + ability to work in highly confidential environment. 439 7001 West End. 377 8600 City. Secretaries Plus. The Secretarial Consultants.

JUNIOR EDITORIAL SEC – with s/h & audio for well known publishing house. If your'e 20+ looking for c. £6,000. Contact us today. Covent Garden Bureau. 53 Fleet St. EC4. 353 7696.

POLITICS SW1. Hyper active young Conservative needs your organisation and social skills and excellent shorthand. Age range 28-40. c£9,000. Hendersons Recruitment 370 5066.

FRENCH GRADUATE (English mother tongue standard) required by travel company in south Kensington. Administrative position. Good typing skills. German an advantage. Call Anne on 589 2212.

PSYCHOLOGY PROFESSOR (absent minded?) needs personal S/H sec liaise with Tutors and Post-Grads and everyone really! 6 weeks hols to £6,700. Covent Garden Bureau. 53 Fleet St. EC4. 353 7696.

HISTORY! HISTORY!! Educated Shorthand Sec with sense of humour for lively history university dept. 6 weeks' hols. To £6,700. Covent Garden Bureau. 53 Fleet St. EC4. 353 7696.

INTERNATIONAL CO are looking for a top Sec to work in their modern W. End offices. You need to have a finance background + good S/H & Typ. Excellent benefits £9,000. Call Gillie, JTI, Rec Cons on 628 7181.

GERMAN bilingual Director's sec (Eng S/H) to assist export business in St Albans. Sec duties + order processing, telephone liaison & translation work. £9,000 neg. R. J. Recruitment. 493 6446.

GERMAN Sec/Receptionist for int. Bank. German mother tongue standard, with good typing essential. £7,000. Paragon Language Consultants. 580 7086.

ITALIAN SPKG PA/Sec (audio) for responsible post in overseas sales dept of property co. Fluent lang for client liaison and translations. To £8,500. R. J. Recruitment. 493 6446.

LIVELY INDEPENDENT wine Merchants seek adaptable young Secretary for 2 Directors. CV to Haynes, Hanson & Clark, 17 Lettice Street, SW6. 01-736 7878.

SEC WITH WORKING KNOWLEDGE French/Spanish/English S/H for MD of ins. group EC3. £9,500 + profit share NCPS. Bupa. Woodhouse Rec Cons. 434 4646.

INVENTIONS A MARKETING COMPANY

Secretary/Receptionist

required, age 23-35, as part of small, busy team in new expanding business. Good secretarial skills essential and knowledge of word processing helpful. Career prospects.

Phone 01-930 0590

WORD PROCESSING TRAINING

Training available on Adler, AES, Diamond Digital, IBM Displaywriter, Wang, Wordplex, Wordstar & Xerox 850. Days, evenings or weekends. Job finding service also available.

Phone or write to:
Sally Atkinson,
Abberton Training Centre,
5 Great Queen Street,
London WC2B 5BR.
Tel: 01–405 7201

EXPERIENCED SECRETARY

Required by Director of public company based in the West End of London. Very good terms and conditions offered.

Please apply to:

01–839 5200

RECEPTIONIST/ SECRETARY

For small specialist consultancy. We are looking for someone easy going and adaptable to help in our new Haymarket offices. Ideal position for 2nd Jobber with good typing and shorthand skills who is willing to learn WP. Salary c.£6,500 + Bupa and pension scheme.

PLEASE RING BRIDGET ON
01-491 4008

ART GALLERY

BELGRAVIA

Requires dedicated PA / Secretary, knowledge of modern British Art combined *with administrative efficiency.* Apply in writing with CV to Parkin Gallery, 11 Motcomb Street, SW1X 8LB.

BLOOMSBURY SQUARE SMALL ARCHITECTS OFFICE

Require experienced Secretary (shorthand preferred). Interesting job with pleasant team in nice offices. £7,500.

01-242 9123
Mr Butterworth

SAILS IN HAZE

£8,500

PA/Sec, aged 30-35, for dynamic Sales Executive of highly successful international computer company in Hayes. Shorthand essential. WP/computer experience an advantage. Total involvement with all aspects of departmental organization at senior level.

439 7001 (West End)
377 8600 (City)

Secretaries Plus
The Secretarial Consultants

ADVERTISING, PUBLIC RELATIONS, INTERNATIONAL BANKS, MARKETING, DESIGN, PUBLISHING

We are looking for excellent personal assistants, secretaries, copy typists, receptionists, computer ops. Requirements are good skills, intelligence plus bubbly personalities; salaries from £6,000 – £10,000. We have many vacancies to fill urgently.

Phone for advice
Lindy James or Kate Wood 828 3775

Vision Appointments Limited

CHAIRMAN'S SECRETARY PA

25-40 — **£11,000**

The Chairman of a large international company needs someone with a good education and shorthand skills to work for him in their superb offices near Charing Cross. 40% administration here including liaison with senior executives in other companies, so good speech presentation and tact are essential. For further details call:

583 0813/0819
Taylor James Associates
(Personnel Consultants).

Super Secretary Wanted

for Computing and Consultancy Co.

A very interesting position. Salary according to a.a.e.

Call Tracy on
01–631 6781
(no agencies)

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ad venture

PA to Ad Agency Chairman

Agency experience and excellent sh skills and audio please for busy and dynamic Chairman. £9,000.

Please ring Gillian Hecklet at the agency.
Telephone 01-499 8882

ADVENTURE PERSONNEL LIMITED
63 South Molton Street London W1Y 1HH
Telephone 01-499 8882

RICHMOND £9,500. Forget about commuting and join an international American company as PA to the president of European Operations. He is setting up a brand new office and will be spending half his time in Europe, therefore he will rely on you to be his link in London and help set up the office from scratch. Shorthand is not needed but you should have 60 wpm. typing ability and previous experience of a word processor. Please telephone Elizabeth Hunt Recruitment Consultants, (West End) 499 8070. or (City) 236 3712.

£12,000 + PACKAGE An English Rose complexion, top level personal grooming and social awareness are the major requirements for the position of travelling Assistant to a Professional International businessman. A European language important, plus sound Secretarial skills. Age 26-32. 439 7001. West End. 377 8600 City. Secretaries Plus. The Secretarial Consultants.

also on page 25

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17

Educational

Educational Courses

University Appointments

Tempting Times

HORIZONS

The Times guide to career choice

In his (or her) own write

You need to be *dedicated – is* the warning Ivo Tennant gives to would-be journalists

"You want to be a writer?" John Mortimer's father said to him. "My dear boy, have some sort of consideration for your unfortunate wife. You'll be sitting around the house all day wearing a dressing-gown, *brewing tea and stumped for* words."

in a way it was sound advice, though Mortimer fortunately did take it – mixing his words with the law during a distinguished career as a barrister and playwright.

Writers and journalists working from home generally experience a feeling that soggy tea bags outnumber the completed pages of A4 paper. Yet *still they* are not deterred from a profession which can lurch from inactivity to hyperactivity, from conviviality to loneliness, from glamour to boredom, has no rigid career structure, odd hours, and is not generally well paid.

So why become a journalist? Many want to do nothing else. And they are the ones who go down well at interviews. Leo Simmonds, training *manager of Express Newspapers*, emphasised that when he talks to young men and women he questions their resolve. With jobs few and far between at any level of the profession

Their funeral . . . or yours

(some prefer to call it a trade) interviewers naturally favour applicants whose desire to be journalists is absolute.

The conventional way to begin a career as a newspaper journalist is to join a local paper. A minimum of five 'O' levels are required. National newspapers, save in exceptional circumstances, do not take on beginners. This is partly because the National Union of Journalists main*tain that if there were to be in-house* training in Fleet Street, jounalists would not be recruited from the provinces, and partly because deadlines dictate there is scant time for training in Fleet Street.

So the trainee must expect to learn his craft as a cub reporter, covering funerals, council meetings and flower shows. He or she is indentured to the newspaper for three years. In return the paper is obliged to finance training in shorthand, newspaper law and other areas of journalism. This is carried out by the National Council for the Training of Journalists, who also run pre-entry courses.

More than a third of the 400 trainees recruited by newspapers each *year start in this* way. *Virtually all* secure jobs at the end of their courses.

Whereas over the past three years graduates have comprised 40 per cent of newspaper trainees, they now make up 75 per cent of the current intake into magazines, and almost all of those who go directly into radio and television. This year ITN received 600 applications, mainly from holders of degrees, for just two trainee positions.

Graduates, not unnaturally, opt for the quickest route to jobs of national standing. It is understandable that a *bright person of 22 or 23 might* be deterred from a newspaper career by having it faced with the prospect of spending two and a half years in the provinces.

Tim Heald, a successful Fleet Street journalist, recalls: "When I left university I had edited three student magazines, worked for a month in the *Daily Mirror's* London office and contributed to several national magazines and papers. I agree I was thoroughly arrogant, but I simply did not see the point of spending two or three years as a local reporter.

"*This* insistence on *provincial* journalism as a qualification can push attractive candidates towards radio or television.

Journalism is primarily the communication of news and comment. Thus the most important attribute for a prospective journalist is to be able to write good English. In the past the NCTJ placed more emphasis on the need for persistence, determination, and being able to deal with "ordinary folk" – which implies the reporter should talk down to the man in the street – than on an ability to write. The NCTJ put all their candidates for pre-entry places through an English test and the failure rate is high, admits Alec Newman, director of the NCTJ.

Persistence and determination are obviously useful qualities for a journalist to possess. The Periodical Publishers Association's definition of journalists is: "They are inquisitive, they have the urge to pass on information obtained, and they understand the use of words or pictures." In magazine, provincial and Fleet Street journalism I have, however, come across journalists who have had little interest in some of their work. The urge they had was to write a good story, and to write it well.

Journalists are an amalgam of the human race. It is impractical to pigeon-hole them. What does the Arts *Editor of The Times have in common* with the *Daily Mirror's* crime reporter?

Despite one's misgivings over whether the most gifted should have to spend time in the provinces and one's doubts about the efficacy of examining trainees in such an idiosyncratic profession as journalism, the NCTJ organize a proficiency test for newcomers who begin in the provinces – the place where most journalists work.

Training in magazine journalism is primarily instruction from other members of staff. IPC, who like applicants to have undertaken some journalistic work – even if it is merely contributing to a student newspaper – run courses for their trainees in copy preparation, sub-editing (revising articles and writing headlines), law, layout and design, printing processes, research, interviewing and writing.

The normal entry into radio and journalism is via a newspaper or to take a course and go on to a local radio station. The BBC, who have founded their own local radio trainee scheme, stipulate that grounding.

The industry is on the decline

There are 12 courses open to applicants in England, Scotland and Ireland, organised by JACTRJ, the joint advisory committee for the training of radio journalists. Most combine radio and television tuition, last a year and cost between £250 and £500. Again, it is best to have had some experience of university or hospital radio.

Just as openings in newspapers have decreased, so radio newsrooms are cutting back on jobs.

The National Council for the training of journalists is at: Carlton House, Hemnall Street, Epping, Essex.

University Appointments

Prep & Public Schools

University Appointments

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He that despiseth his neighbour sinneth: but he that hath mercy on the poor, happy is he. Proverbs 14: 21.

BIRTHS

BANAY. On November 7 in Boston, Mass. to Alexandra (nee Sharpe) and Ronald – a daughter (Rachel Frances) a sister for Sophie.

COSNETT. On 1st November 1984 to Kathleen (nee Birts) and Brian a daughter, Lucy Anne.

HASMAN. – On November 9th at Leicester General to Judith and Christopher – a son (Christian).

HEELAS. – On 2nd November at St Mary's Hospital, Portsmouth to Marian (nee Powell) and David – a son (Robert George).

MARRIAGES

DEATHS

MEMORIAL SERVICES

CADBURY – PAUL S A memorial meeting will take place in the Friends Meeting House, Bull Street, Birmingham, on Tuesday 27th, November at 3pm.

LILLINGSTON – A memorial service for Mr Charles Lillingston will be held in the Harrow School Chapel on Tuesday 20th November at 4.30pm.

IN MEMORIAM

CATHLESS (LAWRENCE) – **ARTHUR.** Late denizen of Swan Court. Remembered with love on his birthday by his many friends.

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TV Researcher would be interested to hear from any mothers whose babies were born on December 25, 1983, and anybody who assisted with delivery of babies on that date. – Box 1946 L The Times

W.H. SMITH, Brent Cross, have the splendid Pop-Up Kama Sutra.

SIR HUGH CASSON P.R.A. and Anthony Green R.A. will be signing copies of their books in the Royal Academy of Arts Shop on Tuesday ...

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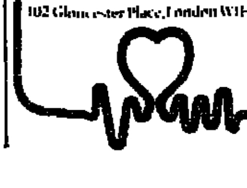
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Re SHANE BUILDERS LIMITED
By order of the High Court dated the 3rd February, 1982, Neville Eckley, FCA, of 10 Bramley Hill, South Croydon, has been appointed Liquidator of the above-named company without a committee of inspection.
Dated 6th November, 1984.

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ENTERTAINMENTS

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CELEBRITY CONCERT
Carlo Bergonzi, Wed 8.15.

THE ROYAL BALLET
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THEATRES

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BUSH THEATRE 743 3388. WHEN I WAS A GIRL I USED TO SCREAM AND SHOUT by Sharman Macdonald. Ton't 7pm.

هكذا من الاصل

Today's television and radio programmes

Summaries by Peter Dear and Peter Davalle

BBC 1

6.00 Ceefax AM. News headlines, weather, traffic and sports bulletins.

6.30 Breakfast Time with Selina Scott and Nick Ross. News at 6.30, 7.00, 7.30, 8.00 and 8.30 with headlines on the quarter hours and at 8.59; sport at 6.40 and 7.40; regional news, weather and traffic at 6.45, 7.15, 7.45 and 8.15; a review of the morning papers at 7.18 and 8.18; horoscopes at 8.33. Plus Lynn Faulds Wood's consumer affairs slot.

9.00 Lyn Marshall's Everyday Yoga. Part one of a series of yoga movements designed to refresh the body (r). 9.10 Food and Drink (r). 9.40 Ceefax. 10.30 Play School, presented by Carol Chell, Iain Lachlan and Stuart Bradley (r). 10.50 Ceefax.

12.30 News After Noon with Richard Whitmore and Frances Coverdale. The weather prospects come from Ian McCaskill 12.57 Regional news (London and SE only: Financial report followed by news headlines with subtitles).

1.00 Pebble Mill at One presents the first in a series of film profiles of the six finalists in the Youth In Business Award. Plus music from Matt Munro and Hilary James's 'Sew Easy' course 1.45 Pigeon Street (r).

2.00 The World of Cooking. From Mexico where Joaquin Guzman, chef of the Hotel Continental in Mexico City prepares the best in Mexican cuisine (r) 2.25 See Hear! Magazine programme for the hard-of-hearing (r).

2.50 Helen Bradley. The late artist talks about the incidents in her childhood that were the inspiration of her paintings (r).

3.05 Songs of Praise from Portsmouth Cathedral (r) (Ceefax) 3.48 Regional news (not London).

3.50 Play School, presented by Liz Watts 4.10 The Hunter. Cartoon series 4.15 Jackanory. Peter Davison reads part one of The Sheep-Pig, by Dick King-Smith 4.30 Laurel and Hardy. Cartoon (r) 4.35 Dungeons and Dragons 4.55 John Craven's Newsround.

5.00 Blue Peter with details of the 1984 appeal (Ceefax) 5.35 Gloria goes out on her first date since her separation but finds it difficult to relax (Ceefax) 5.58 Weather.

6.00 News with Sue Lawley and Nicholas Witchell.

6.30 London plus.

6.55 Harty. Russell Harty's guests include Art Garfunkel, Clive James, Mike Harding and Billie-Jo Spears.

7.40 Get Set Go! Fast moving word game.

8.10 Panorama presented by Fred Emery. Justice Under Fire is a report by Peter Taylor on the security forces in Ulster who are finding themselves increasingly alienated from the Nationalist minority in the Province.

9.00 News with John Humphrys.

9.25 Film: The Janitor (1981) starring William Hurt, Sigourney Weaver, Christopher Plummer and James Woods. Thriller about the murder of a Vietnamese in his Manhattan office. The caretaker of the building and his odd friend are questioned by the police and, in a spot of bravado, claim that they know something about the man's death. This sets the victim's aides and the real murderer on their trail. Directed by Peter Yates (First showing on British television).

11.05 Film 84. Barry Norman with news and reviews of, among others, Red Dawn, Hotel New Hampshire and offerings from the 28th London Film Festival.

11.33 News headlines.

11.35 Sparks. The last programme in the series on enterprising young people (r).

12.00 Weather.

TV-am

6.25 Good Morning Britain, presented by Anne Diamond and Nick Owen. News with Gordon Honeycombe at 6.30, 7.00, 7.30, 8.00, 8.30 and 9.00; sport at 6.39 and 7.37; guests, Frank Carson and Billy Jo Spears, from 6.45; exercises at 6.46 and 9.20; the day's anniversaries at 6.51; Popeye cartoon at 7.22; Eurythmics pop video at 7.45; astrology at 8.15; Jimmy Greaves's television highlights at 8.34; financial advice at 8.47; a discussion on premenstrual tension at 9.06.

ITV/LONDON

9.25 Thames news headlines. 9.30 For Schools: A canoe on the Canadian waterways. 9.47 Learning to read with Basil Brush. 9.59 A day in the life of a market stallholder. 10.12 Science: frogs, butterflies and plants. 10.32 Understanding television. 11.02 Darkness and nocturnal creatures. 11.20 Maths: points of view. 11.38 A visit to the Chateau de Montgeoffroy.

12.00 Tickle on the Tum. The story of a village, with Ralph McTell and Penelope Keith. 12.10 Lets Pretend to the tale of The Garden Wall 12.30 Circles of Power. Part two of the series deals with who holds the power in France. Appearing on the programme are Mme Simone Veil and Dr Theodore Zeldin.

1.00 News at One with Leonard Parkin 1.20 Thames news from Robin Houston 1.30 Film: The Bishop's Wife* (1947) starring Gary Grant, David Niven and Loretta Young. Grant plays an angel who comes to Earth at the request of a Bishop (Niven) who thinks he has lost touch with his flock and his wife (Young). Directed by Henry Koster.

3.25 Thames news headlines 3.30 The Young Doctors. Medical Drama series.

4.00 Tickle on the Tum. A repeat of the programme shown at noon 4.15 Rub a Dub Dub. A musical version of the nursery rhyme, Little Bo Peep. 4.20 He-Man and Masters of the Universe. Cartoon series. 4.45 The Coral Island. Adventure serial.

5.15 Emmerdale Farm.

5.45 News. 6.00 Thames news.

6.25 Help! Viv Taylor Gee with news of a new campaign called CHIPS – the Campaign for Handicapped Independance in Propelled Chairs.

6.35 Crossroads.

7.00 Automania, presented by Julian Pettifer. The second programnme in the series about man's love affair with motor cars contains reminiscences from some of the earlier drivers from Australia, Britain, France and the United States, including the world's oldest driver – a 102-year-old countess (Oracle).

7.30 Coronation Street.

8.00 Rising Damp. Rigsby... bolstered with advice from Philip, goes a-wooing the reluctant Ruth once again (r).

8.30 World in Action: the Politics of Starvation. A documentary that goes behind the reason for the feuds that have resulted in aid being denied Ethiopia in the name of the Cold War.

9.00 Quincy. Gang warfare leads the pathologist into conflict with the police.

10.00 News at Ten.

10.30 Hammer House of Mystery and Suspense: Black Carrion, by Don Houghton. An investigative journalist discovers the reasons behind the mysterious disappearance of two Sixties pop singers.

11.55 The Bounder. Comedy series starring George Cole and Peter Bowles (r).

12.25 Night Thoughts.

George Melly: chairman of Gallery (Channel 4, 6.30pm)

● You would be right to fear the worst when, during the opening credits for GALLERY (Channel 4, 6.30pm), the fine arts panel game, someone defaces the Mona Lisa with a moustache. Fortunately, this is the beginning and end of such nonsense. From then on, the rival teams have to identify whole paintings from a detail, and there are brief and illuminating exchanges of views about both the works and the artists. The chairman, wearing his art lover's hat (see my photograph) is the writer, critic and jazz singer George Melly. He does not, however, physically wear his hat tonight. Equally unusually for him, he is seated. Less unusually, he sports an outrageous jacket, with wide Henley Regatta stripes. The game's overall mood is appreciative (of the works of art) and respectful (of, and between, the panellists). But

CHOICE

there are one or two spiky moments, and they involve Maggi Hambling, artist in residence at the National Gallery. Scarcely has the actress Jill Bennett spoken disparagingly of the "monstrous" people in Toulouse Lautrec's paintings (specifically the uninhibited woman in *Au Rat Mort*) than Miss Hambling icily advances the opinion that far from being an ugly creature, all that is wrong with Lautrec's woman is that she had had a couple of drinks. And when everybody else is trying hard not to be dismissive about Gilbert' and George's *Speakers*, extruding vegetable vomit, Miss Hambling strikes out unilaterally and brands the canvas as fascist, boring and banal, and says of the painters that they were just out for the money

● THE ALGERIAN WAR (Channel 4, 9.00pm), Peter Batty's remarkable series about the bloody, eight-year conflict, tonight concentrates on the torture of prisoners. It includes an astonishing defence of such "interrogation" by a former French Army colonel who says that it did, at least, lack the character of torture in the Middle Ages which was designed to bring about physical and moral changes in the victim. Such a fine distinction was probably lost on those Algerians who were electrified until their eyes popped out of their sockets, and suspended upside down while their "interrogators" fanned their limbs with flames.

Peter Davalle

BBC 2

9.00 Ceefax.

9.15 Daytime on Two: Skills at a keyboard. 9.38 Job sharing. 10.00 Young children's favourite drink. 10.15 Music: tempo. 10.38 Social History: Alan Plater's; Man Made The Slave. 11.00 How tides and winds affect our coastlines (Ceefax). 11.23 Think about: shadows. 11.42 A discussion on the points of view that separate the East and the West. Among those taking part is Michael Binyon of *The Times*.

12.00 How to handle landlords and homelessness. 12.35 Coal and oil deposits. 1.00 Industry in India. 1.31 Ceefax. 1.38 Improvements in Scotland's health and housing since the 1900s. 2.00 Words and Pictures. 2.18 Discovering Oxygen. 2.40 Music: early instruments. Ends at 3.00.

3.10 The Shogun Inheritance. The first of seven films, narrated by Julian Pettifer, that examine Japan and the Legacy of the Samurai. This afternoon's programmes covers the Edo period – from 1603 to 1868 (r).

3.50 The Grand Age of the Garden. A study of the great gardens that were designed in the 19th century (r).

4.40 Spotlight. Spike Milligan talks about his career (r).

5.25 News summary with subtitles.

5.30 Hey Look ... That's Me! Chris Harris goes training with 12-year-old marathon runner, Cheryl Paige and investigates stock-car racing for the under-16s.

6.00 Film: Caprice (1967) starring Doris Day and Richard Harris. Comedy about a career woman who is accused of selling cosmetics secrets to a rival firm. Directed by Frank Tashlin.

7.35 Ken Hom's Chinese Cookery. Lesson three and Mr Hom demonstrates braised spicy aubergines.

8.00 To the Manor Born. Audrey helps Richard catalogue his collection of china but when a piece is mislaid Richard suspects the worst (r).

8.30 Lame Ducks. Comedy series about a man who wants to get away from it all but finds it impossible to shake off a collection of odd charcters.

9.00 Laugh ? ? ? I Nearly Paid My Licence Fee. A comedy series in A Kick Up the Eighties mould, starring Robbie Coltrane, John Sessions, Ron Bain and Louise Gold.

9.25 Horizon: Picking Winners, presented by Nick Ross and Kieran Prendiville. A special studio debate on the growing technology gap between Britain and countries like the United States and Japan, caused by lack of funding.

10.20 Frank Delaney. He discusses homosexuality and literature, past and present, with Julian Mitchell, Alison Hennegan and Adam Mars-Jones.

10.55 Newsnight.

11.40 Buongiorno Italia!. Lesson three of the Italian conversation course. Ends at 12.10 (r).

CHANNEL 4

2.35 Vietnam: The Ten Thousand Day War. Part four of the Canadian-made series on the causes of the Vietnam War covers the period after the partitioning of the country when thousands of refugees fled from the north to live under President Diem's regime in the south.

3.00 The Late Late Show. The first of a new series of an edited edition of one of Dublin's most successful television programmes.

4.00 A Plus 4. Discussion, music and interviews.

4.30 Countdown. This week's word and numbers competition begins with the reigning champion, Peter Evans from Coventry; being challenged by Stephen White of Chichester.

5.00 Alice. Mel decides to sell his old car to his staff, but changes his mind when he receives a higher offer.

5.30 Black and White and Read All Over. The first of a new series about books for children, presented by Dona Croll and Michael Rosen.

6.00 Counting On. Fred Harris explains how percentages work and how they are used to calculate interest rates and VAT (r).

6.30 Gallery. Art quiz, chaired by George Melly, in which two teams have to identify pictures from a fragment of the canvas. Appearing on tonight's programme are Jill Bennett, Patrick Procktor, Maggi Hambling, Frank Whitford and two students – David Gwinnutt from the Middlesex Poly and Alex Thompson from Brighton (see Choice).

7.00 Channel Four News with Peter Sissons includes a discussion on today's mini-Budget with one of its authors, Peter Rees, chief secretary to the Treasury.

7.50 Comment. With his view on a matter of topical importance is writer Philip Oakes.

8.00 Brookside. Bobby tries to make Barry see the error of his ways but what started out as a piece of friendly advice ends up as fisticuffs. Meanwhile, Harry snoops round the nurses' house

8.30 Fairly Secret Army. Part four and Major Truscott is still without any other recruits in his enlistment campaign for an army to take over when the raving lefties and feminists rule the country. And the health food shop he uses as a front for his activities is beginning to take up too much fo his time. Starring Geoffrey Palmer and Diane Fletcher.

9.00 The Algerian War. The second episode of the five-part series covers the period of the so-called Battle of Algiers (1956-7) (see choice).

10.00 St Elsewhere and Dr Ehrlich finally marries Roberta.

10.55 The Eleventh Hour: Decent Exposure. The first of three programmes based on intimate and revealing interviews with men.

12.00 Closedown.

Radio 4

On long wave. † denotes stereo on VHF.

5.55 Shipping Forecast. 6.00 News briefing; Weather. 6.10 Farming Weekly. 6.25 Prayer for Today.

6.30 Today, including 6.30, 7.30, 8.30 News Summary. 6.55, 7.55 Weather. 7.00, 8.00 News. 7.25, 8.25 Sport. 7.45 Thought for the Day.

8.35 The Week on 4: A look ahead.

8.43 Ian Skidmore in the BBC Sound Archives. 8.57 Weather; Travel.

9.00 News.

9.05 Start the Week with Richard Baker and studio guests.†

10.00 News; Money Box: Financial Matters. With Louise Botting.

10.30 Morning Story: "The Darkness Out There" by Penelope Lively. Read by Mary Wimbush.

10.45 Daily Service (NEM, page 13).

11.00 News; Travel; Down Your Way visits Todmorden in West Yorkshire (r).

11.48 Poetry Please! The presenter: Kingsley Amis. The readers: Barbara Jefford and Martin Jarvis.

12.00 News; You and Yours.

12.27 Anything Legal (new series): "A Tale of Two City Gents" by Wally K. Daly.† 12.55 Weather.

1.00 The World at One: News.

1.40 The Archers. 1.55 Shipping Forecast.

2.00 News; Woman's Hour. A special live outside broadcast edition from the Belfast Festival at Queen's University. The guests include Robert Morley and Elaine Delmar.

3.00 News; The Afternoon Play: "Almost Time for School" by Gordon McKerrow. With Andrew Sachs and Margot Boyd. Comedy about the impact of new technology on school life (r).†

4.30 One Man and His Bog. Fourth part of the unheroic tale of Barry Pilton's encounter with Britain's most arduous walk, the Pennine Way.

4.40 Story Time: "Let the People Sing" by J. B Priestley. Abridged in 13 parts. 6: First Appearance. Read by Enn Reitel.

5.00 PM: News Magazine. 5.50 Shipping Forecast. 5.55 Weather.

6.00 The Six O'Clock News; Financial Report.

6.30 The News Quiz. The news of the past seven days examined by some of the people who helped to write it (r).

7.00 News.

7.05 The Archers.

7.20 Science Now. A weekly review of discoveries and developments in the world of science and technology.

7.50 Influences. Carole Stone and Bernald Rutherford in conversation with Edna O'Brien and Frederic Raphael.

8.15 The Monday Play: "Swimmer" by Christopher Russell. With Julian Firth, Tilly Vosburgh and John Rowe. Joint winner of the 1983 Radio Times play competition. The story of a handicapped boy who develops an obsessional love of water (r).†

9.15 The Lord Mayor's Banquet: Coverage of the traditional in honour of the retiring Lord Mayor of London. Includes a speech by Mrs Thatcher.

10.00 Kaleidoscope: Trader Faulkner, currently touring with his one-man show Lorca, evokes the controversial and colourful life, plays and poetry of the Spanish writer.

10.15 A Book at Bedtime: "Some Do Not" by Ford Madox Ford. Abridged in 15 parts (6). 10.29 Weather.

10.30 The World Tonight, including 11.00 News Headlines.

11.15 The Financial World Tonight.

11.30 Today in Parliament.

12.00 News; Weather. 12.33am Shipping Forecast.

VHF (available in England and S. Wales only). Radio 4 vhf is as above except: 5.55-6.00am Weather; Travel. 11.00-12.00, 1.55-3.00pm For Schools. 5.50-5.55 PM (continued). 11.00-11.30 Study on 4: People's Theatre. 7: The Scope of Non-Professional Theatre. 12.30-1.10am Schools Night-time Broadcasting. Lifetime: Coping with Pressure. 12.30 Be at Ease with Yourself! 12.50 Think Well of Yourself!

Radio 3

6.55 Weather. 7.00 News.

7.05 Morning Concert; part one. Handel's Concerto a due cori No 3 in F; Mozart's Flute C Quartet in A, K 298 (Barthold Kuijken, flute); Alonso Mudarra's Conde Claros; Luis de Narvaez's Mille regrets de Josquin; Arthur Benjamin's Harmonica Concerto (Tommy Reilly, soloist). †

8.00 News.

8.05 Morning Concert: part two. Bach's Sonata in C minor for violin and continuo, BMV 1024 (Goebel, violin); Hasselmans's Chanson de Mai (Susan Drake, harp); Britten's The Prince of the Pagodas, Prelude and Dances. †

9.00 News.

9.05 This Week's Composers: Villa-Lobos and Ginastera. Villa-Lobos's Bachianas Brasileiras No 2; and Ginastera's Variaciones concertantes.

10.00 Debussy's Piano Music: John York plays L'isle joyeuse; D'un Cahier d'esquisses; Page d'album; Le petit negre; Estampes.

10.35 Orchestral music Transformations. Weber's overture Turandot; Hindemith's Symphonic Metamorphosis of themes by Weber; Strauss's Metamorphosen for 23 solo strings.

11.30 Scottish Season: Brian Bannatyne Scott (baritone) with Richard Honner (piano). Songs by Loewe (Tom der Reimer), Franz; and Brahms (Murrays Ermordung).

12.05 Ulster Orchestra (under Kraemer). With Alexander Baillie (cello). Schumann's Cello Concerto; and Haydn's Symphony No 45.

1.00 News.

1.05 BBC Lunchtime Concert: with Young Uck Kim (violin) and Staffay Scheja (piano). Mozart's Sonata in G, K 301; Beethoven's Sonata in A Op 47.

2.00 Music weekly: presented by Michael Oliver. Includes a 70th birthday conversation with Jorge Bolet; and a feature about the letters of Gabriel Faure (r).†

2.45 New Records: Rimsky-Korsakov's suite: Christmas Eve; Bach's Italian Concerto (Pinnock, harpsichord); Mendelssohn's String Quartet in E flat Op 12 (Coull Quartet); Rachmaninov's Piano Concerto No 2 (Ousset, soloist); and Sibelius's Symphonic Poem Tapiola.†

4.55 News.

5.00 Mainly for Pleasure: another of Natalie Wheen's selections.†

6.30 Music for Organ: Alan Harverson plays Brahms's Choral Preludes (Book 2). Introduction and Passacaglia in D minor.†

7.15 Scottish Season: Scottish Canvas. Richard cork talks to artists, teachers, dealers and curators in an exploration of the condition of contemporary Scottish painting.

8.00 BBC Scottish SO in Poland (conductor Jerzy Maksymiuk). Part one. With Nan Christie (soprano), Linda Finnie (mezzo), Adrian Thompson (tenor), Michael Rippon (bass). Scottish Philharmonic Singers. Mozart's Symphony No 40. Recorded in Church of St Peter and St Paul, Krakow. †

8.40 Love and Literature: last of Carole Rosen's programmes about Edward Garnett and writers. Tonight: Garnett and D H Lawrence. Readers: William Squire and Kenneth Cranham.

9.00 Concert: part two. Mozart's Mass in C minor K427.

10.00 Bartok Transcriptions: Gyorgy Sandor (piano). Frescobaldi's Toccata and Fugue in G major and minor; Domenico Zipoli's Pastorale della Claia; Primo tempo (Sonata in G); Bach's Trio Sonata No 6 in G major. BWV 530.†

10.30 Catching Thoughts: Professor Colin Blakemore in conversation with Professor Pier Roland, of the Bispebjerg Hospital in Copenhagen.

11.00 Scottish Season: New Music Group of Scotland. With Kathleen Livingstone (soprano). Copland's Sextet; William Sweeney's The Heights of Maccu Piccu; Edward McGuire's Interregnum. †

11.57 News. Until 12.00.

Radio 2

On medium wave. † denotes also VHF stereo

News on the hour. Headlines 5.30 am, 6.30, 7.30 and 8.30.

4.00 am Colin Berry. † 5.30 Ray Moore. † including 6.15 Pause for Thought. 7.30 Terry Wogan † including 8.31 Racing 8.44 Pause for Thought. 10.00 Russell Harty with news, views and music. † 12.00 pm Steve Jones † Lunchtime music, including 1.05 Sports Desk. 2.00 Gloria Hunniford † including 2.02, 3.02 Sports Desk. 3.30 Music All The Way. † 4.00 David Hamilton † including 4.02, 5.02 Sports Desk. 6.00 John Dunn † including 6.02 Sports Desk. 6.45 Sports and Classified Results (MF only). 8.00 Alan Dell with Dance Band Days and Big Band Era. † 9.00 Humphrey Lyttleton with the Best of Jazz. † 9.55 Sports Desk. 10.00 Don't Stop Now – It's Fundation. 10.30 Star Sound. Nick Jackson plays soundtrack requests. 11.00 Brian Matthew presents Round Midnight direct from Belfast (stereo from midnight). 1.00 am Bill Rennells presents Nightride. † 3.00-4.00 Folk On 2 Jim Lloyd introduces Ossian and Common Thyme. †

Radio 1

On medium wave. † denotes also VHF stereo.

News on the half hour from 6.30 am until 9.30 pm and at 12 midnight.

6.00 am Adrian John. 7.00 Mike Read. 9.00 Simon Bates. 12.00 pm Gary Davies including 12.30 Newsbeat. 2.30 Steve Wright. 5.00 Bruno Brookes including 5.30 Newsbeat. 7.30 Janice Long. 10.00-12.00 am John Peel. VHF Radios 1 & 2 4.00 am With Radio 2. 10.00 pm With Radio 1. 12.00-4.00 am With Radio 2.

WORLD SERVICE

6.00am Newsdesk. 7.00 World News. 7.09 Twenty-Four Hours. 7.30 Sarah and Company. 8.00 World News. 8.09 Reflections. 8.15 Nineteen Eighty-Four. 8.30 Anything Goes. 9.00 World News. 9.09 Review of the British Press. 9.15 Waveguide. 9.25 Good Books. 9.40 Look Ahead. 9.45 Peebles' Choice. 10.00 News Summary. 10.01 Science In Action. 10.30 Music Now. 11.00 World News. 11.09 News About Britain. 11.15 Gemini To Jo'Burg. 12.00 Radio Newsreel. 12.15 Just A Minute. 12.45 Sports Round-up. 1.00 World News. 1.09 Twenty-Four Hours. 1.30 Hollywood's Oscar Nights. 2.00 Outlook. 2.45 Not So Much A Hobby. 3.00 Radio Newsreel. 3.15 A Word In Edgeways. 3.45 Music In The Age Of Chivalry. 4.00 World News. 4.09 Commentary. 4.15 Sweet Soul. 4.30 Images Of Britain. 4.45 The World Today. 5.00 World News. 5.09 Book Choice. 5.15 My Music. 8.00 World News. 9.15 Gemini To Jo'Burg. 9.30 Rock Salad. 10.00 World News. 10.09 The World Today. 10.25 Book Choice. 10.30 Financial News. 10.40 Reflections. 10.45 Sports Roundup. 11.00 World News. 11.09 Commentary. 11.15 Sweet Soul. 11.30 Just A Minute. 12.00 World News. 12.09 News About Britain. 12.15 Radio Newsreel. 12.30 Sarah And Company. 1.00 News Summary. 1.01 Outlook. 1.30 Short Story. 1.45 Roots And Branches. 2.00 World News. 2.09 Review of the British Press. 2.15 Network UK. 2.30 Sports International. 3.00 World News. 3.09 News About Britain. 3.15 The World Today. 3.30 John Peel. 4.00 Newsdesk. 4.30 Incredible Flautists. 5.45 The World Today.

(All times in GMT)

BBC 1 WALES. 12.57-1.00 News of Wales Headlines. 3.48-3.50 News of Wales Headlines. 5.35-5.58 Wales Today. 6.30-6.55 Grange Hill. 12.00-12.05am News and weather. SCOTLAND. 10.50-11.10Gioma Gochd. 12.57-1.00 The Scottish News 6.30-6.55 Reporting Scotland. 6.55-7.05 Party Political Broadcast (Scottish National Party) 7.05-7.40 Open to Question. 12.00-12.05 News and weather. NORTHERN IRELAND. 12.57-1.00 Northern Ireland News. 3.48-3.50 Northern Ireland News 6.30-6.55 Inside Ulster. 12.00-12.20 Festival Notebook. 12.20-12.25 News and weather. ENGLAND. 6.30-6.55 Regional news magazines.

S4C Starts 1.00pm Countdown. 1.30 Alice. 2.00 Ffenestri. 2.20 Yr Efeillaid. 2.35 Daearyddiaeth. 2.55 Interval. 3.00 Late, Late Show. 4.00 A Plus 4. 4.30 Let's Parlez Franglais. 4.45 Cadwgan. 5.00 Eitem Ddirgel. 5.05 Ysgolorlaeth. 5.35 Human Jungle. 6.30 Fo A Fe. 7.00 Newyddion Saith. 7.30 Arolwg. 8.00 Treasure Hunt. 9.00 Torri Gwynt. 9.30 Y Byd Ar Bedwar. 10.00 Frame with Davis. 10.30 Just Sex. 11.15 Gallery. 11.40 Karen Armstrong. 12.10am Closedown.

TVS As London except: 1.20pm News 1.30 Film: Washington Mistress. 3.15 Afternoon Club. 3.27-4.00 Take the High Road. 5.15-5.45 Sons and Daughters 6.00 Coast to Coast 6.40-7.00 Airmail 10.30 Film: Play Dirty (Michael Caine). 12.35am Company, Closedown.

REGIONAL TELEVISION VARIATIONS

HTV WEST As London except: 1.20pm News. 1.30-3.30 Film: International Lady* (George Brent). 5.15-5.45 Blockbusters. 6.00-7.00 News. 10.30 River Parrett. 11.00 Streets of San Francisco. 12.00 Steps Ahead – Copenhagen Live. 12.30 Closedown.

HTV WALES As HTV West except: 6.00pm-7.00 Wales at Six. 10.30 Crown Green Bowls. 11.30-12.30am Streets of San Francisco.

GRAMPIAN As London except: 1.20pm News. 1.30-3.30 True as a Turtle (John Gregson). 5.15-5.45 Emmerdale Farm. 6.00-7.00 North Tonight. 10.30 Film: Spectre (Robert Culp). 12.30am News, Closedown.

CENTRAL As London except: 1.20 pm News. 1.30-3.30 Film: They Who Dare (Dirk Bogarde). 5.15-5.45 Blockbusters. 6.00-7.00 News. 10.35 Venture. 11.05 Yellow Rose. 12.05 am Contact. 12.25 Closedown.

YORKSHIRE As London except: 1.20 pm News. 1.30 Film: Iron Mistress (Virginia Mayo). 3.30-4.00 Country Practice. 5.15-5.45 Blockbusters. 6.00 Calendar. 6.30-7.00 Calendar Fashion Show. 10.30 Calendar Commentary. 11.00 Prisoner: Cell Block H. 12.00 Closedown.

GRANADA As London except: 1.20 pm Granada Reports. 1.30 We'll Meet Again. 2.30 Scramble! 3.25 News. 3.30-4.00 Protectors. 5.15-5.45 Blockbusters. 6.00 Sons and Daughters. 6.30-7.00 Granada Reports. 10.30 Benson. 11.00 Week Tonight. 11.45 Casablanca. 12.45 am Closedown.

TYNE TEES As London except: 1.20pm News. 1.30 Electric Theatre show. 2.00-2.30 Film: The Man in Black. 5.15-5.45 Blockbusters. 6.00 News. 6.02 Cop and the Kid. 6.30-7.00 Northern Life. 10.32 Briefing. 11.15 Sporting Chance. 11.45 Beverly Hillbillies*. 12.15am Four Footsteps to God. Closedown.

ANGLIA As London except: 1.20pm News. 1.30 Film: Bedtime story (Marlon Brando.) 5.15-5.45 Emmerdale Farm. 6.00 About Anglia. 6.35-7.00 Peterborough Country Music Festival. 10.30 Anglia reports. 11.00 Cambridge folk festival. 11.30 Streets of San Francisco. 12.30am Reflection, closedown.

BORDER As London except: 1.20pm News. 1.30 Champions. 2.30-4.00 Film: Whispering Smith Hits London. 5.15-5.45 Blockbusters 6.00 Lookaround. 6.25 Take the High Road 6.55 7.00 Party Political Broadcast 10.30 Kojak. 11.25 Rockslot. 12.25am Closedown.

CHANNEL As London except: 1.20pm News. 1.30 Bygones. 2.00 Film The Short Cut to Haifa. 3.40-4.00 Serpent River Paddlers 5.15-5.45 Emmerdale Farm 6.00 Channel Report. 6.30-7.00 Gardens for all. 11.55 Closedown.

TSW As London except: 1.20 pm News. 1.30 Bygones. 2.00 Film: Short Cut to Haifa (Peter Ustinov). 3.40-4.00 Serpent River Paddlers. 5.15-5.45 Emmerdale Farm. 6.00 Today South West. 6.30-7.00 Gardens For All. 11.55 Postscript, Closedown.

ULSTER As London except: 1.20pm Lunchtime. 1.30 We'll Meet Again. 2.30 Poseidon Files. 3.30-4.00 Three Little Words. 5.15-5.45 Blockbusters. 6.00 Good Evening Ulster. 6.30-7.00 Lifestyle. 10.30 Spectrum. 11.00 Sweeney. 11.55 Closedown.

SCOTTISH As London except: 1.20pm News. 1.30 Action Line. 1.35 Film: Amorous Prawn* (Joan Greenwood). 3.20 The Shape We Live With. 3.30- 4.00 Sons and Daughters. 5.15-5.45 Emmerdale Farm. 6.00 News and Scotland Today. 6.35 What's Your Problem? 6.35-7.00 Party Political Broadcast. 10.30 Crime Desk. 10.40 Shelley. 11.10 Between the Lines. 11.35 Late Call. 11.40 Mysteries of Edgar Wallace*. 12.40am Closedown.

WHAT THE SYMBOLS MEAN
† Stereo. ★ Black and white. (r) Repeat

Entertainments

Solemnity amid Cenotaph security

By Robin Young

Security at yesterday's Remembrance Day service at the Cenotaph in Whitehall was the tightest that the annual ceremony has ever seen. Even the wreaths that were to be laid were checked for explosives, and everybody who was allowed within a hundred yards of the Queen and other members of the Royal Family was searched first. During the service, armed police on surrounding rooftops scanned the crowds through high-powered binoculars.

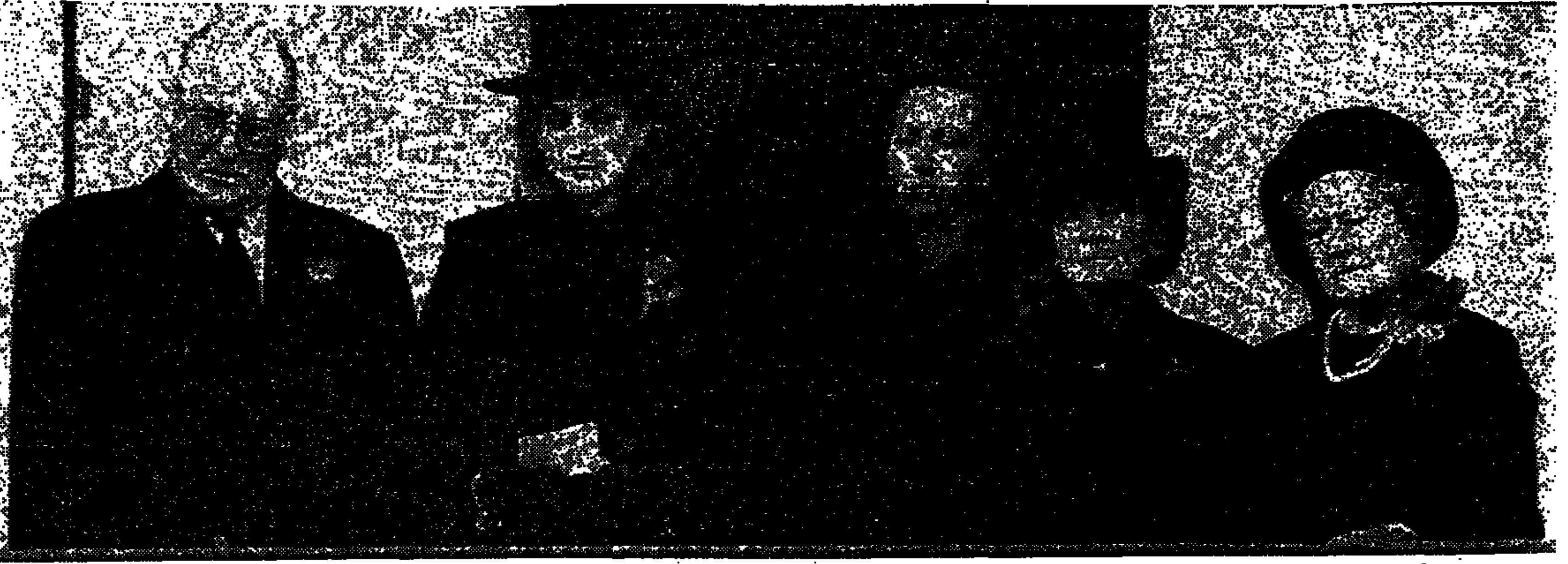
As throughout the weekend, however, with the Lord Mayor's Show and the British Legion's Festival of Remembrance at the Albert Hall on Saturday, security was entrusted exclusively to the Metropolitan Police and Special Branch. Reports that members of the Special Air Service had been deployed to reinforce the Royal Family's bodyguard were denied last night.

There was, despite tense security, a full turnout for the occasion. Crowds began to form three hours before the service, and the pavements were packed as tightly as police would permit from Parliament Square to Horseguards Avenue.

The Queen wa followed in laying her wreath by the Duke of Edinburgh and the Prince of Wales, both in navel uniform, and Prince Michael of Kent who was wearing the uniform of an officer in the Hussars. Queen Elizabeth, the Queen Mother, Princess Anne, the Princess of Wales and King Olaf of Norway watched from the balconies of the old Home Office, with Princess Alexandra and Mr Angus Ogilvy, and the Duke and Duchess of Gloucester.

The laying of the Royal wreaths was followed by those laid by the Prime Minister, and other party leaders. Dr David Owen of the Social Democratic Party, permitted to lay his own wreath for the first time, came fifth, behind Mr James Molyneaux, whose Official Unionists are the fourth biggest party in the Commons.

There were delays while the Royal Family, political leaders, and Commonwealth representatives who had laid wreaths from their countries in order of independence, were ushered back to Horseguards Parade through the old Home Office building.



King Olaf of Norway, the Princess of Wales, Princess Anne, Princess Alice Duchess of Gloucester, and the Queen Mother watching the ceremony



The Queen, right, pauses after laying her wreath, while the Prime Minister and leaders of the other parties prepare to lay theirs. From left, Dr David Owen, Mr James Molyneaux, Mr David Steel, Mr Neil Kinnock and Mrs Margaret Thatcher, watched by Mr Edward Heath and Lord Wilson of Rievaulx, former prime ministers (Photographs: Brian Harris and Julian Herbert).

Letter from Flanders

Disembodied voices urge fight to finish

The morning mist hung heavy as gunsmoke over Flanders field. Ghostly cows loomed up and disappeared beside the motorway. All was unreal but the voice on the car radio.

"Even the wreaths of poppies at the Cenotaph in Whitehall were searched-..."Said the voice from beyond the mist. "...Nicaragua has described this as an unwarrented American intrusion into its air space," it went on. "...The Ministry of Defence has denied reports that the men of HMS Conqueror played tape-recordings of the screams of the crew of the General Belgrano as they burnt to death..."

Inside its cocoon of mist, Ypres was bright and sunny with the great reconstructed cloth hall rearing up into a pale blue sky beside the reconstructed cathedral of St Martin. Across the road at the modern Anglican Memorial Church of St George, the doors were open because the congregation was bursting out into the street.

As they sang "Abide with Me" – the national anthem of the Land of the Dead – Someone whipped off a beret to catch the overflow.

Out in the sunshine waited a detachment of the Devon Fire Brigade. In a café opposite the cathedral, sipping beer, the band of the Ypres Fire Brigade waited for 11 o'clock.

Wiping their lips, they tumbled out into the sunshine, adjusted their plumed caps, and marched down the street to the town's own war memorial. On the stroke of the hour the band crashed into the Belgian national anthem.

Then it was round the corner for a quick "Marseillaise" before the simple plaque in memory of the French dead before the main event of the day – the ceremony at the reconstructed Menin Gate.

The Menin Gate from a distance looks like a triumphal arch, but close to it is a long, deep tunnel. It has to be deep to give space for the 54,896 names carved inside it of the men of the British Army who fell "but to whom the fortunes of war denied the known and honoured burial given to their comrades in death". Over a quarter of a million of them lie in marked graves in the fields around the town.

Siegfried Sassoon was outraged by the gate. "A pile of peace-complacent stone" he called it, covered in "intolerably nameless names".

"Well might the dead who struggled in the slime

Rise and deride this sepulchre of crime."

Smiling Company Sergeant Major Bill Hay, once of the Ninth Royal Scots Highlanders, and now of West Hampstead, knew at first-hand what had angered Sassoon. He will be 90 next January, and though he calls himself a physical wreck, many younger men would be pleased to be as fit and alert.

Bill Hay was in Ypres in April, 1915, when the first-ever German gas attack broke the French colonial troops and the salient nearly gave way. He was there again yesterday in the sunshine remembering it all.

"You can't blame them for running," he said. "When you see a cloud of yellow and green coming at you, and you can't breathe, and your mouth is full of phlegm, you run. They were dying in dozens."

At the start there were no gas masks. The men were told to take off their socks, urinate on them, and breathe through this improvised filter. Bill Hay survived, and escaped down the railway tracks to "Yippee", as he prefers to call Ypres.

After that, he went through most of the battlefields on the Western Front, from Arras, where he was buried up to the neck, to Passchendale and St Quentin, where he was taken prisoner in March 1918.

But at the Menin Gate, Bill Hay still remembers with a strange mixed-up pride those months of senseless death, and yesterday with his medals and Glengarry bonnet, he was himself a tourist attraction.

The gate is a tourist attraction every evening at eight, when a trumpeter from the Ypres Fire Brigade plays the "Last Post". It began as a Belgian tribute shortly after the gate was built but the trumpet call has now become a symbol of freedom to the people of Ypres themselves.

Out past the amusement park near Hill 62, near the Canada chip shop by Sanctuary Wood, the Sun had dried up the morning mist. "... Scargill says he will fight to the finish," said the voice on the radio.

Ian Murray

Austin warns strikers jobs are at risk

Continued from page 1

reduced offer, job losses and plant clousures."

It says that shop stewards who called the strike had not followed the wishes of mass meetings which had recorded majority votes against starting the strike. The unions have rejected a two-year offer worth about 5 per cent each year in terms of new money. They are asking for an extra £22 a week while the company says its offer is worth £22 over two years when consolidation and fringe benefits and counted in.

The letter seeks to retrieve lost ground after the court case when union officials believed the tactic of disowning the strike had revealed a loophole in the Trade Union Act, 1984. Union refusal to call off the strike and hold a ballot could leave the union's funds open to damages claims of up to £250,000.

Six unions, led by the transport and general workers, have refused to comply with the injunctions won last week by the company.

The unions have been uncharacteristically silent on the issue

Lawson offers tax cuts and optimism

Continued from page 1

Commonwealth Office as to how the savings should be apportioned as between aid, overseas representation, the BBC external services and the British Council. But reports that the aid budget was in danger of being cut by £100m or more were dismissed as wild in the extreme, by authoritative sources.

Officials involved in the overseas aid programme seem confident that it would be substantially protected.

Dublin furious over stalling charge

Continued from page 1

cal involvement in the process was "false".

Miss Glenholmes is sought for questioning on a series of Provisional IRA attacks in London 1981. The attacks, including the nailbomb outside the Chelsea Barracks, led to three deaths and many injuries. Detectives would also like to ask her what she knows about the Grand Hotel bombing in Brighton last month.

Scotland Yard confirmed last night that an anti-terrorist squad has asked the Dublin authorities to start proceedings against Miss Glenholmes.

Last night, *The Sunday Times* issued this statement: "*The Sunday Times* has acted responsibly throughout its investigations into both cases. The paper has been conscious of the need not to run stories that could jeopardize police investigations. The editor felt duty bound to publish the story this week end in view of the apparent delays in arresting the two suspects and in view of the fact that the issue of the warrant for Glenholmes had now become fairly widely known."

THE TIMES INFORMATION SERVICE

Today's events

Royal engagements

The Duke of Gloucestershire attends a reception at the Middle Temple, London, to mark the 25th anniversary of the founding of the Central Council of Probation Committees, 6.15.

Exhibitions in progress

Original prints by Molly Bullick, and 20th century Scottish paintings, Scottish Gallery, 94 George Street, **Edinburgh**; Mon to Fri 9.30 to 5.30, Sat 9 to 1; (until Nov 28).

Revitalising Glasgow, People's Palace Museum, Glasgow Green, **Glasgow**; Mon to Sat 10 to 5, Sun 2 to 5; (until Dec 31).

Sculpture by Françoise Lewis, Ginnel Gallery, Lloyds House, 16 Lloyds Street, **Manchester**; Mon to Fri 9 to 5, Thurs 9 to 8; (until Nov 23).

The British Art Show, City Museum and Art Gallery, Chamberlain Square, **Birmingham**; Mon to Sat 10 to 5, Sun 2 to 5; (until Dec 22).

Watercolours by Kenneth Box, Salisbury and South Wiltshire Museum, The King's House, The Close, **Salisbury**; Mon to Sat 10 to 4, (until Nov 24).

Folk art of Romania, Herbert Art Gallery and Museum, Jordan Well, **Coventry**; Mon to Sat 10 to 5.30, Sun 2 to 5; (until Dec 2).

Music

Concert by Royal Philharmonic Orchestra, Town Hall, Albert Road, **Middlesbrough**, 7.45.

Recital by Caryl Kelly (soprano) and Eleanor Mathews (piano), University Church of St Mary the Virgin, High Street, **Oxford**, 1.15.

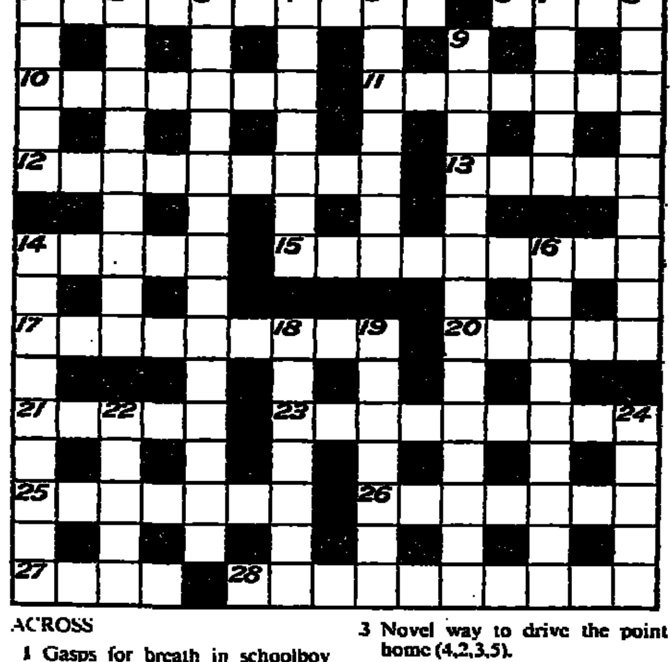
Recital by Paul Trotter (tenor), James Woodrow (guitar) and Simon Smith (piano), St Ann's Church, St Ann's Square, **Manchester**, 1.

Concert by Bournemouth Sinfonietta, The Hexagon, **Reading**, 7.30.

Talks, lectures

Mammals: Bats in Belfries and Other Places, by I. T. Bunyan, Royal Scottish Museum, Chambers Street, **Edinburgh**, 2.

The Times Crossword Puzzle No 16,583



ACROSS

1 Gasps for breath in schoolboy togs (5,5).
6 Competent as third man, say (4).
10 Mountain god, holy in India (7).
11 To have a row about a decoration is offensive (7).
12 One who is unprincipled about testamentary proof (9).
13 Construct perpendicular (5).
14 Long leg gets the bird (5).
15 Kind of real gun to get one a pain in the head (9).
17 Go in first over, with no fixed boundary (4-5).
20 A form of jelly (5).
21 Ape caught on double motorway (5).
23 Decorate the bride more creatively (9).
25 Stout Cortez out of position at a slack time? (3-4).
26 The sun was Icarus's (7).
27 Heard rhyme about this prince (4).
28 In such an unsecured state the Crown can't afford gambling (10).

DOWN

1 Straighten robes, like a judge (5).
2 Ring the phone, perhaps, on French island for the wine man (9).
3 Novel way to drive the point home (4,2,3,5).
4 Don't do anything to the tar mark (7).
5 Heavy weight on a posh car's back seats (7).
7 Snapped railway trains satisfactorily, *first in Euston* (5).
8 Tate venue's poor turn out (9).
9 Flight time of Milton's angels a surprise, but soon over (4,4,6).
14 Is hauled up for a warning when things start getting rough (9).
16 Old man who puts the bells in order (9).
18 Does the family make gloves? Yes (7).
19 Girl expresses annoyance, having to come into the open (7).
22 The civil habits of Jerusalem, maybe (5).
24 Storms that put an end to the sale of peerages (5).

The Solution of Saturday's Prize Puzzle No 16,582 will appear next Saturday

CONCISE CROSSWORD PAGE 10

Anniversaries

Births: **Richard Baxter**, Puritan minister, Rowton, Shropshire, 1615; **John William Strutt, 3rd Baron Rayleigh**, physicist, Nobel laureate 1904, Maldon Essex, 1842; **Sun Yat-sen**, 1st president of the Republic of China, Hsiang-shan, Kwangtung Province, 1866.

Deaths: **Canute II**, King of England 1016-35, of Denmark 1019-35, of Norway 1028-35, Shaftesbury, Dorset, 1035; **Elizabeth Gaskell**, Alton, Hampshire, 1865.

Parliament today

Commons (2.30): Continuation of debate on Queen's Speech. Topic: Industry and employment. Chancellor's Autumn statement.

Roads

Midlands and East Anglia: M6: Lane closures between junctions 3 (Bedworth) and 4 (M42) in Warwickshire. M5: Lane restrictions between junctions 4 (Birmingham SW, Bromsgrove) and 5 (Droitwich); also southbound carriageway closed overnight during week. A1: Northbound lane closures at junction 14 (Alconbury flyover, Cambridgeshire).

North: A1(M): Lane closures between Aycliffe and Bradbury, Co Durham. M6: Contraflow between junctions 17 and 18 (Sandbach to Middlewitch, Cheshire). A533: Temporary lights at Davenham, Cheshire.

Wales and West: A38: Lane closures on approach to Marsh Mills roundabout; also at Lee Mill, Devon. A30: Westbound lane closures on Honiton to Launceston road at Alphington and Woodleigh junction; road works also at Sticklepath, and at Lifton, Devon. M4: Contraflow at junction 24 (A48 exit), 7 am to 7 pm.

Scotland: M8: Southbound lane closures on link to M73 at Baillieston, Strathclyde. M85/M90: Lane closures between junctions 1 (M85) and junction 4 (M90), Tayside. A82: Dingle lane traffic with lights S of Fort William.

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Nature notes

Small parties of yellowhammers gather in the fieldside hedges as winter comes on: they have a soft, continuous call like a trickling water-tap. The last few swallows and house-martins are leaving for Africa. Wild duck are arriving in Britain in large numbers, often from as far away as Russia: wigeon and teal spread throughout the country, pintail stay more on the coasts.

Wind and rain have set the leaves flying; after the yellows of October, it has been a rather dingier autumn than last year. The orange beech-trees are the finest spectacle; oaks always turn rather patchily, but examined individually the leaves are seen to have fine marbled patterns of green, brown and black. Scarlet leaves cling to the rowans. There are many plump blue sloes in the hedges – peeled, they resemble a green grape. Dandelions are still common; the low, white flower-heads of yarrow look like a scattering of gull's feathers in the grass.

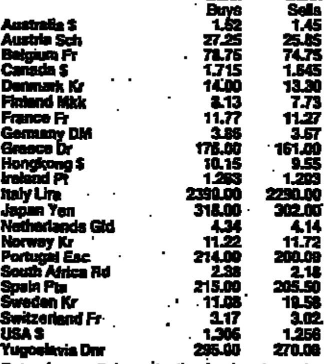
Pipistrelles come out just after sunset and feed round houses for much of the night; they will not hibernate until it is much colder. The large noctule bats emerge at almost the same time, and fly steadily across the horizon.

DJM

Bond winners

Winning numbers in the weekly draw for Premium Bond prizes are: £100,000: 7XZ 057034 (the winner lives in Mid-Glamorgan); £50,000: 17AZ 612222 (Essex); £25,000: 16TW 036166 (West Sussex).

The pound



	Bank Buys	Bank Sells
Australia $	1.52	1.45
Austria Sch	27.25	25.85
Belgium Fr	78.75	74.75
Canada $	1.715	1.645
Denmark Kr	14.00	13.30
Finland Mkk	8.13	7.73
France Fr	11.77	11.27
Germany DM	3.86	3.57
Greece Dr	176.00	161.00
Hongkong $	10.15	9.55
Ireland Pt	1.283	1.203
Italy Lira	2390.00	2290.00
Japan Yen	318.00	302.00
Netherlands Gld	4.34	4.14
Norway Kr	11.22	11.72
Portugal Esc	214.00	200.09
South Africa Rd	2.38	2.18
Spain Pta	215.00	205.50
Sweden Kr	11.08	10.58
Switzerland Fr	3.17	3.02
USA $	1.306	1.256
Yugoslavia Dnr	295.00	270.08

Rates for small denomination bank notes only, as supplied by Barclays Bank International Ltd. Retail Price Index: 355.5.

London: The Ft Index closed up 7.1 on Friday at 900.1.

New York: The Dow Jones Industrial average closed down 9.72 on Friday at 1218.97.

The papers

The Chancellor's tax cuts must help the unemployed said The Sunday Times: "he must now devote whatever spare resources he has to the lower end of the income scale, concentrating his tax cuts to hit the poverty trap, and to encourage employment.

According to the Sunday Telegraph it may soon be possible to speak of the miners' strike crumbling; it claims that "almost everyone – except Mr Scargill and his kind – has had more than enough".

It's plain daft to stay out, The Sun tells the striking miners. "Don't hold back any more – turn last week's surge back to work into a torrent."

Portfolio

Times Portfolio rules are as follows:

1 Times Portfolio is free. Purchase of The Times is not a condition of taking part.

2 Times Portfolio list comprises a group of public companies whose shares are listed on The Stock Exchange and quoted in The Times Stock Exchange prices page. The companies comprising that list will change from day to day. The list is divided into four groups of ten shares (1-10, 11-20, 21-30 and 31-40) and every Portfolio card contains two numbers from each group.

[illegible]

published in The Times Portfolio list which will appear on the Stock Exchange Prices page.

In the columns provided next to your shares note the price change (+ or −), in pence, as published in that day's Times.

After listing the price changes of your eight shares for that day, add up all eight share changes to give you your overall total plus or minus (+ or −).

Check your overall total against The Times Portfolio dividend published on the Stock Exchange Prices page.

[illegible]

Weather forecast

A deep depression will become slow-moving W of Scotland; a trough of low pressure over Scotland and England will move E to clear England by midnight.

6 am to midnight

London, SE England, East Anglia, Channel Islands: Rather cloudy, rain at times; wind SW, moderate or fresh; max temp 10 to 12C (50 to 54F).

Central S, E, SW England, E Midlands: Rain at times, clearer later; wind SW, moderate, locally fresh; max temp 10 to 12C (50 to 54F).

W Midlands, Wales, NW, central N, NE England, Lake District: Rain at first the sunny intervals and scattered showers; SW, fresh, locally strong; max temp 9 to 11C (48 to 52F).

Isle of Man, SW, NW Scotland, Glasgow, Argyll, Northern Ireland: Sunny intervals and showers, heavy in places; wind S, strong, locally gale force; max temp 8 to 10C (46 to 50F).

Borders, Edinburgh, Dundee, Aberdeen, central Highlands, Moray Firth, NE Scotland, Orkney, Shetland: Rain at first then sunny intervals and scattered showers; wind S, strong; max temp 8 to 10C (46 to 50F).

Outlook for tomorrow and Wednesday: Changable; near normal temperatures.

SEA PASSAGES: S North Sea: Wind S, fresh or strong; sea moderate or rough. **English Channel (E):** Wind S or SW, moderate or fresh, becoming W, moderate; sea moderate, becoming slight. **St George's Channel, Irish Sea:** Wind S or SW, moderate or fresh; sea moderate.

Sun rises: 7.14 am Sun sets: 4.15 pm

Moon sets: 11.22 am Moon rises: 6.28 pm

Last Quarter: November 16.

Lighting-up time

London 4.45 pm to 6.45 am
Bristol 4.55 pm to 6.55 am
Edinburgh 4.40 pm to 7.15 am
Manchester 4.46 pm to 7.01 am
Penzance 5.11 pm to 7.02 am

Yesterday

Temperatures at midday yesterday: c, cloudy; f, fair; fg, fog; r, rain.

		C	F			C	F
Belfast	r	10	50	Guernsey	c	12	54
B'mingham	c	10	50	Inverness	-		
Blackpool	c	10	50	Jersey	fg	11	52
Bristol	c	12	54	London	f	13	55
Cardiff	c	11	52	Manchester	c	10	50
Edinburgh	f	10	50	Newcastle	c	7	45
Glasgow	c	11	52	Ronaldsway			

London

Yesterday: Temp: max 6 am to 6 pm, 15C (59F); min 6 pm to 6 am, 9C (48F). Humidity: 6 pm, 87 per cent. Rain: 24hr to 6 pm, nil. Sun: 24hr to 6 pm, 0.3hr. Bar, mean sea level, 6 pm, 1,011.4 millibars, falling.

Saturday: Temp: max 6 am to 6 pm, 16C (61F); min 6 pm to 6 am, 12C (54F). Humidity: 6 pm, 65 per cent. Rain: 24hr to 6 pm, 0.06in. Sun: 24hr to 6 pm, 6.8hr. Bar, mean sea level, 6 pm, 1,016.2 millibars rising.

1,000 millibars = 29.53.

Highest and lowest

Yesterday: Highest day temp: London Weather Centre, Herstmonceux, 15C (59F); lowest day max: Eskdalemuir, St Abbs Head, 9C (48F); highest rainfall: Benbecula, 0.38in; highest sunshine: Folkestone, 4.1hr.

Saturday: Highest day temp: London Weather Centre, 16C (61F); lowest day max: Carrigans, 9C (48F); highest rainfall: Dendrennan, 1.18in; *highest sunshine: Bournemouth, Isles of Scilly,* 8.0hr.

NOON TODAY Pressure is shown in millibars FRONTS Warm Cold Occluded (Symbols are on advancing edge)

NOON TODAY

b–blue sky; bc–blue sky and cloud; c–cloudy; o–overcast; f–fog; d–drizzle; h–hail; m–mist; r–rain; s–snow; th–thunderstorm; p–showers. Arrows show wind direction, wind speed (mph) circled, temperatures fahrenheit.

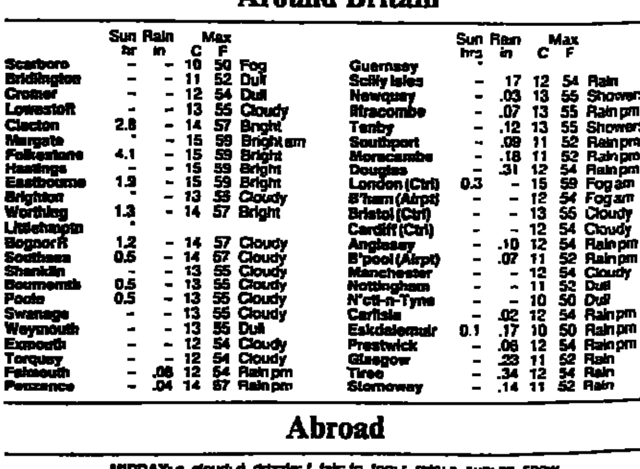
High tides

TODAY

	AM	HT	PM	HT
London Bridge	3.32	6.9	3.48	6.9
Aberdeen	2.56	4.0	3.11	4.0
Avonmouth	8.54	12.2	9.15	11.8
Belfast	12.9	3.2	12.56	3.3
Cardiff	8.39	11.3	9.0	10.9
Devonport	7.24	5.3	7.37	5.0
Dover	12.27	6.4	12.32	6.3
Falmouth	6.54	5.1	7.07	4.8
Glasgow	2.31	4.7	2.36	5.0
Harwich	1.20	3.9	1.43	4.0
Holyhead	-	-	12.04	5.3
Hull	8.05	6.9	8.15	6.7
Ilfracombe	7.34	8.7	7.57	8.4
Leith	4.13	5.3	4.40	5.1
Liverpool	12.43	8.9	12.57	8.9
Lowestoft	11.19	2.4	11.32	2.4
Margate	1.31	4.7	1.48	4.7
Milford Haven	7.54	6.6	8.15	6.4
Newquay	6.45	6.5	7.06	6.4
Oban	7.09	3.9	7.37	3.7
Penzance	6.25	5.4	6.38	5.1
Portland	8.32	2.1	9.01	1.9
Portsmouth	1.04	4.3	1.16	4.4
Shoreham	12.36	5.9	12.49	5.8
Southampton	12.26	4.4	12.38	4.4
Swansea	7.57	9.0	8.18	8.8
Tees	5.19	5.1	5.34	5.2
Walton-on-Naze	1.16	4.1	1.33	4.1

Tide measurement in metres: 1m=3.2808ft.

Around Britain



	Sun hr	Rain in	Max C	Max F	
Scarboro	-	-	10	50	Fog
Bridlington	-	-	11	52	Dull
Cromer	-	-	12	54	Dull
Lowestoft	-	-	13	55	Cloudy
Clacton	2.8	-	14	57	Bright
Margate	·	-	15	59	Bright am
Folkestone	4.1	-	15	59	Bright
Hastings	-	-	15	59	Bright
Eastbourne	1.9	-	15	59	Bright
Brighton	·	-	13	55	Cloudy
Worthing	1.3	-	14	57	Bright
Littlehmptn	·				
Bognor R	1.2	-	14	57	Cloudy
Southsea	0.5	-	14	57	Cloudy
Shanklin	-	-	13	55	Cloudy
Bournemth	0.5	-	13	55	Cloudy
Poole	0.5	-	13	55	Cloudy
Swanage	-	-	13	55	Cloudy
Weymouth	-	-	13	55	Dull
Exmouth	-	-	12	54	Cloudy
Torquay	-	-	12	54	Cloudy
Falmouth	-	.08	12	54	Rain pm
Penzance	-	.04	14	57	Rain pm

	Sun hrs	Rain in	Max C	Max F	
Guernsey					
Scilly Isles	-	.17	12	54	Rain
Newquay	-	.03	13	55	Showers
Ilfracombe	-	.07	13	55	Rain pm
Tenby	-	.12	13	55	Showers
Southport	-	.09	11	52	Rain pm
Morecambe	-	.18	11	52	Rain pm
Douglas	-	.31	12	54	Rain pm
London (Ctrl)	0.3	-	15	59	Fog am
B'ham (Airpt)	-	-	12	54	Fog am
Bristol (Ctrl)	-	-	13	55	Cloudy
Cardiff (Ctrl)	-	-	12	54	Cloudy
Anglesey	-	.10	12	54	Rain pm
B'pool (Airpt)	-	.07	11	52	Rain pm
Manchester	-	-	12	54	Cloudy
Nottingham	-	-	11	52	Dull
N'ctl-n-Tyne	-	-	10	50	Dull
Carlisle	-	.02	12	54	Rain pm
Eskdalemuir	0.1	.17	10	50	Rain pm
Prestwick	-	.06	12	54	Rain pm
Glasgow	-	.23	11	52	Rain
Tiree	-	.34	12	54	Rain
Stornoway	-	.14	11	52	Rain

Abroad

MIDDAY: c, cloud; d, drizzle; f, fair; fg, fog; r, rain; s, sun; sn, snow.

		C	F
Ajaccio	s	26	79
Akrotiri	s	21	70
Alexandria	c	24	75
Algiers	f	18	64
Amsterdam	f	12	54
Athens	s	21	70
Bahrain	s	30	68
Barbados			
Barcelona	c	19	66
Beirut	s	22	72
Belgrade	s	9	48
Berlin	f	6	43
Bermuda			
Biarritz	f	17	63
Boulogne	s	15	59
Bordeaux	s	18	64
Brussels	s	16	61
Budapest	s	9	48
Buen Aires			
Cairo	c	24	75
Cape Tn	s	23	73
C'blanca	c	19	66
Chicago			
Ch'church*	f	20	68

		C	F
Cologne	s	13	55
Copenhgn	r	6	43
Corfu	s	21	70
Dublin	r	11	52
Dubrovnik	s	18	64
Faro	s	18	64
Florence	s	16	61
Frankfurt	s	11	52
Funchal	f	21	70
Geneva	s	12	54
Gibraltar	c	16	61
Helsinki	c	-3	27
Hongkong	s	27	81
Innsbruck			
Istanbul	r	12	54
Jiddah	s	31	88
Jo'burg			
Karachi	s	31	88
Las Palmas	f	20	68
Lisbon	s	16	61
Locarno	s	13	55
L Angeles			
Luxembg	s	11	52
Madrid	s	17	63

		C	F
Majorca	r	16	61
Malaga	f	18	64
Malta			
Melbourne	c	18	64
Mexico C			
Miami			
Milan	fg	9	48
Montreal			
Moscow	r	-8	18
Munich	f	8	46
Nairobi			
Naples	s	19	66
New Delhi	s	24	75
New York			
Nice	s	21	70
Oslo	r	3	37
Paris	s	16	61
Peking	s	12	54
Perth	s	27	81
Prague	c	7	45
Reykjavik	s	-1	30
Rhodes	s	21	70
Riyadh	c	30	86
Rio de Jan	d	22	72

		C	F
Rome	s	20	68
Salzburg	c	7	45
Sao Paulo			
S Francisco			
Santiago			
Seoul			
Singapore			
Stockholm			
Strasbourg			
Sydney	s	27	81
Tangier	c	17	63
Tel Aviv			
Tenerife	f	21	70
Tokyo	c	16	61
Toronto			
Tunis	c	20	68
Valencia	r	18	64
Vancouver			
Venice	c	13	55
Vienna	f	8	46
Warsaw	c	2	36
Washington			
Wellington*	s	16	61
Zurich	c	6	43